



Report on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2012-2014

The format for reports on the implementation of the Agreement on the Conservation of African-Eurasian Migratory Waterbirds (AEWA) for the period 2012-2014 was approved at the 9th meeting of the Standing Committee (18-19 September 2013, Trondheim, Norway) by Doc StC 9.11. This format has been constructed following the AEWA Action Plan, the AEWA Strategic Plan 2009-2017 and resolutions of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP).

In accordance with Article V.1(c) of the Agreement on the Conservation of African-Eurasian Migratory Waterbirds, each Party shall prepare to each ordinary session of the MOP a National Report on its implementation of the Agreement and submit that report to the Agreement Secretariat not later than 120 days before the session of the MOP. The 6th Session of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP6) is taking place on 9-14 November 2015 in Bonn, Germany; therefore the deadline for submission of National Reports is 12 May 2015.

The AEWA National Reports 2012-2014 will be compiled and submitted through the CMS Family Online Reporting Facility, which is an online reporting tool for the whole CMS Family. The CMS Family Online Reporting System was developed in 2010-2011 by the UNEP-World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) in close collaboration with and under the guidance of the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat.

To contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat please send your inquiries to aewa_national_reporting@unep.de

1. General Information

Name of reporting Contracting Party

> Cyprus

Date of entry into force of AEWA in the Contracting Party > 01.09.2008

List any reservations that the Contracting Party has made (if any) upon deposition of its instruments of accession on provisions of the Agreement or its Action Plan in accordance with Article XV of AEWA

> None

2. Institutional Information

Please update information on the National AEWA Administrative Authority, the National Focal Points, the Designated National Respondent and the other contributors to this report.

Designated National AEWA Administrative Authority

Full name of the institution > Department of Environment, MANRE

Name and title of the head of institution > Costas Hadjipanagiotou

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Website > www.moa.gov.cy/environment

Designated National Focal Point (NFP) for AEWA matters

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Designated National Focal Point for AEWA Technical Committee (TC NFP) matters

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Designated National Respondent (DNR) in charge of the compilation and submission of the AEWA National Report 2012-2014

Please select from the list below as appropriate. ☑ Another person has been designated as the National Respondent

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Other contributors to the AEWA National Report 2012-2014

Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this report

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> BirdLife Cyprus (BirdLife International partner)

Status 3. Non-native Waterbird Species Status

Are there non-native waterbird species occurring in your country?

If you respond **negatively** to this question, please skip this chapter and proceed to chapter 4. Species Conservation. If you respond **positively** to this question, please select from the drop-down list below only the **non-native** species that occur in your country and fill out the required information.

AEWA Species - Tachybaptus ruficollis / Little Grebe

English Common name(s): Little Grebe French Common name(s): Grébe castagneux, Grèbe castagneux



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Podiceps cristatus / Great Crested Grebe

English Common name(s): Great Crested Grebe French Common name(s): Grèbe huppé



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Podiceps nigricollis / Black-necked Grebe

English Common name(s): Black-necked Grebe, Eared Grebe French Common name(s): Grèbe à cou noir



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Pelecanus onocrotalus / Great White Pelican

English Common name(s): Great White Pelican, White Pelican French Common name(s): Pélican blanc



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Ardea cinerea / Grey Heron

English Common name(s): Grey Heron French Common name(s): Héron cendré



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Ardea purpurea / Purple Heron

English Common name(s): Purple Heron French Common name(s): Héron pourpre, Héron pourpré



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Plegadis falcinellus / Glossy Ibis

English Common name(s): Glossy Ibis French Common name(s): Ibis falcinelle



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Phoenicopterus roseus / Greater Flamingo

English Common name(s): Greater Flamingo French Common name(s): Flamant rose



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Oxyura leucocephala / White-headed Duck

English Common name(s): White-headed Duck French Common name(s): Érismature à tête blanche



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Anser albifrons / Greater White-fronted Goose

English Common name(s): Greater White-fronted Goose, White-fronted Goose French Common name(s): Oie rieuse



