**15th MEETING OF THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE**

*09–11 April 2019, Bonn, Germany*

**DISCUSSION PAPER ON ESTABLISHING A PROCEDURE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT, ISSUANCE AND UPDATING OF CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE FOR AEWA POPULATIONS**

**Background**

Target 1.3 of the AEWA Strategic Plan 2019-2027 foresees that science-based conservation and management guidance should be available for all other priority populations not covered by International Species Action Plans according to Target 1.2 or International Species Management Plans according to Target 2.4. This approach was introduced by the AEWA Strategic Plan in recognition of the fact that populations listed in Table 1 Column A, Categories 1(a) and 1(b), as well as Column A populations marked with an asterisk as well as Near Threated populations in Category 4 of Column A of the AEWA Action Plan represent priorities for the development of International Species Action Plans.

In addition, however, efforts by Range States and relevant stakeholders to halt the decline and assist the recovery of a large number of populations listed in Table 1 Category 1 (c), Category 2 or Category 3 in column A or Category 2 in Column B of the AEWA Action Plan should be supported through simplified conservation and management guidance.

As foreseen in the AEWA Strategic Plan and the Plan of Action for Africa, by the end of 2019, the AEWA Technical Committee is expected to:

1. conduct a rapid review of existing information to identify relevant populations for which new or improved conservation and management guidance is required for AEWA purposes and;
2. agree roles, responsibilities and mechanisms for updating of guidance and preparation/dissemination of new guidance.

By AEWA MOP10, the Strategic Plan foresees that Parties shall implement actions to reduce threats to populations with unfavorable conservation status where they support more than 1% of the biogeographic population.

**Establishing a procedure for the development, issuance and updating of AEWA conservation and management guidance for select populations**

1. *Assessment and prioritisation of populations concerned*

It is proposed that the assessment and prioritisation of populations for the development of AEWA conservation and management guidance be undertaken by the Technical Committee after each Session of the Meeting of the Parties in connection with the prioritisation exercise for AEWA International Species Action and Management Plans, which is already a rolling task assigned to the Committee.

The Strategic Plan foresees that the assessment and subsequent prioritisation for the development of guidance should be undertaken for those populations listed in Table 1 Category 1 (c), Category 2 or Category 3 in Column A or Category 2 in Column B of the AEWA Action Plan on the basis of population status and trend assessment (as outlined in the latest available edition of the AEWA Conservation Status Report).

A first such assessment and prioritisation has been undertaken by the AEWA Secretariat on behalf of the Technical Committee as a basis for discussions at this meeting. This exercise showed, however, that it will be prudent to consider all populations listed on Columns A and B of Table 1 for the development of conservation and management guidance – not merely those populations foreseen in the Strategic Plan.

The prioritisation was subsequently carried out for all populations listed on Columns A and B of Table 1 according to the criteria established by the Technical Committee for the prioritisation of populations for action-planning as well as the following (Annex IV):

* Species/populations prioritised for action planning or management planning with recovery objective, but for which no expressions of interest or support exist to develop Plans in the near future would, in fact, benefit most from the issuance of conservation or management guidance. Amongst them, the globally threatened and near-threatened species are seen as the first priority for receiving such guidance. Issued guidance would become obsolete and could be removed from the AEWA website once a Species Action or Management Plan is developed and adopted for the species in question.
* In addition to the primary priority species/populations mentioned above (globally threatened and near-threatened), priority should generally be given to populations in decline – irrespective of their listing on Table 1 (for example prioritising populations listed in Column A Categories 2 or 3 in decline over populations listed in Category 1 (c) with a stable or increasing trend).
* The guidance will be most effective if issued per species, and therefore a priority species list (with relevant populations indicated) has been created on the basis of the overall prioritisation of all relevant populations. This species list presented in Annex III shows the suggested prioritisation for the production of guidance during this triennium (2019-2021). Species have been prioritised based on the population ranked highest on the population overview list in Annex IV.

1. *Roles, responsibilities and mechanisms for updating of guidance and preparation/dissemination of new guidance*

Following approval of the updated assessment and prioritisation at its first meeting after each MOP, the Committee will be invited to discuss possible available capacity within the Committee to produce guidance and/or the need to outsource some of the work.

In general, it is suggested that guidance for the conservation and management of prioritised species/populations be issued following approval by the Technical Committee on a rolling basis throughout the triennium. Draft guidance would be approved via the Technical Committee Workspace, as they become available.

Regarding the review of guidance issued by the Committee, it is suggested that these could also be updated on a rolling basis when and if new information regarding the species/population in question comes to light (new research, updates to the Species Fact Sheet on the BirdLife International Datazone etc.).

It is suggested that issued guidance be comprehensively reviewed by the Technical Committee members every ten years in conjunction with the overall assessment and prioritisation of species/populations.

It is further suggested that finalisation (i.e. formatting to fit agreed format) and dissemination of issued guidance following approval by the Technical Committee be handled by the AEWA Secretariat. This would include disseminating the guidance directly to the government contact points in relevant Range States, but also featuring the guidance on the species pages of the AEWA website.

1. *Format*

As a starting point for the envisaged science-based conservation and management guidance, the AEWA Strategic Plan already indicates that some advice can be found in the Ecology and Threats sections on the Text Account tab of the relevant Species Fact Sheets in the BirdLife International Data Zone[[1]](#footnote-1). In 2008, under the framework of the Wings Over Wetlands Project, the ecology sections were updated with information on behavior, habitat, diet, breeding sites and management information based on a literature review. Two such Fact Sheets have been attached below in Annex II as examples (Whooper Swan (*Cygnus cygnus*) and White-backed Duck (*Thalassornis leuconotus*)).

Whilst the BirdLife Fact Sheets provide a very good starting point for the envisaged AEWA Species conservation and management guidance, it is suggested to develop a specific simple format fit for AEWA purposes with updated information per population as listed under the Agreement – rather than referring Parties directly to the BirdLife Fact Sheets alone. This will allow to cater for AEWA-specific information, such as the current conservation status of various populations recognised under AEWA and the legal obligations of Contracting Parties resulting thereof.

It is suggested that the information provided in the BirdLife Fact Sheets serve as the basis for populating the AEWA guidance, in close collaboration with BirdLife International. BirdLife (as well as any other co-authors of the BirdLife Fact Sheets) would be appropriately referenced. Any new or updated information arising during the preparation of the AEWA guidance, would also be fed back to BirdLife for insertion into the Fact Sheets, as appropriate.

It is proposed that the format be two pages maximum and that the logic follow that of the revised format for AEWA International Single Species Action Plans adopted at MOP7. Maps outlining the delineation of AEWA-listed populations per species could be obtained from the Critical Site Network tool. A draft format for discussion and adoption is provided below in Annex I.

