



# Report on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2009-2011

The format for reports on the implementation of the Agreement on the Conservation of African-Eurasian Migratory Waterbirds (AEWA) for the period 2009-2011 was approved at the 4th session of the Meeting of the Parties (15-19 September 2008, Antananarivo, Madagascar) by Resolution 4.7. Further amendments were endorsed by the Standing Committee in August 2011 in accordance with operative paragraph 11 of Resolution 4.7. This format has been constructed following the AEWA Action Plan, the AEWA Strategic Plan 2009-2017 and resolutions of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP).

In accordance with Article V.1(c) of the Agreement on the Conservation of African-Eurasian Migratory Waterbirds, each Party shall prepare to each ordinary session of the MOP a National Report on its implementation of the Agreement and submit that report to the Agreement Secretariat not later than 120 days before the session of the MOP. The 5th Session of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP5) is taking place on 14-18 May 2012 in La Rochelle, France; therefore **the deadline for submission of National Reports is 14 January 2012**.

The AEWA National Reports 2009-2011 will be compiled and submitted through the CMS Family Online Reporting Facility, which is an online reporting tool for the whole CMS Family. However, AEWA will be the first of the CMS-related treaties to use the CMS Family Online Reporting System for its reporting to MOP5. The CMS Family Online Reporting System was developed in 2010-2011 by the UNEP-World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) in close collaboration with and under the guidance of the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat.

As a new product, the system may still need some refining and improving, we therefore request your understanding: any feedback or suggestions on your side would be greatly appreciated.

The online reporting system offers flexibility and versatility superior to the previously used paper-based reporting and the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat hopes that the Parties will find it to be more convenient and efficient. In particular, it will make information more easily accessible and also enhance ways of using it. In this context, Resolution 4.7 also requests UNEP to assist in the development of an analytical tool and calls upon Parties to support this initiative and provide financial resources and thus strengthen the online format for national reporting in collaboration with UNEP-WCMC. The online reporting system brings national reporting to a different level, enabling the information provided to be used much more effectively; it also serves as a tool for self-assessment by Parties. In addition, it can help to enhance cooperation and coordination between various stakeholders in your country by making the national reporting more of a collective, collaborative and continuous process.

To contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat please send your inquiries to aewa\_national\_reporting@unep.de.

#### **1. General Information**

#### Name of reporting Contracting Party

› Belgium

### **Date of entry into force of AEWA in the Contracting Party** > 01.06.2006

List any reservations that the Contracting Party has made (if any) upon deposition of its instruments of accession on provisions of the Agreement or its Action Plan in accordance with Article XV of AEWA

> None

#### 2. Institutional Information

Please update information on the National AEWA Administrative Authority, the National Focal Points, the Designated National Respondent and the other contributors to this report.

#### **Designated National AEWA Administrative Authority**

Full name of the institution > Agency For Nature and Forests, Government of Flanders

Name and title of the head of institution > Marleen Evenepoel, Administrator general

Mailing address - Street and number > Koning Albert II-Iaan 20, bus 8

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#### **Designated National Focal Point (NFP) for AEWA matters**

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E-mail > sarah.roggeman@Ine.vlaanderen.be

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#### **Designated National Focal Point for AEWA Technical Committee (NFPTC) matters**

Name and title of the NFPTC > Mr. Koen Devos

Affiliation (institution, department) > Research Institute for Nature and Forest

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# Designated National Respondent (DNR) in charge of the compilation and submission of the AEWA National Report 2009-2011

Please select from the list below as appropriate. I The National Focal Point (NFP) has been designated as the National Respondent

#### Other contributors to the AEWA National Report 2009-2011

Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this reports > Muriel Vervaeke (Flemish Government, Agency for Nature and Forests) Hans Van Gossum (Flemish Government, Agency for Nature and Forests) Koen Devos (Institute for Nature and Forest Research) Geert Raemaekers (Federal Government) Olivier Beck (Brussels Government) Anne Weiserbs (AVES) jean-Yves Paquet (AVES) Sandrine Liegeois (Public Service of Wallonia, Walloon Government) Catherine Debruyne (Public Service of Wallonia, Walloon Government)

#### Status 3. Species Status

Please select from the drop-down list below only the species that occur in your country

AEWA Species - Gavia stellata / Red-throated Diver

English Common name(s): Red-throated Diver, Red-throated Loon French Common name(s): Plongeon catmarin



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information view No information

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### - -

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ No

You have attached the following documents to this answer.

BR red list.pdf - Red List Breeding Birds Brussels

<u>FL red list.pdf</u> - Red List Breeding Birds Flanders

WALL red\_list.pdf - Red List Breeding Birds Wallonia

#### AEWA Species - Gavia arctica / Black-throated Diver

English Common name(s): Arctic Loon, Black-throated Diver French Common name(s): Plongeon arctique



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

#### **National Red List Status**

### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$ No

#### AEWA Species - Gavia immer / Great Northern Diver

English Common name(s): Common Loon, Great Northern Diver French Common name(s): Plongeon huard, Plongeon imbrin



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 2

Maximum > 5

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### Population trend

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data guality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Legal Status

#### (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited ☑ Yes

#### **National Red List Status**

### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?

☑ No

#### AEWA Species - Tachybaptus ruficollis / Little Grebe

English Common name(s): Little Grebe French Common name(s): Grébe castagneux, Grèbe castagneux



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 000

Maximum > 1 600

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

#### 🗹 Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **AEWA Species - Podiceps cristatus / Great Crested Grebe**

English Common name(s): Great Crested Grebe French Common name(s): Grèbe huppé



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 400

Maximum > 1 900

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information view No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

#### 🗹 Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### AEWA Species - Podiceps grisegena / Red-necked Grebe

English Common name(s): Red-necked Grebe French Common name(s): Grèbe jougris



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

No information  $\square$  No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

National Red List Status

### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ No

#### AEWA Species - Podiceps auritus / Slavonian Grebe

English Common name(s): Horned Grebe, Slavonian Grebe French Common name(s): Grèbe esclavon



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

No information  $\square$  No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

National Red List Status

### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ No

#### **AEWA Species - Podiceps nigricollis / Black-necked Grebe**

English Common name(s): Black-necked Grebe, Eared Grebe French Common name(s): Grèbe à cou noir



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 204

Maximum > 243

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

#### 🗹 Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### AEWA Species - Morus bassanus / Northern Gannet

English Common name(s): Northern Gannet French Common name(s): Fou de Bassan



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$ No

#### AEWA Species - Phalacrocorax carbo / Great Cormorant

English Common name(s): Great Cormorant French Common name(s): Grand Cormoran



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 980

Maximum > 1 000

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### AEWA Species - Egretta garzetta / Little Egret

English Common name(s): Little Egret French Common name(s): Aigrette garzette



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2003

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum

Maximum > 17

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

### (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$  No

#### AEWA Species - Ardea cinerea / Grey Heron

English Common name(s): Grey Heron French Common name(s): Héron cendré



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum 3 200

Maximum > 3 600

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

#### 🗹 Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### AEWA Species - Ardea purpurea / Purple Heron

English Common name(s): Purple Heron French Common name(s): Héron pourpre, Héron pourpré



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🛛 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$  No

#### AEWA Species - Casmerodius albus / Great Egret

English Common name(s): Great Egret French Common name(s): Grande Aigrette



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Bubulcus ibis / Cattle Egret**

English Common name(s): Buff-backed Heron, Cattle Egret French Common name(s): Héron garde-bœufs



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information view No information

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers

☑ Frequent, but small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🛛 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Nycticorax nycticorax / Black-crowned Night-Heron

English Common name(s): Black-crowned Night-Heron, Night Heron French Common name(s): Bihoreau gris, Héron bihoreau



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum

Maximum > 14

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Population unit

☑ Pairs

Minimum

Maximum > 3

Population data quality Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Ixobrychus minutus / Little Bittern**

English Common name(s): Little Bittern French Common name(s): Blongios nain



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 22

Maximum > 31

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

Population unit

☑ Pairs

Minimum → 2

Maximum > 10

Population data quality Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Regular, but small numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Botaurus stellaris / Great Bittern

English Common name(s): Bittern, Great Bittern French Common name(s): Butor étoilé, Grand Butor



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 12

Maximum > 20

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1981-1990

Population unit

Minimum › 2

Maximum > 13

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information  $\square$  No information

## **Population trend**

No information  $\square$  No information

## Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited

🛛 Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

. ☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Ciconia nigra / Black Stork

English Common name(s): Black Stork French Common name(s): Cigogne noire



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 31

Maximum > 41

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1981-1990

Population unit

Minimum › 7

Maximum > 14

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Ciconia ciconia / White Stork**

English Common name(s): White Stork French Common name(s): Cigogne blanche



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country I Native for at least part of its annual cycle, but introduced populations or populations of feral or domesticated origin also occur

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Species Status - Breeding

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Status of "non-native" populations

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

More than one option can be selected  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Breeding

## Status of "non-native" populations - Breeding

# Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## Population trend

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited

🗹 Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Platalea leucorodia / Eurasian Spoonbill

English Common name(s): Eurasian Spoonbill, Spoonbill, White Spoonbill French Common name(s): Spatule blanche