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Tadorna ferruginea / Ruddy Shelduck

English Common name(s): Ruddy Shelduck French Common name(s): Tadorne casarca



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Tadorna tadorna / Common Shelduck

English Common name(s): Common Shelduck, Shelduck French Common name(s): Tadorne de Belon



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Anas penelope / Eurasian Wigeon

English Common name(s): Eurasian Wigeon, Wigeon French Common name(s): Canard siffleur



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Anas platyrhynchos / Mallard

English Common name(s): Common Mallard, Mallard French Common name(s): Canard colvert



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Anas querquedula / Garganey

English Common name(s): Garganey, Garganey Teal French Common name(s): Sarcelle d'été



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Aythya nyroca / Ferruginous Duck

English Common name(s): Ferruginous Duck, Ferruginous Pochard, White-eyed Pochard French Common name(s): Fuligule nyroca



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Grus virgo / Demoiselle Crane

English Common name(s): Demoiselle Crane French Common name(s): Grue demoiselle



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Grus grus / Common Crane

English Common name(s): Common Crane, Crane French Common name(s): Grue cendrée



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Gallinula chloropus / Common Moorhen

English Common name(s): Common Moorhen, Moorhen French Common name(s): Gallinule poule-d'eau, Poule d'eau



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Fulica atra / Common Coot

English Common name(s): Common Coot, Coot, Eurasian Coot French Common name(s): Foulque macroule



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Himantopus himantopus / Black-winged Stilt

English Common name(s): Black-winged Stilt French Common name(s): Echasse blanche, Échasse blanche



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Recurvirostra avosetta / Pied Avocet

English Common name(s): Avocet, Pied Avocet French Common name(s): Avocette élégante



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Pluvialis apricaria / Eurasian Golden Plover

English Common name(s): Eurasian Golden-Plover, European Golden-Plover, Golden Plover French Common name(s): Pluvier doré



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Pluvialis squatarola / Grey Plover

English Common name(s): Black-bellied Plover, Grey Plover French Common name(s): Pluvier argenté



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Charadrius hiaticula / Common Ringed Plover

English Common name(s): Common Ringed Plover, Ringed Plover French Common name(s): Grand Gravelot, Grande Gravelot, Pluvier grand-gravelot



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Charadrius dubius / Little Ringed Plover

English Common name(s): Little Ringed Plover French Common name(s): Petit Gravelot, Pluvier petit-gravelot



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Charadrius alexandrinus / Kentish Plover

English Common name(s): Kentish Plover, Snowy Plover French Common name(s): Gravelot à collier interrompu, Pluvier à collier interrompu



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Vanellus spinosus / Spur-winged Lapwing

English Common name(s): Spur-winged Lapwing, Spur-winged Plover French Common name(s): Vanneau à éperons



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Scolopax rusticola / Eurasian Woodcock

English Common name(s): Eurasian Woodcock French Common name(s): Bécasse des bois



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Lymnocryptes minimus / Jack Snipe

English Common name(s): Jack Snipe French Common name(s): Bécassine sourde



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Numenius tenuirostris / Slender-billed Curlew

English Common name(s): Slender-billed Curlew French Common name(s): Courlis à bec grêle



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Numenius arquata / Eurasian Curlew

English Common name(s): Curlew, Eurasian Curlew French Common name(s): Courlis cendré



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Tringa nebularia / Common Greenshank

English Common name(s): Common Greenshank, Greenshank French Common name(s): Chevalier aboyeur



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Tringa ochropus / Green Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Green Sandpiper French Common name(s): Chevalier culblanc, Chevalier cul-blanc



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Arenaria interpres / Ruddy Turnstone

English Common name(s): Ruddy Turnstone, Turnstone French Common name(s): Tournepierre à collier



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Calidris minuta / Little Stint

English Common name(s): Little Stint French Common name(s): Bécasseau minute



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Calidris temmincki / Temminck's Stint

English Common name(s): Temminck's Stint French Common name(s): Bécasseau de Temminck