1. *Overview of the process with respective timelines*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Steps | Timeline | Lead |
| Assessment and prioritisation of relevant populations for development of new AEWA conservation and management guidance | After each MOP, before 1st TC meeting in the new triennium | AEWA Secretariat on behalf of the TC |
| Development of guidance for prioritised species/populations | Following decision taken by TC at its 1st meeting after each MOP | TC members and AEWA Secretariat as well as other identified experts |
| Approval of guidance | On a rolling basis throughout the triennium via the TC workspace as new/updated guidance becomes available | TC members |
| Review and possible update of issued guidance | On a rolling basis as new information becomes available, but with a thorough check every 10 years | TC members and AEWA Secretariat as well as other identified experts |
| Dissemination and posting on AEWA website | On a rolling basis throughout the triennium via direct correspondence with relevant range states and by uploading adopted guidance on species webpage on AEWA website | AEWA Secretariat |

**Action expected from the AEWA Technical Committee:**

The Technical Committee is invited to discuss and decide on the procedure (including prioritisation and format) for the development, issuance and updating of conservation and management guidance for AEWA populations.

In addition, the Committee is invited to discuss and decide on the first round of AEWA populations for which guidance is to be developed as a priority during this triennium.

**Annex I – DRAFT Format for AEWA population conservation and management guidance[[2]](#footnote-2)**

**1 – Basic data**

* Species covered by the guidance (all relevant populations);
* Map of whole range and list of all range states with Principal Range States (hosting breeding and/or non-breeding numbers above 1% of the biogeographic population threshold) indicated in bold;
* International legal status (as applicable, with regard to geographic range of the species/population in question): AEWA Table 1 status; CMS; CITES; Bern Convention; EU Birds Directive)

**2 – Threats/Problems and Recommendations for Conservation and Management Action**

**Table** listing identified threats and problems, the estimated impact of the threat on the species/population and corresponding recommendations for action.

**Table 1. Threats/problems and Recommendations for Action**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***Threat/problem & description*** | ***Threat/problem level[[3]](#footnote-3)*** | ***Recommendation for Action*** |
| Description of threat/problem |  | Description of action  Applicable to: [insert range states] |