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 3

Maximum > 5

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Cygnus olor / Mute Swan

English Common name(s): Mute Swan French Common name(s): Cygne muet, Cygne tuberculé



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 341

Maximum > 469

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Cygnus cygnus / Whooper Swan

English Common name(s): Whooper Swan French Common name(s): Cygne chanteur, Cygne sauvage



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum

Maximum

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Cygnus columbianus / Bewick's Swan

English Common name(s): Bewick's Swan, Tundra Swan French Common name(s): Cygne de Bewick, Cygne siffleur



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum > 40

Maximum > 470

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Previous population estimate

Year > 1985-1991

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum › 95

Maximum > 250

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information

> BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status.
Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Anser brachyrhynchus / Pink-footed Goose

English Common name(s): Pink-footed Goose French Common name(s): Oie à bec court



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 20 100

Maximum > 36 900 Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information

> BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status.
Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

### Population trend

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information

> BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Anser fabalis / Bean Goose

English Common name(s): Bean Goose French Common name(s): Oie des moissons



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Anser albifrons / Greater White-fronted Goose**

English Common name(s): Greater White-fronted Goose, White-fronted Goose French Common name(s): Oie rieuse



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum > 23 100

Maximum > 34 100

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Anser erythropus / Lesser White-fronted Goose**

English Common name(s): Lesser White-fronted Goose French Common name(s): Oie naine



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column A - Category 1(a) ☑ Column A - Category 1(b) ☑ Column A - Category 2

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum → 1

Maximum

› 3

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information view No information

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Field for additional information (optional)

Optionally you can provide additional information on the status of the species in the country > Reintroduced population

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

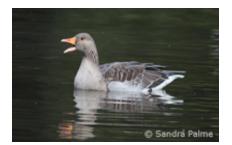
Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Anser anser / Greylag Goose

English Common name(s): Greylag Goose French Common name(s): Oie cendrée



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 200

Maximum > 1 300

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Branta leucopsis / Barnacle Goose

English Common name(s): Barnacle Goose French Common name(s): Bernache nonnette



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\square$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country I Native for at least part of its annual cycle, but introduced populations or populations of feral or domesticated origin also occur

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Species Status - Breeding

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 148

Maximum > 198

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1985-1991

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 10

Maximum > 100

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Status of "non-native" populations

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

More than one option can be selected  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Breeding

## Status of "non-native" populations - Breeding

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 180

Maximum > 250

Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 50

Maximum > 50

Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

## **Population trend**

No information view No information

## Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Branta bernicla / Brent Goose

English Common name(s): Brent Goose French Common name(s): Bernache cravant



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column B - Category 2(b) ☑ Column B - Category 2(c)

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Branta ruficollis / Red-breasted Goose

English Common name(s): Red-breasted Goose French Common name(s): Bernache à cou roux



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country.

☑ Column A - Category 1(a)
☑ Column A - Category 1(b)
☑ Column A - Category 3(a)
☑ Column A - Category 3(c)

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Alopochen aegyptiacus / Egyptian Goose

English Common name(s): Egyptian Goose French Common name(s): Oie d'Égypte, Ouette d'Égypte



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

## **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding ☑ Non-breeding/wintering

## **Species Status - Breeding**

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 800

Maximum > 1 100

Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

## **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum → 150

Maximum > 150

#### Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information  $\square$  No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## **AEWA Species - Tadorna ferruginea / Ruddy Shelduck**

English Common name(s): Ruddy Shelduck French Common name(s): Tadorne casarca



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

## **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 5

Maximum > 10

#### Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum → 0

Maximum

› 0

Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

## **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **AEWA Species - Tadorna tadorna / Common Shelduck**

English Common name(s): Common Shelduck, Shelduck French Common name(s): Tadorne de Belon



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 2 100

Maximum > 2 800

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Anas penelope / Eurasian Wigeon

English Common name(s): Eurasian Wigeon, Wigeon French Common name(s): Canard siffleur



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum > 45 000

Maximum > 107 000

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Previous population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Anas strepera / Gadwall

English Common name(s): Gadwall French Common name(s): Canard chipeau



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 100

Maximum > 1 200

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1990

Population unit

Minimum > 200

Maximum > 235

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information  $\square$  No information

## **Population trend**

No information  $\square$  No information

## Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## **AEWA Species - Anas crecca / Common Teal**

English Common name(s): Teal, Common Teal, Green-winged Teal French Common name(s): Sarcelle d'hiver



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 500

Maximum > 700

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

## 🗹 Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Anas platyrhynchos / Mallard

English Common name(s): Common Mallard, Mallard French Common name(s): Canard colvert



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 25 000

Maximum > 35 000

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Anas acuta / Northern Pintail

English Common name(s): Common Pintail, Northern Pintail, Pintail French Common name(s): Canard pilet, Pilet



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 9

Maximum > 12

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

### **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Anas querquedula / Garganey

English Common name(s): Garganey, Garganey Teal French Common name(s): Sarcelle d'été



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 200

Maximum > 200

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1990

Population unit

Minimum › 70

Maximum > 105

## **Population trend**

Population trend

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathbb{Z}}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

#### 🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Anas clypeata / Northern Shoveler

English Common name(s): Northern Shoveler, Shoveler French Common name(s): Canard souchet, Souchet



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 800

Maximum > 1 100

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

### 🗹 Yes

### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Marmaronetta angustirostris / Marbled Teal

English Common name(s): Marbled Duck, Marbled Teal French Common name(s): Marmaronette marbrée, Sarcelle marbrée



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Non-breeding/wintering

#### **Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Occasional records

#### Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

# AEWA Species - Netta rufina / Red-crested Pochard

English Common name(s): Red-crested Pochard French Common name(s): Nette rousse



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

# **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum → 1

Maximum → 1

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Aythya ferina / Common Pochard

English Common name(s): Common Pochard, Pochard French Common name(s): Fuligule milouin



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

# **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 653

Maximum > 916

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

# 🗹 Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Aythya nyroca / Ferruginous Duck

English Common name(s): Ferruginous Duck, Ferruginous Pochard, White-eyed Pochard French Common name(s): Fuligule nyroca



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. Column A - Category 1(a) Column A - Category 3(c)

# **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

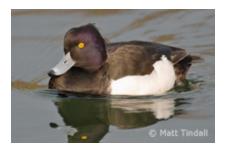
Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Aythya fuligula / Tufted Duck

English Common name(s): Tufted Duck French Common name(s): Fuligule morillon



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. I Column C - Category 1

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Minimum > 1 900

Maximum > 2 600

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

No information  $\square$  No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information view No information

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

🛛 Yes

# Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

#### 🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Aythya marila / Greater Scaup

English Common name(s): Greater Scaup, Scaup French Common name(s): Fuligule milouinan



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. I Column C - Category 1

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum

Maximum

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

Year › 1985-1991

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 20

Maximum > 90

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information

> BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status.
Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited

🗹 Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

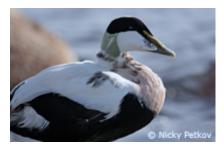
🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Somateria mollissima / Common Eider**

English Common name(s): Common Eider, Eider French Common name(s): Eider à duvet



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Clangula hyemalis / Long-tailed Duck

#### English Common name(s): Long-tailed Duck, Oldsguaw

**French Common name(s):** Harelde boréale, Harelde de Miquelon, Harelde kakawi



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

# **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Melanitta nigra / Common Scoter

English Common name(s): Black Scoter, Common Scoter French Common name(s): Macreuse noire



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

# **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit Pairs Minimum

Maximum > 9 600

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Melanitta fusca / Velvet Scoter

English Common name(s): Velvet Scoter, White-winged Scoter French Common name(s): Macreuse brune



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular, but small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit Pairs Minimum

Maximum > 100

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

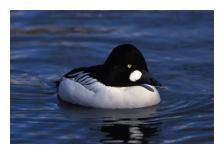
☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Bucephala clangula / Common Goldeneye

English Common name(s): Common Goldeneye, Goldeneye French Common name(s): Garrot à oeil d'or, Garrot sonneur



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular, but small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Mergellus albellus / Smew

English Common name(s): Smew French Common name(s): Harle piette



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

# **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

# **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

# **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

No information  $\square$  No information

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

⊡ ies

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Mergus serrator / Red-breasted Merganser

English Common name(s): Red-breasted Merganser French Common name(s): Harle huppé



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular, but small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Mergus merganser / Goosander

English Common name(s): Common Merganser, Goosander French Common name(s): Grand Harle, Harle bièvre



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular, but small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

# **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

# **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Grus grus / Common Crane**

English Common name(s): Common Crane, Crane French Common name(s): Grue cendrée



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

## Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Rallus aquaticus / Water Rail

English Common name(s): Water Rail French Common name(s): Râle d'eau



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 750

Maximum > 1 200

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$  No

# AEWA Species - Crex crex / Corncrake

English Common name(s): Corn Crake, Corncrake French Common name(s): Râle des genêts



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column A - Category 1(b) ☑ Column B - Category 2(c)

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 21

Maximum > 44

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1981-1990

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 10

Maximum › 45

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Fluctuating

Trend data quality  $\square$  Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# AEWA Species - Porzana pusilla / Baillon's Crake

English Common name(s): Baillon's Crake French Common name(s): Marouette de Baillon



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum → 1

Maximum > 3

Population data quality Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

🗹 Yes

#### **National Red List Status**

# Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$ No

# AEWA Species - Porzana porzana / Spotted Crake

English Common name(s): Spotted Crake French Common name(s): Marouette ponctuée



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 67

Maximum > 87

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

☑ Yes

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

#### Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?