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Calidris alpina / Dunlin

English Common name(s): Dunlin French Common name(s): Bécasseau variable



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Philomachus pugnax / Ruff

English Common name(s): Ruff French Common name(s): Chevalier combattant, Combattant varié



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Larus audouinii / Audouin's Gull

English Common name(s): Audouin's Gull French Common name(s): Goéland d'Audouin



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Larus armenicus / Armenian Gull

English Common name(s): Armenian Gull French Common name(s): Goéland d'Arménie



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Larus cachinnans / Yellow-legged Gull

English Common name(s): Caspian Gull, Yellow-legged Gull French Common name(s): Goéland leucophée



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Larus fuscus / Lesser Black-backed Gull

English Common name(s): Lesser Black-backed Gull French Common name(s): Goéland brun



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Larus genei / Slender-billed Gull

English Common name(s): Slender-billed Gull French Common name(s): Goéland railleur



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Larus minutus / Little Gull

English Common name(s): Little Gull French Common name(s): Mouette pygmée



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Sterna sandvicensis / Sandwich Tern

English Common name(s): Sandwich Tern French Common name(s): Sterne caugek



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Sterna hirundo / Common Tern

English Common name(s): Common Tern French Common name(s): Sterne pierregarin



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Sterna albifrons / Little Tern

English Common name(s): Little Tern French Common name(s): Sterne naine



Confirmation of species occurrence

AEWA Species - Chlidonias hybridus / Whiskered Tern

English Common name(s): Whiskered Tern French Common name(s): Guifette moustac



Confirmation of species occurrence

Pressures and Responses 4. Species Conservation

4.1 Legal Measures

1. Please indicate which modes of taking are prohibited in your country (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.1.2(b))

Please select from the list below.

☑ Snares

🗹 Limes

Hooks

- $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Live birds which are blind or mutilated used as decoys
- $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Tape recorders and other electronic devices
- Electrocuting devices
- $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$ Artificial light sources
- ☑ Mirrors and other dazzling devices
- Devices for illuminating targets
- ☑ Sighting devices for night shooting comprising an electronic image magnifier or image converter
- Explosives
- I Nets
- 🗹 Traps
- ☑ Poison
- \square Poisoned or anesthetic baits

Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition

 \square Hunting from aircraft, motor vehicles, or boats driven at a speed exceeding 5 km p/h (18 km p/h on the open sea) \square Other non-selective modes of taking

Please provide further details, including the relevant legislation > Law 152(1) 2003 for the Protection and Conservation of Game & Camp; Wild Birds

2. Has your country granted exemptions from any of the above prohibitions in order to accommodate

livelihoods uses? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.1.2(b)) ☑ No

3. Were any exemptions granted to the prohibitions laid down in paragraphs 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.1.3) value No

4.2 Single Species Action Plans

4. Please report on the progress of turning the International Single Species Action Plans (ISSAP), for species whose populations are listed on Column A of Table 1, developed under or recognised by AEWA, into National Single Species Action Plans (NSSAP). (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.2)

Please report on each relevant ISSAP for Cyprus

National Single Species Action Plan for Crex crex

(Corncrake) ☑ No NSSAP

National Single Species Action Plan for Gallinago media

(Great Snipe) ☑ No NSSAP

National Single Species Action Plan for Aythya nyroca

(Ferruginous Duck) ☑ No NSSAP

National Single Species Action Plan for Platalea leucorodia (Eurasian Spoonbill) National Single Species Action Plan for Glareola nordmanni

(Black-winged Pratincole) ☑ No NSSAP

5. Does your country have in place or is your country developing a National Single Species Action Plan for any species/population for which an AEWA ISSAP has not been developed? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.2.2)

6. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines for the preparation of National Single Species Action Plans for migratory waterbirds?