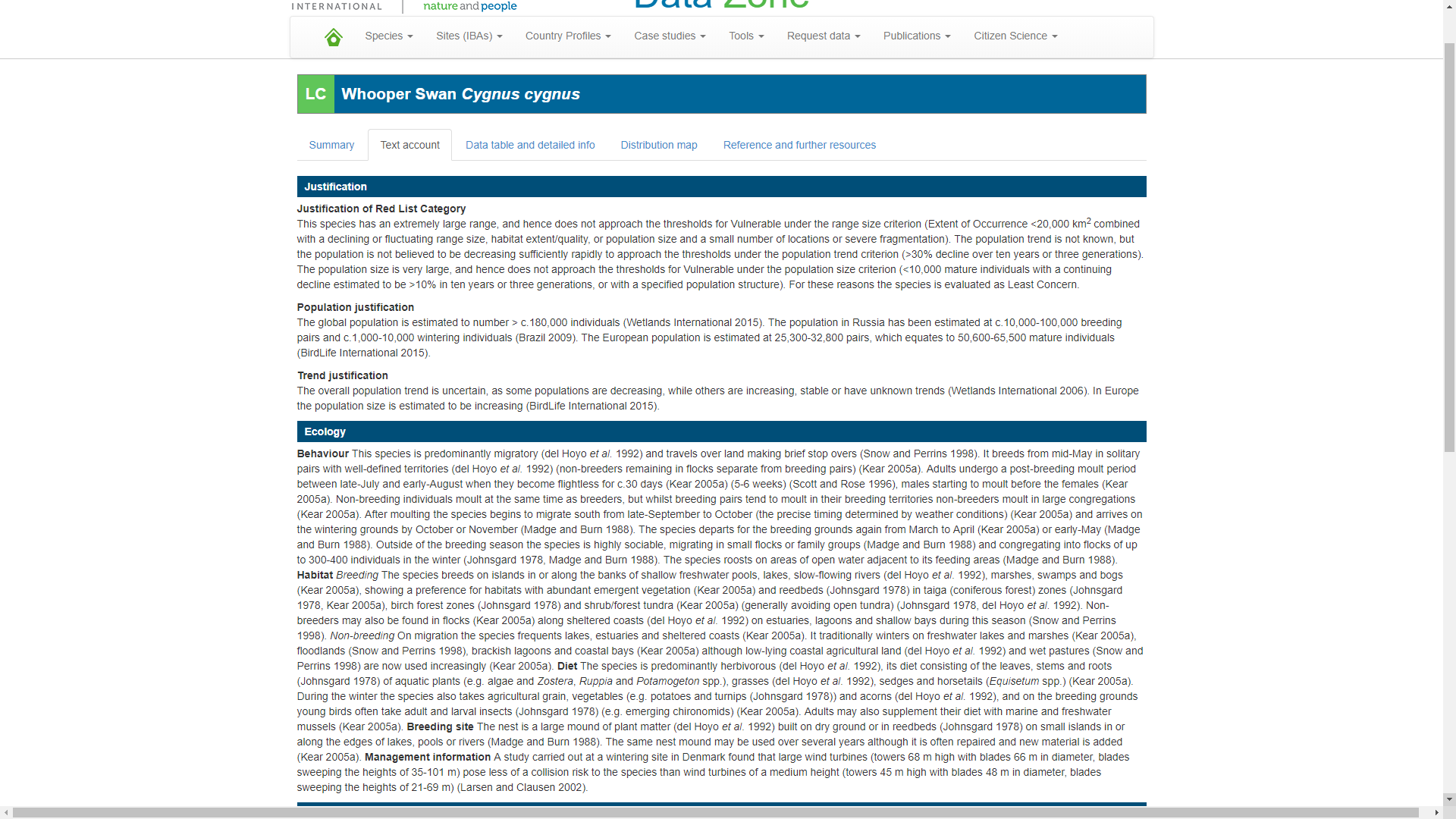
**3** **– Biological Assessment**

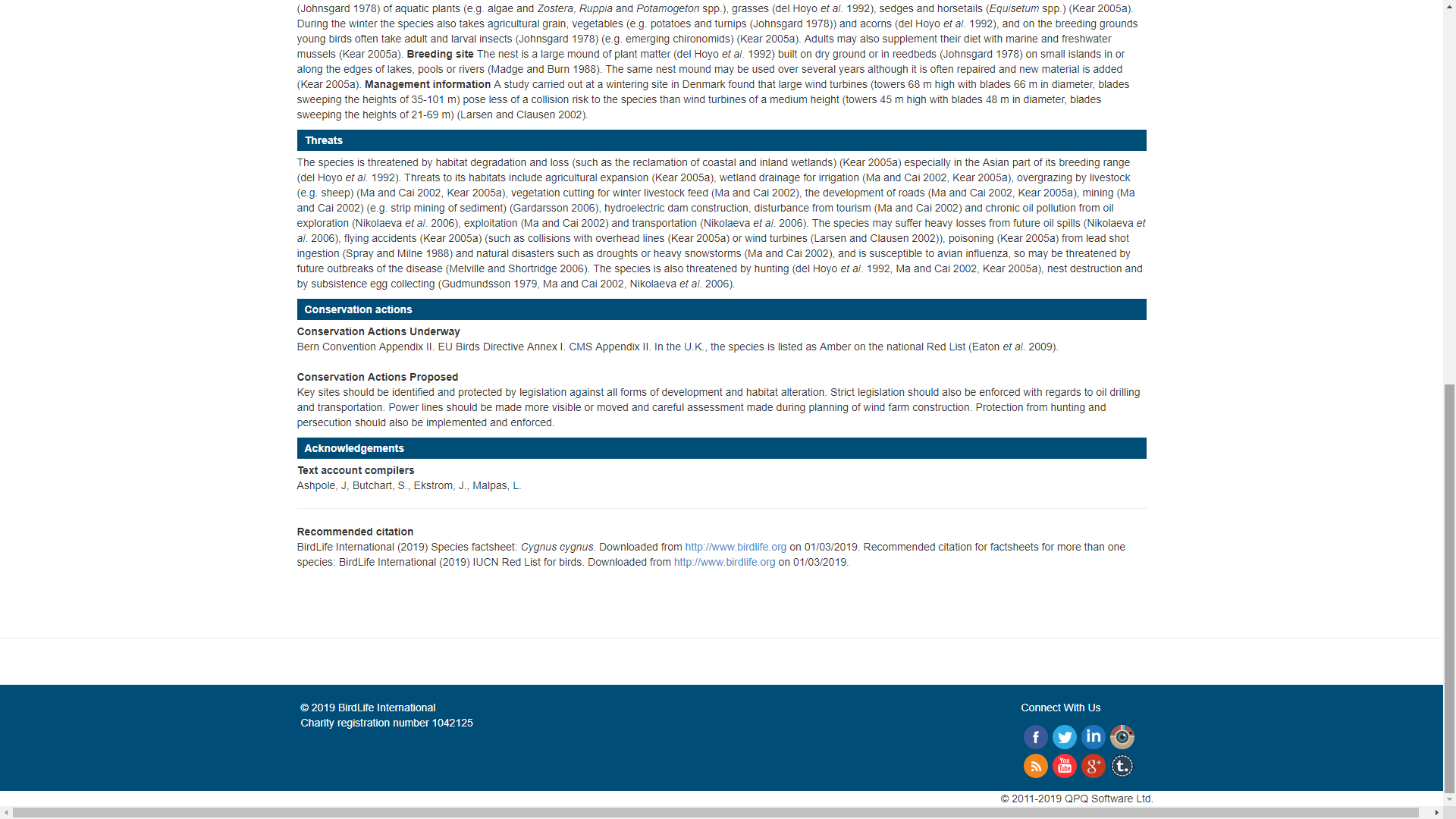
* Habitat;
* Description of population size and trend for each geographic population (include link to Waterbird Population Estimates portal)

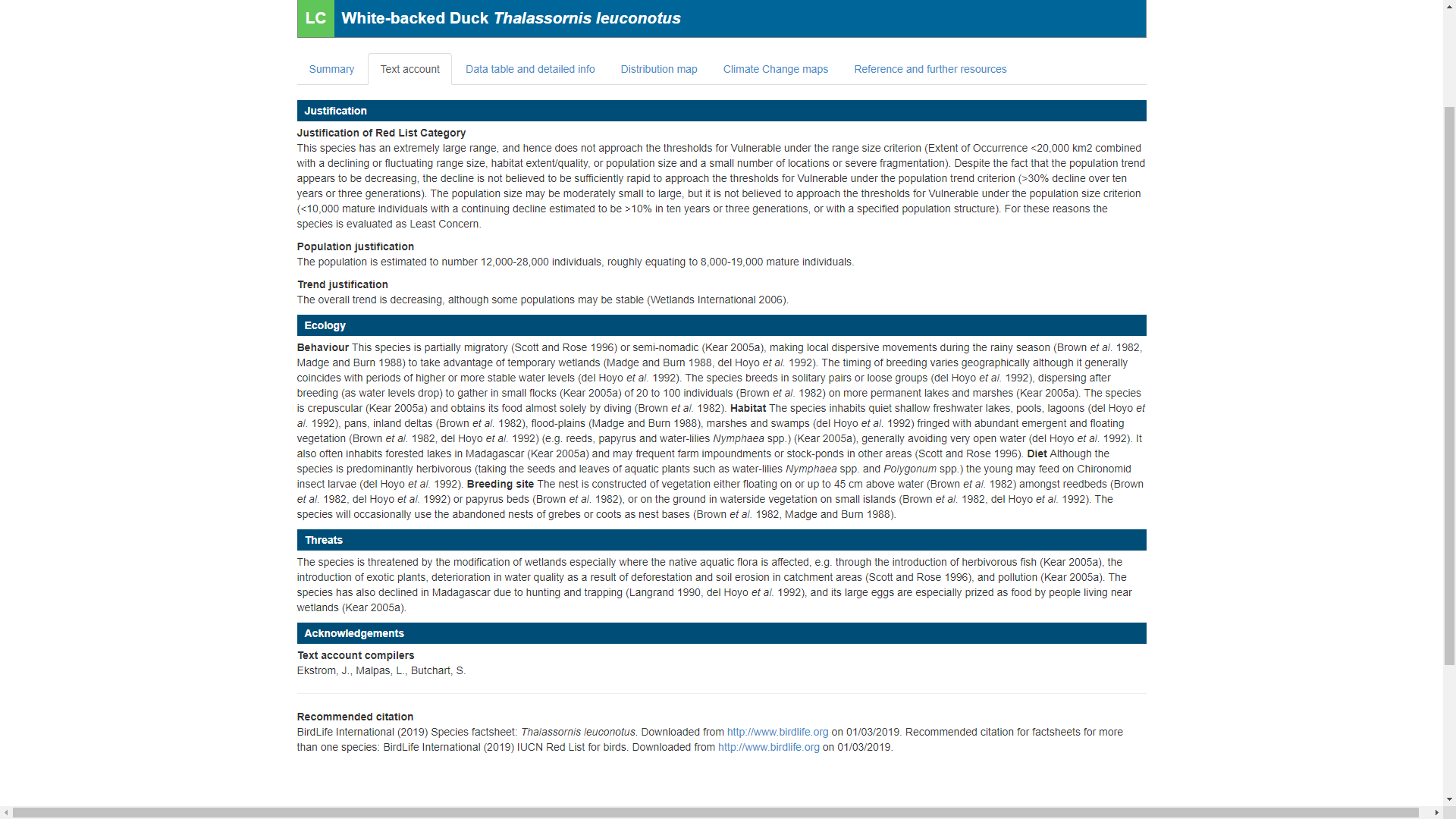
**4 – References**

* List of most relevant literature used for the preparation the guidance
* Links to Conservation Evidence, if applicable