🗹 No

# AEWA Species - Gallinula chloropus / Common Moorhen

English Common name(s): Common Moorhen, Moorhen French Common name(s): Gallinule poule-d'eau, Poule d'eau



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 10 000

Maximum > 20 000

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# **AEWA Species - Fulica atra / Common Coot**

English Common name(s): Common Coot, Coot, Eurasian Coot French Common name(s): Foulque macroule



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 5 500

Maximum > 8 000

Population data quality Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information view No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

# AEWA Species - Haematopus ostralegus / Eurasian Oystercatcher

English Common name(s): Eurasian Oystercatcher, Oystercatcher French Common name(s): Huîtrier pie



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 500

Maximum > 2 100

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

🛛 Yes

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\Box$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

☑ Yes

# **National Red List Status**

# Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$ No

# **AEWA Species - Himantopus himantopus / Black-winged Stilt**

English Common name(s): Black-winged Stilt French Common name(s): Echasse blanche, Échasse blanche



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1990-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 10

Maximum > 13

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$  No

# AEWA Species - Recurvirostra avosetta / Pied Avocet

English Common name(s): Avocet, Pied Avocet French Common name(s): Avocette élégante



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 650

Maximum > 690

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1989-1990

Population unit

Minimum > 10

Maximum > 100

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

# Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

# Latest population estimate

Year > 1999-2001

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 290

Maximum › 950

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Previous population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### Population trend

Population trend

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$ No

# AEWA Species - Pluvialis apricaria / Eurasian Golden Plover

#### English Common name(s):

Eurasian Golden-Plover, European Golden-Plover, Golden Plover **French Common name(s):** Pluvier doré



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit Pairs Minimum > 400

Maximum > 400

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$  No

# AEWA Species - Pluvialis squatarola / Grey Plover

English Common name(s): Black-bellied Plover, Grey Plover French Common name(s): Pluvier argenté



# **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1999-2001

Population unit Pairs Minimum > 250

Maximum > 290

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace{No}$  No

# AEWA Species - Charadrius hiaticula / Common Ringed Plover

#### English Common name(s): Common Ringed Plover, Ringed Plover French Common name(s):

Grand Gravelot, Grande Gravelot, Pluvier grand-gravelot



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 19

Maximum > 21

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1999-2001

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 20

Maximum > 60

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information  $\square$  No information

#### **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

⊡ Yes

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# Is a National Red List of threatened species maintained in your country? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ No

# AEWA Species - Charadrius dubius / Little Ringed Plover

English Common name(s): Little Ringed Plover French Common name(s): Petit Gravelot, Pluvier petit-gravelot



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 370

Maximum > 500

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Charadrius alexandrinus / Kentish Plover

#### English Common name(s): Kentish Plover, Snowy Plover French Common name(s): Gravelot à collier interrompu, Pluvier à collier interrompu



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 80

Maximum > 85

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1990

Population unit

Minimum › 55

Maximum > 60

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Declining

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## **National Red List Status**

## **AEWA Species - Eudromias morinellus / Eurasian Dotterel**

English Common name(s): Eurasian Dotterel French Common name(s): Pluvier guignard



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Vanellus vanellus / Northern Lapwing

English Common name(s): Lapwing, Northern Lapwing French Common name(s): Vanneau huppé



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

#### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 17 000

Maximum > 24 000

Population data quality Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Scolopax rusticola / Eurasian Woodcock

English Common name(s): Eurasian Woodcock French Common name(s): Bécasse des bois



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 600

Maximum > 2 800

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year › 1990

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 10 000

Maximum > 20 000

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited

🗹 Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\Box$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Gallinago gallinago / Common Snipe

English Common name(s): Common Snipe, Snipe French Common name(s): Bécassine des marais



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 58

Maximum > 90

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Declining

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Lymnocryptes minimus / Jack Snipe

English Common name(s): Jack Snipe French Common name(s): Bécassine sourde



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Limosa limosa / Black-tailed Godwit

English Common name(s): Black-tailed Godwit French Common name(s): Barge à queue noire, Barge à queue noire



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 200-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 100

Maximum > 1 300

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1990

Population unit

Minimum › 865

Maximum > 910

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited

🛛 Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## AEWA Species - Limosa lapponica / Bar-tailed Godwit

English Common name(s): Bar-tailed Godwit French Common name(s): Barge rousse



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

## **National Red List Status**

## **AEWA Species - Numenius phaeopus / Whimbrel**

English Common name(s): Whimbrel French Common name(s): Courlis corlieu



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Numenius arquata / Eurasian Curlew

English Common name(s): Curlew, Eurasian Curlew French Common name(s): Courlis cendré



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 500

Maximum > 700

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum 3 000

Maximum > 3 000

Population data quality  $\square$  Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1989-1990

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 2 000

Maximum > 5 000

Population data quality

#### ☑ Good

#### Source of information

> Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

#### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathbb{Z}}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## AEWA Species - Tringa erythropus / Spotted Redshank

English Common name(s): Spotted Redshank French Common name(s): Chevalier arlequin



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit Pairs Minimum > 150

Maximum > 150

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## AEWA Species - Tringa totanus / Common Redshank

English Common name(s): Common Redshank, Redshank French Common name(s): Chevalier gambette



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 413

Maximum > 456

Population data quality ☑ Good

#### Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

🗹 Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\square$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

#### 🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## AEWA Species - Tringa stagnatilis / Marsh Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Marsh Sandpiper French Common name(s): Chevalier stagnatile



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## **AEWA Species - Tringa nebularia / Common Greenshank**

English Common name(s): Common Greenshank, Greenshank French Common name(s): Chevalier aboyeur



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

#### ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## AEWA Species - Tringa ochropus / Green Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Green Sandpiper French Common name(s): Chevalier culblanc, Chevalier cul-blanc



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. I Column C - Category 1

## AEWA Species - Tringa glareola / Wood Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Wood Sandpiper French Common name(s): Chevalier sylvain



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Tringa hypoleucos / Common Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Common Sandpiper French Common name(s): Chevalier guignette



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2003

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum

Maximum > 8

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# AEWA Species - Arenaria interpres / Ruddy Turnstone

English Common name(s): Ruddy Turnstone, Turnstone French Common name(s): Tournepierre à collier



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. Column B - Category 1 Column C - Category 1

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum

Maximum > 1 300

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **AEWA Species - Calidris canutus / Red Knot**

English Common name(s): Knot, Red Knot French Common name(s): Bécasseau maubèche, Bècasseau maubèche



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column B - Category 2(a) ☑ Column B - Category 2(c)

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum > 20

Maximum > 20

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1989-1990

Population unit Individuals

Minimum

Maximum > 200

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

# **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information

> BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status.
Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited

🛛 Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **AEWA Species - Calidris alba / Sanderling**

English Common name(s): Sanderling French Common name(s): Bécasseau sanderling, Bécasseau sanderling



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum > 500

Maximum > 500

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **AEWA Species - Calidris minuta / Little Stint**

English Common name(s): Little Stint French Common name(s): Bécasseau minute



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum

Maximum

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

### **Population trend**

Population trend Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# AEWA Species - Calidris temmincki / Temminck's Stint

English Common name(s): Temminck's Stint French Common name(s): Bécasseau de Temminck



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular, but small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

### **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Calidris maritima / Purple Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Purple Sandpiper French Common name(s): Bécasseau violet



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column A - Category 3(c) ☑ Column B - Category 1

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum

Maximum > 80

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Declining

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# AEWA Species - Calidris alpina / Dunlin

English Common name(s): Dunlin French Common name(s): Bécasseau variable



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Calidris ferruginea / Curlew Sandpiper

English Common name(s): Curlew Sandpiper French Common name(s): Bécasseau cocorli



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular, but small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Philomachus pugnax / Ruff

English Common name(s): Ruff French Common name(s): Chevalier combattant, Combattant varié



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Phalaropus lobatus / Red-necked Phalarope

English Common name(s): Northern Phalarope, Red-necked Phalarope French Common name(s): Phalarope à bec étroit



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Phalaropus fulicaria / Grey Phalarope

English Common name(s): Grey Phalarope, Red Phalarope French Common name(s): Phalarope à bec large



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Catharacta skua / Great Skua

English Common name(s): Great Skua French Common name(s): Grand Labbe



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

No information

☑ No information

### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Stercorarius longicaudus / Long-tailed Skua

English Common name(s): Long-tailed Jaeger, Long-tailed Skua French Common name(s): Labbe à longue queue, Labbe à longue queue



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Frequent, but small numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# **AEWA Species - Larus canus / Common Gull**

English Common name(s): Common Gull, Mew Gull French Common name(s): Goéland cendré



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 2001-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 66

Maximum > 77

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1981-1990

Population unit

Minimum › 15

Maximum > 25

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

### **Previous population estimate**

No information  $\square$  No information

### **Population trend**

No information  $\square$  No information

### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited

🗹 Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

# Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Larus marinus / Great Black-backed Gull