🗹 No

4.3 Emergency Measures

7. Please report on any emergency situation that has occurred in your country over the past triennium and has threatened waterbirds. (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.3)

Please indicate whether an emergency situation threatening waterbirds, such as botulism, chemical pollution, earthquacke, extreme weather, fire, harmful algal bloom, infectious disease, introduction of alien species, lead poisoning, nuclear accident, oil spill, predation, volcanic activity, war or other emergency (please specify), has occured in the country over the past triennium.

 $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Emergency situation has occurred

Please provide information on each emergency situation which occured

Lead poisoning

Indicate when the emergency situation took place > winter 2009-10, winter 2010-2011

Indicate where the emergency situation took place (including geographical coordinates) > Larnaca saltlake

Have emergency measures been implemented? $\ensuremath{\square}$ Yes

Please provide details > Birds were prevented from using a specific area by placing bird scarers

8. Are there any other emergency measures, different from the ones reported above, but were developed and are in place in your country?

9. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines on identifying and tackling emergency situations for migratory waterbirds?

4.4 Re-establishments

10. Is your country maintaining a national register of re-establishment projects occurring or planned to occur wholly or partly within your country? (Resolution 4.4) \square No

11. Is there a regulatory framework for re-establishments of species, including waterbirds, in your country (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.4)? ☑ No

12. Has your country considered, developed or implemented re-establishment projects for any species listed on AEWA Table 1? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.4) value No

13. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines on the translocation of waterbirds for

4.5 Introductions

14. Does your country have legislation in place, which prohibits the introduction into the environment of non-native species of animals and plants which may be detrimental to migratory waterbirds? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.5.1)

☑ Yes, and being enforced

Please provide the following details: title of legislation, year of adoption, institution that adopted it, institution that enforces it

> Law 152.1 of 2003. Ministry of the Interior (Game & amp; WIIdlife Service)

15. Does your country impose legislative requirements on zoos, private collections, etc. in order to avoid the accidental escape of captive animals belonging to non-native species which may be detrimental to migratory waterbirds? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.5.2) \square Yes, and being enforced

16. Does your country have in place a National Action Plan for Invasive Species (NAPIS) (in the framework of other MEAs, such as CBD, Bern Convention, and GISP (Global Invasive Species Programme) (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 1, Target 5)? ☑ No

17. Has your country considered, developed or implemented programmes to control or eradicate non-native species of waterbird so as to prevent negative impacts on indigenous species? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.5.3) ☑ Not applicable

18. Has your country considered, developed or implemented programmes to control or eradicate other non-native species (in particular aquatic weeds) so as to prevent negative impacts on migratory waterbirds? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.5.3 and Resolution 5.15) ☑ Yes

Please list the species for which relevant action has been undertaken > Phragmites have been eradicated in specific NATURA 2000 sites in order to reclaim habitat for breeding waterbirds such as Vanellus spinosus and Himantopus himantopus

19. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines on avoidance of introductions of non-native waterbird species?

☑ No

Pressures and Responses 5. Habitat Conservation

5.1 Habitat Inventories

20. Has your country identified the network of all sites of international and national importance for the migratory waterbird species/populations listed on Table 1? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 3.1.2)

🗹 Yes

21. If your country has identified or is currently identifying the networks of sites of international and national importance, have you used the AEWA Guidelines on the preparation of site inventories for migratory waterbirds?

5.2. Conservation of Areas

23. Which sites that were identified as important, either internationally or nationally, for Table 1 migratory waterbird species/populations have been designated as protected areas under the national legislation and have management plans that are being implemented, including with the aim to increase resilience to the effects of climate change? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 3.2.1, AEWA Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 1, Target 1.2)

Please report separately on internationally important sites, nationally important sites and buffer zones. Reporting on designation and management of internationally important sites

Pressures and Responses 6. Management of Human Activities

6.1. Hunting

28. Does your country have an established system for the collection of harvest data, which covers the species listed in Table 1? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.1.3) ☑ Yes

Does it cover the following? (tick where applicable and provide details) ☑ All AEWA species occurring in your country ☑ The whole territory of your country ☑ Only part of the territory of your country

> Cyprus goverment does not exercise control on the Turkish-occupied northern part of the island ☑ All harvesting activities

29. Has your country phased out the use of lead shot for hunting in wetlands? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.1.4)

☑ Fully

When was the lead shot use in wetlands banned? What legislation is in place? Who does enforce this legislation?