**Annex II – Examples of Species Fact Sheets from the BirdLife International Data Zone[[4]](#footnote-4),[[5]](#footnote-5)**







**Annex III. Species prioritised for the development of conservation and management guidance**

| **No.** | **Populations** | **A** | **Red list** | **Pop size** | **Pop trend** | **Climate change** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **1** | **Great Knot - *Calidris tenuirostris*** |  | EN |  |  |  |
|  | - Eastern Siberia/SW Asia & W Southern Asia | 1a 1b 1c |  | 1,500-2,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **2** | **Marbled Teal[[6]](#footnote-6) - *Marmaronetta angustirostris*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - East Mediterranean | 1a 1b 1c |  | 20-100 | DEC | High |
|  | - West Mediterranean/West Medit. & West Africa | 1a 1b 1c |  | 6,000-7,500 | DEC? | High |
|  | - South-west Asia | 1a 1b 3c |  | 46,000-50,000 | INC? | Some |
| **3** | **Socotra Cormorant - *Phalacrocorax nigrogularis*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - Arabian Coast | 1b |  | 270,000 | DEC | Moderate |
|  | - Gulf of Aden, Socotra, Arabian Sea | 1b |  | 60,000-63,000 | STA/INC | Moderate |
| **4** | **Common Pochard - *Aythya ferina*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - North-east Europe/North-west Europe | 1b |  | 200,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - Central & NE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean | 1b |  | 570,000-630,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/South-west Asia | 1b |  | 460,000-500,000 | DEC? |  |
| **5** | **Black-Legged Kittiwake - *Rissa tridactyla*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | Arctic from NE Canada to Novaya Zemlya/N Atlantic | 1b |  | 6,400,000-7,600,000 | DEC |  |
| **6** | **Black Crowned-crane - *Balearica pavonina*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | *Balearica pavonina pavonina* (Black Crowned-crane, West African Crowned-crane)  - West Africa (Senegal to Chad) | 1b 1c |  | 5,000-15,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Balearica pavonina ceciliae* (Black Crowned-crane, Sudan Crowned-crane)  - Eastern Africa (Sudan to Uganda) | 1b 3c |  | 28,000-55,000 | UNK | Some |
| ***7*** | **Horned Grebe - *Podiceps auritus auritus*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - North-east Europe (small-billed) | 1b 2 |  | 15,000-23,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - North-west Europe (large-billed) | 1b 1c |  | 4,600-5,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | - Caspian & South Asia (win) | 1b 1c |  | 1-10,000 | UNK |  |
| **8** | **Atlantic Puffin - *Fratercula arctica*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - Faeroes, S Norway & Sweden, Britain, Ireland, NW France | 1b |  | 3,500,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Hudson Bay & Maine E to S Greenland, Iceland, Bear Is, Norway to S Novaya Zemlya | 1b |  | 12,000,000-15,000,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - NE Canada, N Greenland, to Jan Mayen, Svalbard, N Novaya Zemlya | 1b |  | 35,000 | UNK |  |
| **9** | **Madagascar Pratincole - *Glareola ocularis*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - Madagascar/East Africa | 1b 1c |  | 5,000-10,000 | UNK | High |
| **10** | **Wattled Crane - *Bugeranus carunculatus*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - Central & Southern Africa | 1b 1c |  | 9,000 | STA? | Some |
| **11** | **Steller’s Eider[[7]](#footnote-7) - *Polysticta stelleri*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/North-east Europe | 1a 1b |  | 27,000 | STA | Some |
| **12** | **Blue Crane - *Anthropoides paradiseus*** |  | VU |  |  |  |
|  | - Extreme Southern Africa | 1b |  | 25,000-30,000 | INC | Moderate |
| **13** | **Armenian Gull - *Larus armenicus*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Armenia, Eastern Turkey & NW Iran | 3a 3c |  | 59,000-85,000 | DEC | Moderate |
| **14** | **Curlew Sandpiper - *Calidris ferruginea*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/West Africa | 4 |  | 350,000-450,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | - Central Siberia/SW Asia, E & S Africa | 4 |  | 400,000 | DEC? | Some |
| **15** | **Razorbill - *Alca torda* *islandica*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Iceland, Faeroes, Britain, Ireland, Helgoland, NW France | 4 |  | 1,380,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - E North America, Greenland, E to Baltic & White Seas | 4 |  | 187,000-207,000 | INC? |  |
| **16** | **Northern Lapwing[[8]](#footnote-8) - *Vanellus vanellus*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Europe, W Asia/Europe, N Africa & SW Asia | 4 |  | 5,500,000-9,500,000 | DEC |  |
| **17** | **Chestnut-banded Plover - *Charadrius pallidus pallidus*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa | 2 |  | 11,000-16,000 | DEC? | Moderate |
|  | - Eastern Africa | 1c |  | 6,500 | INC? | Critical |
| **18** | **Common Eider[[9]](#footnote-9) - *Somateria mollissima borealis*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Svalbard & Franz Joseph (bre) | 4 |  | 60,000-82,500 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Baltic, Denmark & Netherlands | 4 |  | 930,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - Norway & Russia | 4 |  | 510,000-525,000 | STA/INC |  |
| **19** | **Bar-tailed Godwit - *Limosa lapponica taymyrensis*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/West & South-west Africa | 4 |  | 500,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Central Siberia/South & SW Asia & Eastern Africa | 4 |  | 100,000-150,000 | INC? |  |
|  | - Northern Europe/Western Europe | 4 |  | 150,000 | INC |  |
| **20** | **Red Knot - *Calidris canutus*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | *Calidris canutus canutus* (Red Knot)  - Northern Siberia/West & Southern Africa | 4 |  | 250,000 | DEC/STA | Some |
|  | *Calidris canutus islandica* (Red Knot)  - NE Canada & Greenland/Western Europe | 4 |  | 500,000-565,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
| **21** | **African Skimmer - *Rynchops flavirostris*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Coastal West Africa & Central Africa | 1c |  | 7,000-13,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Eastern & Southern Africa | 1c |  | 8,000-12,000 | UNK |  |
| **22** | **Eurasian Oystercatcher - *Haematopus ostralegus*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | *Haematopus ostralegus ostralegus* (Eurasian Oystercatcher)[[10]](#footnote-10)  - Europe/South & West Europe & NW Africa | 4 |  | 850,000-950,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | *Haematopus ostralegus longipes* (Eurasian Oystercatcher)  - SE Eur & W Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa | 4 |  | 27,000-50,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **23** | **Yellow-billed Loon - *Gavia adamsii*** |  | NT |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe (win) | 1c |  | 1-8,000 | STA? | High |