English Common name(s): Great Black-backed Gull French Common name(s): Goéland marin



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

### **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals Minimum > 300

Maximum > 300

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

### **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

### Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

# AEWA Species - Larus argentatus / Herring Gull

English Common name(s): Herring Gull French Common name(s): Goéland argenté



### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Native

# **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column B - Category 2(c) ☑ Column C - Category 1

### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 500

Maximum > 1 600

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

# **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

# **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

Population unit ☑ Individuals

Minimum > 5 000

Maximum > 27 800

Population data quality ☑ Moderate

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

### **Previous population estimate**

No information view No information

# Population trend

Population trend ☑ Stable

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information

> BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

🗹 Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

# **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Larus cachinnans / Yellow-legged Gull

English Common name(s): Caspian Gull, Yellow-legged Gull French Common name(s): Goéland leucophée



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 2

Maximum > 2

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Larus fuscus / Lesser Black-backed Gull

English Common name(s): Lesser Black-backed Gull French Common name(s): Goéland brun



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 2 800

Maximum > 2 800

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2000

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

Population trend

Trend data quality ☑ Poor

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited

. ☑ Yes

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited Z Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## **AEWA Species - Larus ridibundus / Common Black-headed Gull**

English Common name(s): Black-headed Gull, Common Black-headed Gull French Common name(s): Mouette rieuse



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 1995-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 18 000

Maximum > 19 000

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Declining

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Larus melanocephalus / Mediterranean Gull

English Common name(s): Mediterranean Gull French Common name(s): Mouette mélanocéphale



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 450

Maximum > 1 450

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

#### Latest population estimate

No information view No information

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

(measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

#### **National Red List Status**

## **AEWA Species - Larus minutus / Little Gull**

English Common name(s): Little Gull French Common name(s): Mouette pygmée



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Sterna sandvicensis / Sandwich Tern

English Common name(s): Sandwich Tern French Common name(s): Sterne caugek



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 550

Maximum > 1 550

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year

> 1991

Population unit

Minimum > 900

Maximum > 1 000

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Fluctuating

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Regular and large numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited ☑ Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

# (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited

🗹 Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Sterna hirundo / Common Tern

English Common name(s): Common Tern French Common name(s): Sterne pierregarin



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 2 500

Maximum > 2 600

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Sterna paradisaea / Arctic Tern

English Common name(s): Arctic Tern French Common name(s): Sterne arctique



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Sterna albifrons / Little Tern

English Common name(s): Little Tern French Common name(s): Sterne naine



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

Please indicate the AEWA Table 1 category(ies) applicable to the population(s) of this species occurring in the country. ☑ Column A - Category 3(b) ☑ Column A - Category 3(c)

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

Year > 2000-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 224

Maximum > 224

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1991

Population unit Pairs

Minimum > 100

Maximum > 110

Population data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > Tucker, G.M. and Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3).

## **Population trend**

Population trend ☑ Increasing

Trend data quality ☑ Good

Source of information > BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12).

## Species Status - Passage

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Chlidonias hybridus / Whiskered Tern

English Common name(s): Whiskered Tern French Common name(s): Guifette moustac



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Chlidonias leucopterus / White-winged Tern

English Common name(s): White-winged Tern French Common name(s): Guifette leucoptère



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Infrequent and small numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Chlidonias niger / Black Tern

English Common name(s): Black Tern French Common name(s): Guifette noire



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

## **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited

🗹 Yes

Possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds, eggs or any readily recognisable parts or derivatives prohibited Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\square}}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

Prohibited possession or utilization of, and trade in, birds and eggs of the populations which have been taken in contravention of any prohibition laid down pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan (i.e. in the reproductive or rearing period, pre-nuptial migration, using modes of taking that are under regulation, and excess over the limits) as well as the possession or utilization of, and trade in, any parts of such birds and their eggs

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Uria aalge / Common Guillemot

English Common name(s): Common Guillemot, Common Murre, Guillemot French Common name(s): Guillemot de troïl, Guillemot marmette



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### **Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering**

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

### Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

🗹 No

## **National Red List Status**

## AEWA Species - Alca torda / Razorbill

English Common name(s): Razorbill, Razor-billed Auk French Common name(s): Petit Pingouin, Pingouin torda



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Native

## **AEWA Table 1 Categorisation**

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding period?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **Species Status - Passage**

Does the species occur in the country during the passage period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

Are quantitative estimates for the passage numbers available?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

Please provide a qualitative estimate for the passage numbers Regular and significant numbers

#### Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering period?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Yes

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status (measures as per paragraph 2.1.1 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column A of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs prohibited  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$  Yes

Deliberate disturbance prohibited ☑ Yes

## Legal Status

## (measures as per paragraph 2.1.2 of the AEWA Action Plan - applicable to species with populations listed on Column B of the AEWA Table 1)

Taking of birds and eggs during reproductive or rearing period and pre-nuptial migration prohibited  $\square$  Yes

Regulated modes of taking in place  $\ensuremath{\sc D}$  No

Established limits of taking (birds or eggs per hunter per day or season)

☑ No

## **National Red List Status**

## Alien Species - Oxyura jamaicensis / Ruddy Duck

English Common name(s): Ruddy Duck French Common name(s): Erismature rousse, Érismature rousse, Érismature roux



## **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

## **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding ☑ Non-breeding/wintering

## **Species Status - Breeding**

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Species Status - Non-breeding/wintering

## Latest population estimate

No information ☑ No information

## **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

## **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

## Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

## **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Alien Species - Cygnus atratus / Black Swan

English Common name(s): Black Swan French Common name(s): Cygne noir



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 40

Maximum > 45

#### Source of information

Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum › 8

Maximum

› 8

Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Alien Species - Anser indicus / Bar-headed Goose

English Common name(s): Bar-headed Goose French Common name(s): Oie à tête barrée



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 25

Maximum > 30

#### Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum → 0

Maximum

› 0

Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Alien Species - Branta canadensis / Greater Canada Goose

English Common name(s): Canada Goose French Common name(s): Bernache du Canada



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 500

Maximum > 1 500

#### Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum → 300

Maximum

> 300

#### Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Yes

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Alien Species - Branta hutchinsii / Cackling Goose

English Common name(s): Cackling Goose French Common name(s): Bernache de Hutchins



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 1 500

Maximum > 1 500

#### Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum 300

Maximum > 300

Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Alien Species - Chloephaga picta / Upland Goose

English Common name(s): Magellan Goose, Upland Goose French Common name(s): Ouette de Magellan



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 4

Maximum > 7

Source of information

Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information

☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Alien Species - Aix sponsa / Wood Duck

English Common name(s): Wood Duck French Common name(s): Canard branchu, Canard carolin



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum › 25

Maximum > 30

#### Source of information

Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information

☑ No information

#### Legal Status

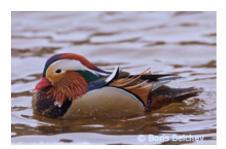
Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### Alien Species - Aix galericulata / Mandarin Duck

English Common name(s): Mandarin, Mandarin Duck French Common name(s): Canard mandarin



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected ☑ Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Population unit ☑ Pairs

Minimum > 100

Maximum > 100

#### Source of information

Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

Year > 1996-2002

Population unit ☑ Pairs Minimum → 15

Maximum

› 15

Source of information

> Blair, M.J., McKay, H., Musgrove, A.J. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2002. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement. AEWA Technical Series No.25. Bonn, Germany

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### Alien Species - Anas sibilatrix / Chiloe Wigeon

English Common name(s): Chiloe Wigeon French Common name(s): Canard de Chiloé



#### **Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  The species occurs in the country

#### Native or non-native species

Please confirm whether the species is native or non-native to your country  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Non-native

#### **Species Status**

Please select whether status will be reported for breeding, passage or non-breeding/wintering population

Both options can be selected  $\square$  Breeding

#### **Species Status - Breeding**

#### Latest population estimate

Year > 2004-2007

Occasional records

#### Source of information

> Banks, A.N., Wright, L.J., Maclean, I.M.D., Hann, C. & Rehfisch, M.M. 2008. Review of the Status of Introduced Non-Native Waterbird Species in the Agreement Area of the African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement: 2007 Update. AEWA Technical Series No.32. Bonn, Germany.

#### **Previous population estimate**

No information ☑ No information

#### **Population trend**

No information ☑ No information

#### Legal Status

Does the species have any legal status?  $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  No

#### **National Red List Status**

Does the species have any National Red List Status?  $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No

#### **Pressures and Responses 4. Species Conservation**

#### 4.1 Legal Measures

#### Please provide information on each species for which exemption was granted

#### **Exemption for Limosa limosa / Black-tailed Godwit**

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan) (a) (c) For the purpose of enhancing the propagation or survival of the populations concerned

Number of individuals for which exemption was granted > 0

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted > 0

Territorial coverage of the exemption > Province of Oost-Vlaanderen

Time span of the exemption > 2009

Year when the exemption was granted > 2009

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > This licence permits the placement of nest protectors, temporary or permanent translocation of nests and scaring of nesting birds just before the start of the mowing of fields for the realisation of a regional species action plan for limosa limosa. There was no number of nests indicated in the licence.