> In 2003. Law 152(1) of 2003 On the protection and conservation of game and wild birds. The Game &fauna service (of the Ministry of Interior) enforces wildlife legislation

30. Are there measures in your country to reduce/eliminate illegal taking? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.1.6)

☑ Yes

How would you rate the effectiveness of the measures? ☑ Moderate

32. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines on sustainable harvest of migratory birds? ⊠ No

Please explain the reasons. What other guidance has been used instead? > Birds Directive, EU legislation

6.2. Other human activities

34. Does your country have legislation in place, which provides for Strategic Environmental Assessment/Environmental Impact Assessment (SEA/EIA) of activities potentially negatively affecting natural habitats or wildlife? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.3.1)

 \square Yes and being implemented

Do the SEA/EIA processes consider waterbirds and habitats on which they depend? ☑ Yes

Do the SEA/EIA processes include public participation? ☑ Yes

35. In the last three years, has your country used SEA/EIA for all relevant projects, including energy sector projects such as renewable energy developments and power lines installation, to assess the impact of proposed projects on migratory waterbird species listed on Table 1 and/or habitats/sites on which they depend? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.3.1, Resolution 5.11 and Resolution 5.16)

☑ Yes, all proposed projects

40. Is by-catch of waterbirds in fishing gear taking place in your country? (Resolution 3.8) ☑ No Information

41. Has your country undertaken steps towards the adoption/application of measures to reduce the incidental catch of seabirds and combat Illegal Unregulated and Unreported (IUU) fishing practices in the Agreement area? (Resolution 3.8)

☑ Not applicable

Pressures and Responses 7. Research and Monitoring

43. Does your country have waterbird monitoring schemes for the AEWA species in place? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 3.2)

☑ Yes

Covering the breeding period

☑ Fully

Please provide details

> Breeding surveys in major wetlands are carried out especially targeted for breeding species such as Kentish Plover, Spu-winged Lapwing, Black-winged stilt, Feruginous duck. Wetlands that are of particular importance for these breeding species are areas within the NATURA 2000 network.

Covering the passage/migration period

☑ Partially

Please provide details

> Monthly waterbird counts are carried out in all major wetlands systematically

Covering the non-breeding/wintering period

☑ Fully

45. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines for a waterbird monitoring protocol? I Yes

47. List (or provide links to lists) of research related to waterbirds and their conservation that has been undertaken or results published in the past triennium (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 3.5)

> Annual waterbird surveys have been published.

1. Charalambidou, I., Gücel, S., Kassinis, N., Turkseven, N., Fuller, W., Kuyucu, A. and Yorgancı, H. 2008. Waterbirds in Cyprus 2007/08. UES-CCEIA/ TCBA/CGF/, Nicosia, Cyprus. 91pp.

2. Kassinis, N., Gücel, S., Charalambidou, I., Turkseven, N., Fuller, W., Kuyucu, A. and Yorgancı, H. 2009.

Waterbirds in Cyprus 2008/09. UES-CCEIA/ TCBA/CGF/, Nicosia, Cyprus. 87pp.

3. Ioannou, D. Chochlakis, N. Kassinis, P. Anayiotos, A. Lyssandrou, B. Papadopoulos, Y. Tselentis and A. Psaroulaki. 2009. Carriage of Rickettsia spp., Coxiella burnetii and Anaplasma spp. by endemic and migratory wild birds and their ectoparasites in Cyprus. Journal of Clinical Microbiology and Infection.