| **No.** | **Populations** | **A** | **B** | **Red list** | **Pop size** | **Pop trend** | **Climate change** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **24** | Common Crane - *Grus grus archibaldi* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Turkey & Georgia (bre) \* | 1c |  |  | 100-130 | DEC | Critical |
| **25** | Cape Teal - *Anas capensis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Lake Chad basin\* | 1c |  |  | 1-500 | DEC | Critical |
|  | - Eastern Africa (Rift Valley) \* | 1c |  |  | 5,750-7,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | - Southern Africa (N to Angola & Zambia) |  | 1 |  | 20,000-75,000 | INC? |  |
| **26** | Eurasian Bittern - *Botaurus stellaris* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Botaurus stellaris capensis*  - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 500-2,000 | DEC | High |
|  | *Botaurus stellaris stellaris*  - South-west Asia (win) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Botaurus stellaris stellaris***[[11]](#footnote-11)**  - W Europe, NW Africa (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 7,150-9,100 | INC |  |
| **27** | Dunlin**[[12]](#footnote-12)** - *Calidris alpina schinzii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Baltic/SW Europe & NW Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,400-1,800 | DEC | High |
|  | - Britain & Ireland/SW Europe & NW Africa |  | 1 |  | 26,300-32,300 | INC |  |
| **28** | Roseate Tern - *Sterna dougallii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Sterna dougallii gracilis*  - North Arabian Sea (Oman)\* | 1c |  |  | 120-150 | DEC | Some |
|  | *Sterna dougallii dougallii*  - Southern Africa & Madagascar\* | 1c |  |  | 250-800 | FLU | Some |
|  | *Sterna dougallii gracilis*  - Seychelles & Mascarenes\* | 1c |  |  | 5,000-6,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Sterna dougallii dougallii*  - East Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-20,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Sterna dougallii dougallii***[[13]](#footnote-13)**  - Europe (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 6,800-8,650 | INC | Some |
| **29** | Purple Sandpiper - *Calidris maritima* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - NE Canada & N Greenland (breeding) | 2 |  |  | 11,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | - N Europe & W Siberia (breeding) |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | INC | Some |
| **30** | Slender-billed Gull - *Larus genei* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (breeding) |  | 2a (2c) |  | 130,000- 200,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | - West Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 24,000-30,000 | STA/DEC? | Some |
| **31** | Little Stint - *Calidris minuta* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - N Europe/S Europe, North & West Africa |  | (2c) |  | 300,000 | DEC | Some |
| **32** | Red-crested Pochard - *Netta rufina* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western & Central Asia/South-west Asia\*\* |  | 2c |  | 250,000-400,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | INC? | Some |
|  | - South-west & Central Europe/West Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 50,000-60,000 | INC | Some |
| **33** | White-backed Duck - *Thalassornis leuconotus leuconotus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1-500 | DEC |  |
|  | - Eastern & Southern Africa\* | 2\* |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | DEC |  |
| **34** | Little Tern - *Sternula albifrons* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons*  - West Mediterranean/ W Africa (bre) | 3b 3c |  |  | 21,000-28,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons*  - Black Sea & East Mediterranean (bre) | 3b 3c |  |  | 80,000-117,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons guineae*  - West Africa (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 2,000-3,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons*  - Caspian (bre) | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons*  - Europe north of Mediterranean (bre) | 2 |  |  | 19,000-25,000 | STA |  |
| **35** | Black Guillemot - *Cepphus grylle* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Cepphus grylle islandicus*  - Iceland | 3c |  |  | 21,300-40,500 | DEC |  |
|  | *Cepphus grylle* *grylle*  - Baltic Sea | 3c |  |  | 46,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Cepphus grylle faeroeensis*  - Faeroes |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
| **36** | Common Gull-billed Tern - *Gelochelidon nilotica nilotica* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean/Eastern Africa | 3c |  |  | 26,000-37,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - West & Central Asia/South-west Asia | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Western Europe/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 37,000-63,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **37** | Demoiselle Crane - *Anthropoides virgo* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Kalmykia/North-east Africa\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 28,500-39,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - Black Sea (Ukraine)/North-east Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 600-700 | STA/DEC? | Critical |
| **38** | Purple Heron - *Ardea purpurea purpurea* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - West Europe & West Mediterranean/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 32,000-38,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - East Europe, Black Sea & Meditereean/Sub-Saharan Africa |  | 2c |  | 61,000-99,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Tropical Africa | (3c) |  |  | 75,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | * - [SW Asia](http://wpe.wetlands.org/view/1665) | (2) |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
| **39** | Brent Goose, Pale-bellied Brent Goose - *Branta bernicla hrota* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Canada & Greenland/Ireland | 3a |  |  | 36,500 | DEC |  |
|  | - Svalbard/Denmark & UK | 2 |  |  | 10,000 | STA |  |
| **40** | Squacco Heron - *Ardeola ralloides ralloides* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - C & E Europe, Black Sea & E Mediterranean (bre) | 3c |  |  | 29,000-52,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - West & South-west Asia/Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - SW Europe, NW Africa (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 9,000-11,000 | INC |  |
| **41** | Black-crowned Night-heron - *Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W Europe, NW Africa (bre) | 3c |  |  | 46,000-51,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - Western Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
| **42** | Great Skua - *Catharacta skua* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - N Europe/N Atlantic |  | 1 |  | 50,000 | DEC |  |
| **43** | Lesser Black-backed Gull, Baltic Gull - *Larus fuscus fuscus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - NE Europe/Black Sea, SW Asia & Eastern Africa | 3c |  |  | 53,000-81,000 | DEC |  |
| **44** | Kelp Gull - *Larus dominicanus vetula* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Coastal Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 70,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - Coastal West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 60-150 | INC |  |
| **45** | Common Redshank - *Tringa totanus totanus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Britain & Ireland/Britain, Ireland, France | 3c |  |  | 76,500 | DEC |  |
|  | - Central & East Europe (breeding)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 364,000-663,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Northern Europe (breeding)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 140,000-220,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **46** | Greylag Goose - *Anser anser* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Anser anser anser* (Western Greylag Goose)  - Iceland/UK & Ireland\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 93,750 | DEC |  |
|  | *Anser anser rubrirostris* (Eastern Greylag Goose)  - Black Sea & Turkey\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 25,000-50,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Anser anser anser* (Western Greylag Goose)  - Central Europe/North Africa\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 59,000-100,000 | INC |  |