#### **Exemption for Numenius arquata / Eurasian Curlew**

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan) (b) In the interests of air safety or other overriding public interests

Number of individuals for which exemption was granted  $\scriptstyle > 0$ 

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted > 0

Territorial coverage of the exemption > Military airport of Kleine Brogel

Time span of the exemption > 2009

Year when the exemption was granted > 2009

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > Capture and release, scaring. There was no number of individuals indicated in the licence.

#### **Exemption for Larus canus / Common Gull**

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan) (b) In the interests of air safety or other overriding public interests

#### Number of individuals for which exemption was granted

> 0

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted > 0

Territorial coverage of the exemption > Military airports

Time span of the exemption > 2009

Year when the exemption was granted > 2009

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > Deliberate disturbance. There was no number of individuals indicated in the licence. This is neither a breeding nor a wintering area.

#### Exemption for Larus argentatus / Herring Gull

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan)  $\square$  (b) In the interests of air safety or other overriding public interests

Number of individuals for which exemption was granted  $\stackrel{\scriptstyle >}{\scriptstyle 0}$ 

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted  $\stackrel{\scriptstyle >}{\scriptstyle 0}$ 

Territorial coverage of the exemption > City of Aalst- City of Knokke - City of Oostende - City of Brugge

Time span of the exemption > 2009-2011

Year when the exemption was granted > 2009

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > Destruction and removal of nests. In certain cities gulls tend to breed on the rooftops of houses and public buildings where they cause a lot of nuisance. The exeption to remove nests is only licenced in the city centre and provided that no other prevention measures could prevent the nuisance (see added website). There is no fixed number of nests indicated in the licence.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

http://www.meeuwenindestad.be - Website prevention of gull nuisance

#### **Exemption for Larus fuscus / Lesser Black-backed Gull**

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan)  $\square$  (b) In the interests of air safety or other overriding public interests

Number of individuals for which exemption was granted  $\rightarrow 0$ 

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted  $\stackrel{\scriptstyle >}{\scriptstyle 0}$ 

Territorial coverage of the exemption > City of Knokke - City of Oostende - City of Aalst - City of Brugge

Time span of the exemption > 2009-2011

Year when the exemption was granted

#### > 2009, 2010 and 2011

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > In certain cities gulls tend to breed on the rooftops of houses and public buildings where they cause a lot of nuisance. The exeption to remove nests is only licenced in the city centre and provided that no other prevention measures could prevent the nuisance (see added website). There is no fixed number of nests indicated in the licence.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

Website prevention of conflicts with gulls

#### **Exemption for Larus ridibundus / Common Black-headed Gull**

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan) (b) In the interests of air safety or other overriding public interests

Number of individuals for which exemption was granted  $\scriptstyle > 0$ 

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted > 0

Territorial coverage of the exemption > City of Aalst - City of Knokke

Time span of the exemption > 2009-2010

Year when the exemption was granted > 2009, 2010

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > Destruction and removal of nests, killing. In certain cities gulls tend to breed on the rooftops of houses and public buildings where they cause a lot of nuisance. The exeption is only licenced in the city centre and provided that no other prevention measures could prevent the nuisance (see added website). There is no fixed number of nests indicated in the licence.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

http://meeuwenindestad.be - Prevention of gull nuisance

#### **Exemption for Sterna hirundo / Common Tern**

Purpose of exemption (from the AEWA Action Plan)  $\Box$  (c) For the purpose of research and education, of re-establishment and for the breeding necessary for these purposes

Number of individuals for which exemption was granted > 0

Number of eggs for which exemption was granted > 20

Territorial coverage of the exemption > Province of West-Vlaanderen

Time span of the exemption > 01/04/2009-01/08/2011

Year when the exemption was granted > 2009, 2010, 2011

Additional information on this exemption (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > risk assessment and monitoring of micropollutants in the Belgian coastal zone

#### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 4.1. Legal Measures

> FLANDERS: The Flemish Governemental Decree of 15 May 2009 on species protection and species

management has a provision that allows the competent authority (the Agency for Nature and Forests) to grant derogations to differ temporarily from the initial protection of wild birds, if there is no other satisfactory solution.

WALLONIA: The Government can give exemptions to bird species protection measures (art. 5. §1er). The exemption is only given if no other satisfactory measure exists and if the exemption will not be of any danger for the population of that species. All wild birds of the European continent, normal or mutant, alive, dead or stuffed are strictly protected (art. 2. of the Natura 2000 Decree).

The following actions are prohibited for these species:

□ all forms of deliberate capture and deliberate killing;

the deliberate disturbance of wild birds, particularly during the period of breeding, rearing and hibernation;
the deliberate destruction or taking of eggs and nests from the wild or keeping these eggs and nests;
to possess, to trade, to sell, to give, to buy, to transport, even for transit, birds, eggs, clutch, feathers, part of the animal, or any product made of a bird easily identifiable or any product with a packing telling it contains protected species, except for importation, exportation and transit on non indigenous species

These prohibitions are not valid for poultry, for domestic pigeons, for hunted species and for mutants and hybrids of Serinus canarius with a non-protected species.

A Government bill regulates the breeding of birds in order to guarantee the bird's protection.

BRUSSELS: In the Brussels Region, alle birds living in the wild are protected (Ordonnance 29/08/1991). The Brussels Governement can give exemptions to bird this protection measures if no other satisfactory measures exist (art. 3).

FEDERAL LEVEL: Belgian marine territory: the Royal Executive Decision of December 21, 2001 has a provision that allows the minister competent for the marine environment to differ temporarily from the initial protection of birds in the marine areas, if there is no other satisfactory solution.

#### 4.2 Single Species Action Plans

# 2. Please report on the progress of turning the International Single Species Action Plans (ISSAP), for species whose populations are listed on Column A of Table 1, developed under or recognised by AEWA, into National Single Species Action Plans (NSSAP). (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.2)

Please clarify the relevance of the AEWA International Single Species Action Plans or the other recognised plans (Dalmatian Pelican, Pygmy Cormorant, Red-breasted Goose, Marbled Teal, Slender-billed Curlew and Audouin's Gull) to your country

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  At least one of the International Single Species Action Plans is relevant

#### Please report on each relevant ISSAP

#### National Single Species Action Plan for Platalea leucorodia / Eurasian Spoonbill

For Platalea leucorodia / Eurasian Spoonbill ☑ No NSSAP

Please explain the reasons

> Conservation masures will be adopted in the management plans of the SPA's.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

#### National Single Species Action Plan for Oxyura leucocephala / White-headed Duck

For Oxyura leucocephala / White-headed Duck  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No NSSAP

Please explain the reasons > The White-headed Duck is neither a breeder nor a wintering bird in Belgium. It occurs very rarely.

#### National Single Species Action Plan for Crex crex / Corncrake

For Crex crex / Corncrake ☑ NSSAP in development Please provide starting date and expected finalisation date > FLANDERS: Starting date 10/2012 - Finalisation: 10/2013

Field for additional information (optional) > /

#### National Single Species Action Plan for Limosa limosa / Black-tailed Godwit

For Limosa limosa / Black-tailed Godwit  $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathbb Z}}$  No NSSAP

Please explain the reasons > Limosa limosa is categorised on the red list of Flanders as not threatened at the moment.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

#### National Single Species Action Plan for Aythya nyroca / Ferruginous Duck

For Aythya nyroca / Ferruginous Duck <a></a> No NSSAP

Please explain the reasons > TheFerroginous Duck is rather an accidental breeder in Belgium.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

3. Do you have in place or are you developing a National Single Species Action Plan for any species/population for which an AEWA ISSAP has not been developed? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.2.2)

🗹 No

### 4. Did you use the AEWA Guidelines for the preparation of National Single Species Action Plans for migratory waterbirds?

☑ No

Please explain the reasons. What has been used instead as a basis for the preparation of NSSAPs? > We haven't made any NSAP's for migratory waterbirds yet

Optionally you can provide additional information on section 4.2. Single Species Action Plans  $^{\scriptscriptstyle >}$  /

#### **4.3 Emergency Measures**

### 5. Please report on any emergency situation that has occurred in your country over the past triennium and has threatened waterbirds. (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.3)

Please indicate whether an emergency situation threatening waterbirds, such as botulism, chemical pollution, earthquacke, extreme weather, fire, harmful algal bloom, infectious disease, introduction of alien species, lead poisoning, nuclear accident, oil spill, predation, volcanic activity, war or other emergency (please specify), has occured in the country over the past triennium

 $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  No emergency situation has occurred

#### 6. Are there any other emergency measures, which were not mentioned above, but were developed and are in place in your country? ☑ No

### 7. Did you use the AEWA Guidelines on identifying and tackling emergency situations for migratory waterbirds?

☑ No

Please explain the reasons. What was used instead as a basis for dealing with emergency situations? > FLANDERS: Most of the emergency situations that can occur, will affect more than only the waterbirds. We have or are developping systems for diseases in wild animals, introduction of alien species and fire. BRUSSELS: In the Brussels Region protocols exist for monitoring zoönoses or diseases caused by waterbirds.

### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 4.3. Emergency Measures $^{\scriptscriptstyle >}$ /

#### 4.4 Re-establishments

### 8. Is there a regulatory framework for re-establishments of species, including waterbirds, in your country (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.4)?

🛛 Yes

#### Please provide details

> FLANDERS: The Flemish Governemental Decree of 15 May 2009 on species protection and species management has a provision that allows under specific conditions to take measures to re-establish species in Flanders.

WALLONIA: Article 5 of the Law on Nature conservation forbids the re introduction of indigenous species in nature except under specific conditions.http://wallex.wallonie.be/index.php?doc=6896&rev=6167-3246

BRUSSELS: Based on Article 35 of the Ordonnance of nature conservation and nature protection (27/04/1995) the Brussels Government can determine the conditions and the rules to introduce or reintroduces species of plants or animals.

#### 

Please provide details on the register

> Flanders: For re-introduction a derogation from the regional legislation has to be given. Therefore reintroduction programs are listed in the register of derogations.

#### **10.** Has your country considered, developed or implemented re-establishment projects for any species listed on AEWA Table 1? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.4) $\square$ No

### **Optionally you can provide additional information on section 4.4. Re-establishments**

#### 4.5 Introductions

## 11. Does your country have legislation in place, which prohibits the introduction of non-native species of animals and plants, which may have a detrimental effect? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.5.1)

☑ Yes, and being enforced

Please provide the following details: title of legislation, year of adoption, institution that adopted it, institution that enforces it

> FLANDERS: The Flemish Governemental Decree of 15 May 2009 on species protection and species management.

WALLONIA: Art. 5ter. of the law on nature conservation forbids all introduction into the wild of alien species except for species used for agriculture and forestry.

FEDERAL LEVEL: Belgian marine territory: the Law of January 20, 1999

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

Law of nature conservation Wallonia

Field for additional information (optional) > /

12. Has your country introduced requirements to zoos, private collections, etc. in order to avoid the accidental escape of captive birds belonging to non-native species? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 2.5.2)

 $\square$  Yes, and being enforced

Please provide the following details: title of the document, year of adoption, institution that adopted it, institution that enforces it

Article 3 of the Royal decision of 10/08/1998 on the recognition of zoos states that all animal enclosures must be designed and kept in a way that in all circomstances escaping of animals is impossible and the safety of the animals, visitors and staff is guaranteed at all times.

You have attached the following documents to this answer.

AR 10-08-1998 0 823592 nl.pdf - FED - Royal Decision on recognition of zoos

Field for additional information (optional) >/

#### 13. Does your country have in place a National Action Plan for Invasive Species (NAPIS) (in the framework of other MEAs, such as CBD, Bern Convention, and GISP (Global Invasive Species Programme) (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 1, Target 5)?

☑ Being developed

Please provide starting date and expected finalisation date of the process

> A national contact group has been set up in order to ensure a scientific background to political decisions and to provide an adequate feedback from the international decision-making scene to the scientific community. The steering committees focus on administrative and political aspects in order to prepare Belgian positions for international meetings, to write thematic reports and elaborate programs related to Belgian international obligations.

The National Biodiversity Strategy (adopted in 2006) has 2 operational objectives directly related to IAS (n°3.7.: "Avoid the introduction and mitigate the impact of invasive alien species on biodiversity" and n°5.7.: "Consider the potential impact on biodiversity, and in particular the invasiveness of species, in making import and export decisions")

The Belgian Forum on Invasive Alien Species BFIS (http://www.biodiversity.be/bbpf/) aims to provide and gather scientific knowledge about invasive alien species in order to encourage interdisciplinary cooperation among scientists and favours information exchange and dissemination as a support to develop measures dedicated to the prevention and the mitigation of the impacts of invasive species.

The BFIS is responsible for preparing and updating the reference list and a database of alien species invading terrestrial, freshwater and marine ecosystems in Belgium.

Belgium also participates in a working group focusing on a strategy on invasive alien species at the European union level.

Field for additional information (optional) >/

#### 14. Has an eradication programme been considered, developed or implemented for any nonnative waterbird species in your country?

☑ Yes

#### Please provide information on each species for which relevant action has been undertaken

#### Eradication programme for Oxyura jamaicensis / Ruddy Duck

For Oxyura jamaicensis / Ruddy Duck ☑ Eradication programme being developed

Please provide starting date and expected finalisation date > FLANDERS: Starting date eradication ruddy duck: 1 January 2012; finalization date depending on occurrence and not possible to foresee.

Field for additional information (optional) >/

#### 15. Did you use the AEWA Guidelines on avoidance of introductions of non-native waterbird species?

☑ No

Please explain the reasons. What was used instead as a basis for dealing with the issue? >/

### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 4.5. Introductions $^{\scriptscriptstyle >}$ /

#### **Pressures and Responses 5. Habitat Conservation**

#### 5.1 Habitat Inventories

16. Has your country identified the network of all sites of international and national importance for the migratory waterbird species/populations listed on Table 1? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 3.1.2)

☑ Yes

Please provide full reference, e.g. title, year, authors, etc. or a web link > In 2007, an extensive book about nature in a European Union Natura 2000 context in Flanders and the Belgian North Sea has been published by the Institute for Nature and Forest Research (INBO). Based on the results of waterbird monitoring projects, a list of internationally important waterbird sites in Flanders is yearly updated by INBO. These sites are also listed as Important Bird Areas. There are no clear criteria for sites of national importance, although most of them are part of an ecological network and designated as nature reserves.

Walloon region: lists of sites of great biological value ("Sites de Grand Intérêt Biologique" or SGIB); There are 4 sites registered on the Ramsar List of wetland's of international importance in Wallonia: "Les Marais d'Harchies Hensies Pommeroel", the "Vallée de la Haute-Sûre", the "Hautes Fagnes" and the "Grotte des Emotions" which are respectively marshes, a transboundary wetland, peatlands and a karst. The 3 first sites are particularly important for migratory birds.

Besides these, In 2010, we have Nature reserves (government nature reserve and chartered nature reserve) and wetland's of biological interest.

Several initiatives have been carried out since the late 70's in order to have an inventory of the biological resources of the Walloon Region. These initiatives have lead to the creation of lists of sites of great biological value ("Sites de Grand Intérêt Biologique" or SGIB). These lists of major sites are of major importance to the elaboration of the ecological network and in order to have a basis for political negotiation. The high biological value of these sites is due to the presence of protected or threatened habitats or species or even sites or species considered as having a great interest by naturalists.

Brussels Region

Lists exist of:

- sites of great biologic value

- N2000 sites

Federal level: Belgian marine territory : Two inventories have been made:

-- Derous S., Verfaillie E., Van Lancker V., Courtens W., Stienen E.W.M., Hostens K., Moulaert I., Hillewaert H., Mees J., Deneudt K., Deckers P., Cuvelier D., Vincx M., Degraer S., 2007, A biological valuation map for the Belgian part of the North Sea: BWZee, Final report, Research in the framework of the BELSPO programme "Global chance, ecosystems and biodiversity"

- SPSD II, March 2007, pp. 99 (+ Annexes). - Courtens, W. en E.W.M. Stienen. 2006. Marine biological valuation of seabirds in the Belgian Part of the North Sea. INBO rapport A.2005.122: 25p

Field for additional information (optional) > /

# 17. If your country has identified or is currently identifying the networks of sites of international and national importance, have you used the AEWA Guidelines on the preparation of site inventories for migratory waterbirds?

🗹 No

Please explain the reasons. What has been used instead as a basis for the inventory? > In Flanders, the selection of internationally important sites is mainly based on criteria that are used in the framework of the EU Bird Directive, the Ramsar Convention and the designation of Important Bird Areas.

Field for additional information (optional)

> Walloon and Flemmish Region: The Natura 2000 network is of major importance notably for waterbirds.

### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 5.1. Habitat Inventories $^{\scriptscriptstyle >}$ /

#### 5.2. Conservation of Areas

# 18. Which sites that were identified as important, either internationally or nationally, for Table 1 migratory waterbird species/populations have been designated as protected areas under the national legislation and have management plans that are being implemented? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 3.2.1)

Please report on both internationally and nationally important sites ☑ Reporting on designation and management of internationally important sites ☑ Reporting on designation and management of nationally important sites

#### All sites of international importance

Total number > 45

Total area (ha) > 199171

Out of the above total: number of protected sites > 40

Out of the above total: protected area (ha) > 174506

Number of protected sites with management plans in place which are being implemented  $\stackrel{\scriptstyle >}{\scriptstyle 0}$ 

Area under protection (in ha) covered by management plans which are being implemented > 0

#### All sites of national importance

Total number > 13

Total area (ha) > 2066

Out of the above total: number protected sites > 6

Out of the above total: protected area (ha) > 934

Number of protected sites with management plans in place which are being implemented  $\stackrel{\scriptstyle >}{\scriptstyle 0}$ 

Area under protection (in ha) covered by management plans which are being implemented  $\stackrel{\scriptstyle >}{\scriptstyle 0}$ 

#### Examples of best practice (optional)

If any site, in your opinion, represents an outstanding process of management planning or implementation, please highlight it as an example of best practice (alternatively provide a web link or attach a file) > Walloon Region: The Walloon Region has a legal status to protect wetlands:"Wetlands of Biological Interest" (Zones Humides d'intérêt biologique, bill of June the 8th 1989). This status insures to strictly protect flora and fauna but allows hunting and fishing for the species identified as huntable in the bill on Hunting (....).