48. Has your government provided over the past triennium funds and/or logistical support for the International Waterbird Census at international or national level? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 3.1)

☑ Yes

Nationally

🗹 Yes

Internationally

🗹 No

Pressures and Responses 8. Education and Information

8.1. Communication, Education and Public Awareness

50. Has your country developed and implemented programmes for raising awareness and understanding on waterbird conservation and about AEWA specifically? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 4, Target 4.3 and AEWA Action Plan, paragraphs 6.1-6.4, Resolution 3.10, Resolution 5.5)

☑ Yes, being implemented

Please describe the awareness programmes which have been developed. Please upload any relevant sample materials which have been developed and add contact details of a contact person for each programme.

> Developed posters for wetlands that have been distributed to schools, etc. Service wildlife officers regularly speak in schools on issues relevant to wetland conservation, biodiversity, endemic species, etc. Also, through LIFE projects that involve wetland habitats there are awareness actions being implemented.

54. Has your country provided funding and/or other support, as appropriate (e.g. expertise, network, skills and resources) towards the implementation of the AEWA Communication Strategy? Please consider both national and international funding and different types of support provided. (Strategic Plan 2009- 2017, Objective 4, Target 4.1 and Resolution 3.10, Resolution 5.5)

55. In Resolution 3.10 the Meeting of the Parties encouraged Contracting Parties to host AEWA Exchange Centres for their respective regions. Has your country considered/shown interest in hosting a Regional AEWA Exchange Centre? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 2 and Resolution 3.10)

☑ Not considered yet

56. Training for CEPA (Communication, Education and Public Awareness) at national level is supposed to be conducted by staff who have been trained in the framework of an AEWA Training of Trainers programme. Have staff who were trained as part of a Training of Trainers workshop conducted national CEPA training in your country in the past triennium? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 4, Target 4.2)

Applicable only for countries in regions where Training of Trainers programme has taken place (for Eastern and Southern African countries in Naivasha, Kenya, May 2013, and for Lusophone African countries in Luanda, Angola, January 2014) I No

Report on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2012-2014 [Contracting Party: Cyprus]

Pressures and Responses 9. Implementation

57. Has your country approached non-contracting parties to encourage them to ratify the Agreement? (Resolution 3.10)

Report only on activities over the past triennium $\ensuremath{\square}$ No

58. Has your country supported/developed international co-operation projects for the implementation of the Agreement, according to the priorities outlined in the AEWA International Implementation Tasks (IIT) for the current triennium? (Resolution 5.3) ☑ No

59. Has your country donated funds to the AEWA Small Grants Fund over the past triennium? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 5, Target 5.4) ☑ No

61. Does your country have in place a national coordination mechanism for implementation of AEWA, possibly linking to national coordination mechanisms for other biodiversity Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAs)? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 5, Target 5.7) v No

Pressures and Responses 10. Climate Change

65. Please outline relevant climate change research, assessments and/or adaptation measures that are relevant to migratory waterbirds and which have been undertaken or planned in your country. (Resolution 5.13)

a. Research and studies of climate change impacts on waterbirds $\ensuremath{\square}$ Undertaken

Please provide references or weblinks to any such work so as to facilitate their use as potential case-studies to assist other Contracting Parties

> Water conservation works carried out under LIFE Oroklini SPA project (2012-2014) aimed at conserving water at such levels so to safeguard breeding conditions for site designation waders such as Vanellus spinosus and Himantopus himantopus.

Pressures and Responses 11. Avian Influenza

67. What issues have proved challenging in responding nationally to the spread of the Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the last triennium and what further guidance or information would be useful in this respect?

67.1 List challenges

> 1. To raise awareness among the public w/o scaring it.

Optionally you can provide additional information on section 10. Avian Influenza

> all wild birds found dead, sick or injured are checked for AI in cooperation withe the Veterinary Services of the Republic of Cyprus

12. Confirmation

Confirmation of information verification and approval for submission

Please confirm:

In addition a scanned copy of an official letter from the relevant state institution, approving the report for submission, can be attached.

 \square I declare that the information provided in the Report on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2012-2014 has been verified and the report has been approved for submission by the appropriate state institution in the country.

Date of submission

> 25 May 2015