| **47** | Little Gull - *Hydrocoloeus minutus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Central & E Europe/SW Europe & W Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 71,000-136,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - W Asia/E Mediterranean, Black Sea & Caspian | (3c) |  |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
| **48** | Great White Pelican - *Pelecanus onocrotalus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Eastern Africa |  | 2c |  | 140,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - West Africa |  | 1 |  | 60,000 | INC/STA |  |
|  | - Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 21,000-24,000 | INC |  |
|  | - Europe & Western Asia (bre)\* | 1a |  |  | 37,000 | INC |  |
| **49** | Eurasian Golden Plover - *Pluvialis apricaria* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Pluvialis apricaria apricaria*  - Britain, Ireland, Denmark, Germany & Baltic (bre)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 140,000-210,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Pluvialis apricaria altifrons*  - Northern Siberia/Caspian & Asia Minor |  | (1) |  | *No estimate* | UNK |  |
| **50** | Eurasian Wigeon - *Mareca penelope* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 180,000-200,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - W Siberia & NE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean\*\* |  | 2c |  | 390,000-490,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Western Siberia & NE Europe/NW Europe\*\* |  | 2c |  | 1,300,000-1,500,000 | DEC? |  |
| **51** | Greater Scaup - *Aythya marila marila* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe/Western Europe\*\* |  | 2c |  | 150,000-275,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/Black Sea & Caspian\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 100,000-200,000 | DEC? |  |
| **52** | European Herring Gull - *Larus argentatus argenteus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Iceland & Western Europe |  | 2c |  | 710,000-790,000 | DEC |  |
|  | - North & North-west Europe |  | 2c |  | 1,300,000-1,600,000 | DEC |  |
| **53** | Thick-billed Murre - *Uria lomvia* *lomvia* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - E North America, Greenland, E to Severnaya Zemlya\*\* |  | 2c |  | 7,300,000-8,000,000 | DEC |  |
| **54** | Black Stork - *Ciconia nigra* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,560-4,050 | DEC? | High |
|  | - South-west Europe/West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 3,590-3,830 | INC | High |
| **55** | Collared Pratincole - *Glareola pratincola pratincola* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Black Sea & E Mediterranean/Eastern Sahel zone | 2 |  |  | 18,000-32,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | - SW Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 66,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | - Western Europe & NW Africa/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 28,000-39,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
| **56** | Hartlaub's Gull - *Larus hartlaubii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Coastal South-west Africa |  | 1 |  | 25,000-35,000 | DEC? | Some |
| **57** | Common Shelduck - *Tadorna tadorna* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Asia/Caspian & Middle East | 3c |  |  | 30,000-50,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | - North-west Europe |  | 2a |  | 250,000 | STA | Some |
| **58** | Ruddy Turnstone - *Arenaria interpres interpres* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe/West Africa | 3c |  |  | 48,000-111,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | - West & Central Siberia/SW Asia, E & S Africa |  | (2c) |  | 100,000 | DEC? | Some |
| **59** | Eurasian Dotterel - *Eudromias morinellus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Europe/North-west Africa | 3c |  |  | 38,000-145,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | - Asia/Middle East |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
| **60** | Abdim's Stork - *Ciconia abdimii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa & SW Arabia |  | (2c) |  | 300,000-600,000 | DEC? | Some |
| **61** | Crowned Lapwing - *Vanellus coronatus coronatus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Eastern & Southern Africa |  | (2c) |  | 400,000-900,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | - Central Africa\* | (1c) |  |  | 1-25,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | - South-west Africa |  | (1) |  | 30,000-50,000 | STA? | Some |
| **62** | Red-breasted Merganser - *Mergus serrator* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/South-west & Central Asia\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - North-east Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean | 3c |  |  | 22,000-31,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - North-west & Central Europe (win) | 3c |  |  | 70,000-105,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
| **63** | Common Loon - *Gavia immer* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Europe (win)\* | 1c |  |  | 5,100-6,300 | DEC? |  |
| **64** | Smew - *Mergellus albellus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-east Europe/Black Sea & East Mediterranean | 2 |  |  | 20,000-30,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 30,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - North-west & Central Europe (win) |  | 1 |  | 24,000-38,000 | STA? |  |
| **65** | Black-necked Grebe - *Podiceps nigricollis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Podiceps nigricollis nigricollis*  - Western Asia/South-west & South Asia | 3c |  |  | 20,000-35,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Podiceps nigricollis gurneyi*  - Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-30,000 | INC |  |
| **66** | Great Crested Grebe - *Podiceps cristatus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Podiceps cristatus cristatus*  - Caspian & South-west Asia (win) | 3c |  |  | 30,000-35,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Podiceps cristatus infuscatus*  - Eastern Africa (Ethiopia to N Zambia) \* | 1c |  |  | 500-1,500 | UNK |  |
|  | *Podiceps cristatus infuscatus*  - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,500-5,000 | INC |  |
| **67** | Southern Pochard - *Netta erythrophthalma brunnea* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern & Eastern Africa | 3c |  |  | 30,000-70,000 | DEC? |  |
| **68** | Senegal Thick-knee - *Burhinus senegalensis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-east & Eastern Africa | (3c) |  |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
| **69** | Grey Heron - *Ardea cinerea cinerea* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West & South-west Asia (bre) |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
| **70** | Wattled Lapwing - *Vanellus senegallus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Vanellus senegallus lateralis*  - Eastern & South-east Africa | (3c) |  |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Vanellus senegallus senegallus*  - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 50,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
| **71** | Kentish Plover - *Charadrius alexandrinus alexandrinus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Europe & West Mediterranean/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 56,000-72,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean/Eastern Sahel | 3c |  |  | 45,000-66,000 | DEC/STA? |  |
|  | - SW & Central Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 100,000-150,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **72** | Green Sandpiper - *Tringa ochropus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia, NE & Eastern Africa |  | (2c) |  | 100,000 | DEC? |  |
| **73** | African Three-banded Plover - *Charadrius tricollaris* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern & Eastern Africa |  | 1 |  | 70,000-130,000 | DEC? |  |
| **74** | Greater Flamingo - *Phoenicopterus roseus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Eastern Africa | 3a 3c |  |  | 80,000-120,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - South-west & South Asia |  | 2a |  | 240,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - West Africa | 3a |  |  | 45,000-95,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - Southern Africa (to Madagascar) |  | 2a |  | 100,000-160,000 | INC? |  |
|  | - West Mediterranean |  | 2a |  | 135,000-165,000 | INC |  |
|  | - East Mediterranean |  | 2a |  | 158,000 | INC |  |