### **19.** Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines on the management of key sites for migratory waterbirds?

🗹 No

Please explain the reasons. What guidance has been used instead?  $\ensuremath{\,^{\scriptstyle >}}\xspace/$ 

### 20. Have you accessed and used the Critical Site Network (CSN) Tool for the AEWA area? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Yes

#### Please give examples of how you have used the CSN Tool

> To obtain a species list for Belgium, to see the range of the different subspecies. It's a bit difficult to work with the tool, because our screens are to small to see the complete boxes and thereby we can't tick the right button, eg to return to the main menu.

#### **Optionally you can provide additional information on section 5.2. Conservation of Areas**

> To select the sites of national importance, the criteria used are at least 15 % of the total amount wintering birds of one species or at least 1000 birds counted. This exercise was only executed for Wallonia, therefor the given numbers are incomplete.

#### **Pressures and Responses 6. Management of Human Activities**

#### 6.1. Hunting

#### 

For Flanders: Anser anser, Anas penelope, Anas platyrhynchos and Vanellus vanellus
The whole territory of your country
Only part of the territory of your country

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Only part of the territory of your country

> Not in Brussels.

Only some harvesting activities

In Flanders the majority of hunters collaborate in hunting associations which have to report on numbers culled for roe deer, red deer, fallow deer, wild boar, hare, rabbit, partridge, pheasant, wood pigeon, mallard, Eurasion wigeon, Canada goose, grey lag goose, fox, semi-wild cat, crow, gay, magpie, starling and jackdaw. Individual hunters do not have this reporting obligation. In Wallonia, all the harvesting data are collected.

Field for additional information (optional)

> Flemish Region: Flemish hunters are organized in 'Game Management Units' (GMU), which are obliged to report on game numbers and bag statistics. The information is received and analyzed by a scientific institute from the Flemish government, the Institute for Nature and Forest Research.

In the Brussels region hunting is prohibited.

### 22. Has your country phased out the use of lead shot for hunting in wetlands? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.1.4)

☑ Partially

When was the lead shot use in wetlands banned? What legislation is in place? Who does enforce this legislation? What % of the country's territory is covered by the ban? > A total ban on the use of leadshot has been adopted in 2003, by a Flemish Government Decree from September 19, 2003, on the use of firearms and ammunition for hunting in the Flemish Region. Walloon region: Walloon Governement arrest on the use of firearms and shots (05 october 2005). Article 3 of this arrest forbids the use of lead shots to shoot waterbird game species at less then 50 meters from a marsh, a lake, a pound, a water reservoirs, a river or a canal.

Have you introduced self-imposed and published timetable for banning fully the use of lead shot for hunting in wetlands? velocity No

Please explain the reasons

> In Flanders, Brussels and Federal territory there is a total ban on lead shots. In the Walloon region there is a ban in wetlands and buffer zones.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

### 23. Are there measures in your country to reduce/eliminate illegal taking? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.1.6)

🗹 No

Please explain the reasons

> In Flanders hunting legislation and species legislation (Soortenbesluit) provide a clear framework on the conditions that allow harvesting of species. Not allowed actions then provide the framework for control by police units.

Field for additional information (optional)

#### 24. Has your country used the AEWA Guidelines on sustainable harvest of migratory birds? ☑ Yes

Please provide details

>/

>/

#### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 6.1. Hunting

> Flanders: Prohibition to kill birds, to take eggs of all european wild bird species is included in the species legislation (Soortenbesluit), except for game species. Also, in case bird species cause harm to nature or society deriviations of this regulation are possible.

Walloon Region:

Prohibition to kill birds, to take eggs of all european wild bird species is included in the Law on nature conservation, except for game species (Law on nature conservation).

Law on hunting (28 February 1882) and its bills:

Bill of the Walloon Government of may 2006 gives the dates at which shooting begins and stops from 2006 to 2011.

The different measures elaborated to reduce illegal hunting are:

□ In general: The law, Police units and the Forest and Nature division of the Walloon Region

□ In particular: the unit against poaching aiming particularly at fighting against illegal hunting.

□ Fines have also been increased.

#### 6.2. Other human activities

#### 25. Does your country have legislation in place, which provides for Strategic Environmental Assessment/Environmental Impact Assessment (SEA/EIA) of activities potentially negatively affecting natural habitats or wildlife? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.3.1) ☑ Yes and being implemented

Do the SEA/EIA processes consider waterbirds and habitats on which they depend? ⊠ Yes

#### Please provide details

> Flemish Region: Decree concerning general provisions relating to environmental policy Decree of 5 April 1995 concerning general provisions relating to environmental policy and the Decision of the Flemish Government of 10/12/2004 provide the procedure and a list of activities for which an Environmental Impact Report has to be written.

According to art. 36ter of the Decree for Nature Conservation, for every activity, plan or program that needs to be licenced and that might have a negative impact on a SPA, there has to be made an appropriate assessment.

Federal level: Belgian marine territory: royal Decrees (in pursuance of the MMM law of 20/01/1999): the RD of 09/09/2003 establishing the rules related to the environmental impact assessment and the royal decree of the 07/09/2003 establishing the procedures for granting permits and authorisations for some activities in the marine spaces.

Walloon Region : Impact assessments of projects, plans and programmes on the environment is included in Wallonia in the "environemental code" part V, chapiter II « Système d'évaluation des incidences des plans et programmes sur l'environnement » and chapiter III « Système d'évaluation des incidences de projets sur l'environnement ».

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

FL - Environmental Impact Report (Dutch)

FL - Appropriate assessment (Dutch)

Do the SEA/EIA processes include public participation? ☑ Yes

#### Please provide details

Flanders: The procedure for the Environmental Impact Report includes public consultation. The request for a licence that might have an influence on a SPA is published for public consultation together with the appropriate assessment.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

### 26. In the last three years, has your country used SEA/EIA for all relevant projects to assess the impact of proposed projects on migratory waterbird species listed on table 1 and/or habitats/sites on which they depend? (AEWA Action Plan, paragraph 4.3.1) vers all proposed projects

🖭 ies, all proposed projects

Please provide information on the outstanding cases > Assessment on the impact of windmills.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

FL - Impact Assessment windmills and seabirds

Field for additional information (optional) > /

#### **27.** Is by-catch of waterbirds in fishing gear taking place in your country? (Resolution 3.8) I Yes

Please provide details

> The preliminary conclusions of the following study: 'An integrated impact assessment of trammel net and beam trawl fisheries', state that the bycatch of seabirds is limited, athough for some sensitive birds it may have negative impact. The final report is currently being written.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

# 28. Has your country undertaken steps towards the adoption/application of measures to reduce the incidental catch of seabirds and combat Illegal Unregulated and Unreported (IUU) fishing practices in the Agreement area? (Resolution 3.8)

Please provide short description of all actions

> The national committee European Fisheries policy is discussing the European guidelines on this matter to see whether and how they could be implemented. At the same time stakeholder forum for all the involved actors.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

### **Optionally you can provide additional information on section 6.2. Other Human Activities**

#### **Pressures and Responses 7. Research and Monitoring**

29. Does your country have waterbird monitoring schemes for the AEWA species in place? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 2)

🛛 Yes

#### Covering the breeding period

☑ Fully

Please provide details

> Flemish region:

- Rare breeding birds. Since 1994, a monitoring scheme on breeding birds, the project 'Bijzondere Broedvogels Vlaanderen', has been set up in Flanders. The species involved include all colonial breeders, rare breeding species (less than 150-200 pairs in Flanders) and all exotic (feral) birds, altogether about 60 species. They are censused on a yearly basis and in a standardized way.

- Common breeding birds. In Flanders, a new monitoring project for common breeding birds started in 2007, in cooperation between the Institute for Nature and Forest Research and 'Natuurpunt' (NGO).

Walloon region:

Breeding birds of Wallonia Atlas (co-ordination Aves): Elaboration of an atlas project. This atlas enables us to identify all breeding birds (approximately 175), even introduced species (approximately 12), to assess their repartition and their populations. A special attention is given to rare species. This atlas was published in 2011.
Monitoring of wintering birds (by Aves). Counting of waterbirds from October to March. Data's are published in the « Bulletin Aves » magazine and communicated to Wetlands international.

□ Breeding birds of Wallonia Atlas (co-ordination Aves): Elaboration of an atlas project (points d'écoute et données spécifiques). This atlas will enable us to identify all breeding birds (approximately 175), even introduced species (approximately 12), to assess their repartition and their populations. A special attention is given to rare species. This atlas will probably be published in 2009.

Implementation of methods to collect data's on birds in the framework of the elaboration of the Natura 2000 site's designation bills.

□ Monitoring of common birds (started in 1990 by AVES).

Monitoring of birds for the State of the Walloon Environment "Etat de l'Environnement wallon" http://environnement.wallonie.be/eew/default.aspx .