| **75** | Fulvous Whistling-duck - *Dendrocygna bicolor* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Eastern & Southern Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 150,000-350,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - West Africa (Senegal to Chad) |  | 1 |  | 20,000-50,000 | UNK |  |
| **76** | Tufted Duck - *Aythya fuligula* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 300,000 | DEC? |  |
| **77** | Northern Pintail - *Anas acuta* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & Eastern Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 200,000-400,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - North-west Europe |  | 1 |  | 65,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **78** | Arctic Loon - *Gavia arctica arctica* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe & Western Siberia/Europe |  | 2c |  | 266,000-473,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - Central Siberia/Caspian\* | 1c |  |  | 100-1,000 | UNK |  |
| **79** | Black Tern - *Chlidonias niger niger* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Europe & Western Asia/Atlantic coast of Africa |  | 2c |  | 280,000-580,000 | DEC? |  |
| **80** | Allen’s Gallinule - *Porphyrio alleni* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 25,000-1,000,000 | DEC? |  |
| **81** | Cattle Egret - *Bubulcus ibis ibis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa |  | 2c |  | 100,000-1,000,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | - East Mediterranean & South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 10,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
| **82** | Red Phalarope - *Phalaropus fulicarius* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Canada & Greenland/Atlantic coast of Africa |  | 2c |  | 1,140,000-2,100,000 | DEC? |  |
| **83** | Ruff - *Calidris pugnax* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe & Western Siberia/West Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 1,000,000-5,000,000 | DEC? |  |
| **84** | Common Murre - *Uria aalge aalge* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - E North America, Greenland, Iceland, Faeroes, Scotland, S Norway, Baltic\*\* |  | 2c |  | 6,000,000-8,155,000 | DEC? |  |
| **85** | Western Reef-egret - *Egretta gularis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis schistacea*  - North-east Africa & Red Sea | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis schistacea*  - South-west Asia & South Asia | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis dimorpha*  - Coastal Eastern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-20,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis gularis*  - West Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-50,000 | STA/INC? |  |
| **86** | Black-winged Stilt - *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Central Europe & E Mediterranean/N-Central Africa |  | 1 |  | 26,000-52,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | - W, C & SW Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 43,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-30,000 | INC? |  |
| **87** | Common Ringed Plover - *Charadrius hiaticula hiaticula* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe/Europe & North Africa |  | 1 |  | 47,000-62,000 | DEC/STA |  |
| **88** | Common Sandpiper - *Actitis hypoleucos* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West & Central Europe/West Africa |  | 2c |  | 1,000,000-1,600,000 | DEC/STA |  |
| **89** | African Pygmy-goose - *Nettapus auritus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 2,500-10,000 | FLU |  |
| **90** | Hottentot Teal - *Spatula hottentota* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Lake Chad Basin\* | 1c |  |  | 100-1,000 | UNK | High |
|  | - Southern Africa (north to S Zambia) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Eastern Africa (south to N Zambia) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **91** | Antarctic Tern - *Sterna vittata* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Sterna vittata tristanensis* (Antarctic Tern)  - Tristan da Cunha & Gough/South Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 2,400-4,500 | UNK | Moderate |
|  | *Sterna vittata vittata* (Antarctic Tern)  - P. Edward, Marion, Crozet & Kerguelen/South Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 6,700-8,000 | UNK | Moderate |
| **92** | Streaky-breasted Flufftail - *Sarothrura boehmi* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Central Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | UNK | Moderate |
| **93** | Brown-chested Lapwing - *Vanellus superciliosus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West & Central Africa\* | (1c) |  |  | 1-25,000 | UNK | Moderate |
| **94** | Baillon’s Crake - *Zapornia pusilla intermedia* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Europe (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 500-1,700 | UNK | Some |
| **95** | Greater Sandplover - *Charadrius leschenaultii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Charadrius leschenaultii columbinus* (Greater Sandplover)  - Turkey & SW Asia/E. Mediterranean & Red Sea\* | 1c |  |  | 3,000-5,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Charadrius leschenaultii leschenaultii* (Greater Sandplover)  - Central Asia/Eastern & Southern Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-50,000 | STA? |  |
|  | Charadrius leschenaultii scythicus (Greater Sandplover)  - Caspian & SW Asia/Arabia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 35,000-50,000 | INC? |  |
| **96** | White-fronted Plover - *Charadrius marginatus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Charadrius marginatus mechowi* (White-fronted Plover)  *-* Inland East & Central Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Charadrius marginatus hesperius* (White-fronted Plover)  - West Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | UNK | Some |
| **97** | Striped Crake - *Amaurornis marginalis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa | (2) |  |  | 1-25,000 | UNK | Some |
| **98** | Grey Pratincole - *Glareola cinerea* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - SE West Africa & Central Africa | (2) |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK | Some |
| **99** | White-tailed Lapwing - *Vanellus leucurus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - C & SW Asia/NE Africa, SW & S Asia |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
| **100** | Pacific Golden Plover - *Pluvialis fulva* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-central Siberia/South & SW Asia, NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 50,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
| **101** | Broad-billed Sandpiper - *Calidris falcinellus falcinellus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Europe/SW Asia & Africa |  | 2c |  | 89,000-132,000 | UNK | Some |
| **102** | Little Crake - *Zapornia parva* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Eurasia/Africa |  | 2c |  | 225,000-310,000 | UNK | Some |
| **103** | Whimbrel - *Numenius phaeopus alboaxillaris* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - N of Caspian/Eastern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1-100 | UNK |  |
| **104** | Egyptian Plover - *Pluvianus aegyptius* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Lower Congo Basin\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Eastern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,000-15,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 20,000-50,000 | INC? |  |
| **105** | Whiskered Tern - *Chlidonias hybrida* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida delalandii* (Whiskered Tern)  - Eastern Africa (Kenya & Tanzania) | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida hybrida* (Whiskered Tern)  - Caspian (bre) |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida delalandii* (Whiskered Tern)  - Southern Africa (Malawi & Zambia to South Africa) \* | 1c |  |  | 5,000-15,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida hybrida* (Whiskered Tern)  - Western Europe & North-west Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 31,000-35,000 | INC |  |
| **106** | Senegal Lapwing - *Vanellus lugubris* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern West Africa | 2 |  |  | 5,000-20,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Central & Eastern Africa |  | 1 |  | 20,000-50,000 | UNK |  |
| **107** | Red-necked Grebe - *Podiceps grisegena grisegena* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Caspian (win) | 2 |  |  | 15,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (win) |  | 1 |  | 46,000-88,000 | STA |  |