#### Covering the passage/migration period

Partially

Please provide details

> Although not strictly coordinated at a Belgian or regional level, counts of migrating birds are done by many volunteers. Data are entered in a online database and give a good picture of migration periods and monthly or yearly fluctutions.

#### Covering the non-breeding/wintering period

☑ Fully

Please provide details

> Flemish Region:

- Waterbird counts. In Flanders, six waterfowl counts are organized every winter. coordinationby the Institute of Nature and Forest Research. counts from October until March. The mid-January count makes part of the 'International Waterfowl Census', a monitoring project of Wetlands International. About 500-600 sites in Flanders are counted on a regular basis, including at least all major wetlands.

- Seabird counts. Counts of overwintering seabirds are done and beached birds are mapped along the Belgian coast

Walloon Region:

- Monitoring of wintering birds (by Aves). Counting of waterbirds from October to March. Data's are published in the « Bulletin Aves » magazine and communicated to Wetlands international.

#### Brussels Capital Region:

- Counting wintering waterbirds since 2003. Waterbirds are counted every year in the valley of the Woluwe, one of the most important wintering places of waterbirds in the Brussels Capital Region.

#### Field for additional information (optional)

### 30. Have you used the AEWA Guidelines for a waterbird monitoring protocol? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ No

Please explain the reasons. What guidance has been used instead?

> Monitoring programs were existing at the time the guidelines were established. It's possible to use them in future monitoring protocols.

## 31. List (or provide links to lists) of research related to waterbirds and their conservation that has been undertaken or results published in the past triennium (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 5)

> Report on possible conflicts between wind turbines and birds or bats in Flanders:

Everaert J., Peymen J. & van Straaten D. (2011). Risico's voor vogels en vleermuizen bij geplande windturbines in Vlaanderen. Dynamisch beslissingsondersteunend instrument. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek 2011 (INBO.R.2011.32). Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek, Brussel.

This dynamic decision-instrument includes information and recommendations concerning the possible effects of planned wind turbines on birds and bats in Flanders (northern part of Belgium). The instrument makes clear what essential steps have to be undertaken for new projects and plans of wind farms, and where the necessary information can be found to proceed these steps. The instrument can be used on both a strategic and project level, but not in the

same way. The instrument also includes a vulnerability atlas for birds and wind farms. The component maps of this atlas can be consulted in a geographical web application via the website of INBO (www.inbo.be – search: 'risicoatlas windturbines'). In this vulnerability atlas, Flanders is divided into areas with a risk gradation of 0 to 3. Based on the available information, the atlas shows

where and why there is a potential risk for birds when wind turbines should be build in these areas, and what steps (impact analysis) have to be taken. Although it's less recommended (certainly on strategic level) to build wind turbines in risk classification 2 and 3 areas and certain parts (to specify) of classification 1 areas, further inquiry could result in certain possibilities for wind turbines, if necessary with mitigation or compensation measures. The vulnerability atlas for birds and wind farms has it's limitations, but it can also be used as starting point for environmental impact analysis at a project level. The chance of significant impact will play an important part in the final assessment.

General information (not yet available on maps) about areas with potential risks for bats, are also included in the instrument.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

http://www.inbo.be/files/bibliotheek/28/226328.pdf

Search 'risicoatlas windturbines'

Field for additional information (optional) > /

## 32. Has your government provided over the past triennium funds and/or logistical support for the International Waterbird Census at international or national level? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 1)

☑ No

Please explain the reasons

No budget available. In Flanders, a professional ornithologist at the Nature and Forest Research Institute (institute of the Flemish government) is responsible for coordinating the IWC and maintaining the waterbird database.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 7. Research and Monitoring $^{\scriptscriptstyle >}/$

#### **Pressures and Responses 8. Education and Information**

#### 8.1. AEWA Communication Strategy

33. Has your country developed and implemented programmes for raising awareness and understanding on waterbird conservation and about AEWA? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 3 and AEWA Action Plan, paragraphs 6.1-6.4)

 $\square$  Yes, being implemented

Please list major features of the programmes and details of a contact person for each programme > • Flemish Region:

- The Agency for Nature and Forests runs several nature visitor centers, where the public is informed on a large spectrum of nature conservation issues.

- Nature conservation NGO's also pay attention to raising public awareness about nature conservation in general, including waterbirds and wetland ecosystems.

• Walloon Region:

- Naturalists' associations are financed in view to organize public awareness and education activities. Nature protection organizations such as the WWF, AVES, the 'Ligue Royale pour la Protection des Oiseaux' (LRBPO), the 'Réserves naturelles et ornithologiques de Belgique' (RNOB), 'Ardenne et Gaume', 'Les Cercles des Naturalistes de Belgique', 'Jeunes et Nature' and 'Forêt Wallonne' all have educational activities oriented towards nature conservation.

- Public education and awareness is one of the missions of Natural parks.

• Federal level: Belgian marine territory:

- A national campaign was launched in April 2005 in order to create a social basis for the different "values" of the sea.

Field for additional information (optional)

>/

34. Has your country provided funding and other support, as appropriate (e.g. expertise, network, skills and resources), secured for the implementation of the AEWA Communication Strategy? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 1 and Resolution 3.10) □ No

Please explain the reasons > No budget available.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

35. In Resolution 3.10 the Meeting of the Parties encouraged Contracting Parties to host AEWA Exchange Centres for their respective regions. Has your country considered/shown interest in hosting a Regional AEWA Exchange Centre? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 2 and Resolution 3.10)

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Not considered yet

Please provide details on the answer given above > No budget available.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

36. Training for CEPA (Communication, Education and Public Awareness) at national level is supposed to be conducted by staff, which has been trained in the framework of the AEWA Training of Trainers programme. Has such training taken place in your country in the past triennium? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 3, Target 2)

Applicable only for countries in regions where Training of Trainers programme has taken place  $\ensuremath{\square}$  Other

#### Please explain

> Training of Trainers programme has not taken place.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

### **Optionally you can provide additional information on section 8.1. AEWA Communication Strategy**

> /

#### **Pressures and Responses 9. Implementation**

### **37.** Has your country approached non-contracting parties to encourage them to ratify the Agreement? (Resolution 3.10)

Report only on activities over the past triennium  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No

Please explain the reasons > No reason.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

**38.** Has your country supported/developed international co-operation projects for the implementation of the Agreement, according to the priorities outlined in the AEWA International Implementation Tasks (IIT) for the current triennium? (Resolution 3.11)  $\square$  No

Please explain the reasons > There was no budget available.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

**39.** Has your country resourced the AEWA Small Grants Fund over the past triennium? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 5, Target 5) ☑ No

Please explain the reasons > There was no budget available.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

40. Does your country have in place a national coordination mechanism for implementation of AEWA, possibly linking to national coordination mechanisms for other biodiversity Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAs)? (Strategic Plan 2009-2017, Objective 5, Target 8) v Yes, it is operational on a regular basis

Please provide details

> The Coordination Committee for International Environmental Issues / Nature, an interregional coordination committee.

Field for additional information (optional) > /

### 41. How would you suggest promoting further links between the biodiversity MEAs to which your country is a Contracting Party, so as to make your work more efficient and effective?

> By the harmonization of the reporting formats, harmonized cooperation between these conventions and agreements, use of "indicators": 'blinkers', which give signals and indications of situations and trends. Indicators could show how well which goals of the Agreement are being reached in a rather easy way, would allow a high degree of standardization in the reporting process.

Sets of indicators have been developed at EU-level, Those sets could form a basis for specific indicators for the AEWA Action Plan.

#### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 9. Implementation

> /

#### **Pressures and Responses** 10. Avian Influenza

#### 42. What issues have proved challenging in responding nationally to the spread of the Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the last triennium and what further guidance or information would be useful in this respect?

#### List challenges

> The main challenge has been and still is the organization of the passive surveillance in wild birds in order to submit for a laboratory analysis a sufficient number of carcasses of wild birds that have died in nature. The notification of such suspicions in wildlife is at the moment mainly done by professional wild life "workers", e.g. ornithologists and employees of the regional nature authorities. In the last year, we have expanded this surveillance birds that die in wild birds refuge centers. A third pillar, that of a nationwide telephone number, free of charge, via which the public can notify suspect cases of mortality in wild birds, has not been very successful: once the attention skips away from bird flu towards other topics, the willingness of the public to notify wild birds found dead diminishes quickly.

List required further guidance or information

> It would be interesting to hear from other countries that have good experiences with public involvement how they have organized and stimulated the continuous awareness amongst the public.

Field for additional information (optional) >/

#### 43. Have you visited and used as a reference the AIWEb (the Avian Influenza, Wildlife and the **Environment web site)?**

☑ No

Field for additional information (optional) >/

### Optionally you can provide additional information on section 10. Avian Influenza

>/

#### **11.** Confirmation

#### Confirmation of information verification and approval for submission

#### Please confirm:

In addition a scanned copy of an official letter from the relevant state institution, approving the report for submission, can be attached.

☑ I declare that the information provided in the Report on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2009-2011 has been verified and the report has been approved for submission by the appropriate state institution in the country.

You have attached the following documents to this answer.

AEWA National Report 2009 2011 begeleidende brief.pdf - Official letter of the Agency for Nature and Forests

#### Date of submission

> 08/02/2012