|  | - North-west Europe (win) |  | 1 |  | 37,000-55,000 | INC |  |
| **108** | Great Frigatebird - *Fregata minor* *aldabrensis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *-* W Indian Ocean | 2 |  |  | 16,700 | UNK |  |
| **109** | Greater Crested Tern - *Thalasseus bergii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Thalasseus bergii velox* (Greater Crested Tern)  - Red Sea & North-east Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-20,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Thalasseus bergii thalassinus* (Greater Crested Tern)  - Eastern Africa & Seychelles\* | 1c |  |  | 1,300-1,700 | STA/FLU | Some |
|  | *Thalasseus bergii bergii* (Greater Crested Tern)  - Southern Africa (Angola – Mozambique) | 2 |  |  | 15,000-25,000 | INC? |  |
| **110** | Red-billed Teal - *Anas erythrorhyncha* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Madagascar | 2 |  |  | 15,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
| **111** | Common Goldeneye - *Bucephala clangula clangula* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/Caspian |  | 1 |  | 27,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Western Siberia & North-east Europe/Black Sea |  | 1 |  | 15,000-60,000 | INC? |  |
| **112** | African Comb Duck - *Sarkidiornis melanotos* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa | 3c |  |  | 20,000-40,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Southern & Eastern Africa\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 50,000-250,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **113** | Forbes's Plover - *Charadrius forbesi* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western & Central Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-50,000 | UNK |  |
| **114** | White-headed Lapwing - *Vanellus albiceps* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West & Central Africa |  | (1) |  | 30,000-70,000 | UNK |  |
| **115** | Masked Booby - *Sula dactylatra melanops* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - WIndian Ocean | 3c |  |  | 49,700-53,000 | UNK |  |
| **116** | Glossy Ibis - *Plegadis falcinellus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - South-west Asia/Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 40,000-75,000 | STA |  |
|  | - Black Sea & Mediterranean/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 73,000-88,000 | INC? |  |
| **117** | Common Little Bittern - *Ixobrychus minutus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus minutus minutus* (Common Little Bittern)  - West & South-west Asia/Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus minutus payesii* (Common Little Bittern)  - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus minutus minutus* (Common Little Bittern)  - W Europe, NW Africa/Subsaharan Africa | 2 |  |  | 19,000-25,500 | STA |  |
| **118** | Dwarf Bittern - *Ixobrychus sturmii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
| **119** | Black Heron - *Egretta ardesiaca* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
| **120** | Marsh Sandpiper - *Tringa stagnatilis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Eastern Europe/West & Central Africa |  | (1) |  | 36,000-91,000 | UNK |  |
|  | - Western Asia/SW Asia, Eastern & Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **121** | Pallas's Gull - *Larus ichthyaetus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Black Sea & Caspian/South-west Asia | 3a |  |  | 100,000 | UNK |  |
| **122** | Sooty Tern - *Onychoprion fuscatus nubilosa* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Red Sea, Gulf of Aden, E to Pacific |  | 2a |  | 18,200,000 | UNK |  |
| **123** | Spotted Redshank - *Tringa erythropus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - N Europe/Southern Europe, North & West Africa | 3c |  |  | 61,500-162,000 | STA/DEC |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia, NE & Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **124** | Caspian Plover - *Charadrius asiaticus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - SE Europe & West Asia/E & Central Southern Africa | 3c |  |  | 40,000-55,000 | STA/DEC? | Some |
| **125** | Common Coot - *Fulica atra atra* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-west Europe (win)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 1,200,000-2,000,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
| **126** | **B**lack-headed Gull - *Larus ridibundus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W Europe/W Europe, W Mediterranean, West Africa |  | 2c |  | 2,750,000-3,550,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
| **127** | South African Shelduck - *Tadorna cana* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 50,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
| **128** | Sandwich Tern - *Thalasseus sandvicensis sandvicensis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (bre) |  | 2a |  | 62,000-221,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
| **129** | Whooper Swan - *Cygnus cygnus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West & Central Siberia/Caspian |  | 2 |  | 20,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - N Europe & W Siberia/Black Sea & E Mediterranean |  | 2 |  | 14,000 | INC? |  |
|  | - Iceland/UK & Ireland\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 34,000 | INC |  |
| **130** | Pied Avocet - *Recurvirostra avosetta* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-25,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 20,000-50,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - South-east Europe, Black Sea & Turkey (bre) |  | 1 |  | 34,000-44,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - West & South-west Asia/Eastern Africa | 2 |  |  | 12,000-25,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | - Western Europe & North-west Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 89,000-99,000 | INC? |  |
| **131** | Grey-headed Gull - *Larus cirrocephalus poiocephalus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-30,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **132** | Ruddy Shelduck - *Tadorna ferruginea* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Asia & Caspian/Iran & Iraq | 3c |  |  | 50,000-70,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - North-west Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 10,000 | INC? |  |
|  | - East Mediterranean & Black Sea/North-east Africa |  | 1 |  | 40,000-62,000 | INC |  |
| **133** | Great White Egret, Western Great Egret - *Ardea alba alba* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Asia/South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - W, C & SE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 61,000-99,000 | STA/INC? |  |
| **134** | Little Egret - *Egretta garzetta garzetta* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Asia/SW Asia, NE & Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - Central & E Europe, Black Sea, E Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 60,000-89,000 | STA |  |
| **135** | Spur-winged Goose - *Plectropterus gambensis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Plectropterus gambensis gambensis* (Spur-winged Goose)  - West Africa |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Plectropterus gambensis niger* (Spur-winged Goose)  - Southern Africa |  | (1) |  | 50,000-100,000 | INC |  |
| **136** | Gadwall - *Mareca strepera strepera* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 90,000-130,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **137** | Royal Tern - *Thalasseus maximus albidorsalis* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa (bre) |  | 2a |  | 255,000-315,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| **138** | Black-winged Lapwing - *Vanellus melanopterus minor* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 2,000-10,000 | STA? | High |
| **139** | Bridled Tern - *Onychoprion anaethetus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *Onychoprion anaethetus* *melanopterus*  *-* W Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,500 | STA? |  |
|  | *Onychoprion anaethetus* *antarcticus*  - W Indian Ocean | 2 |  |  | 19,300 | STA |  |
| **140** | Saunders’s Tern - *Sternula saundersi* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W South Asia, Red Sea, Gulf & Eastern Africa | 2 |  |  | 12,000-12,100 | STA? |  |
| **141** | Great Cormorant, White-breasted Cormorant - *Phalacrocorax carbo lucidus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Coastal Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000 | STA? |  |
|  | - Coastal West Africa |  | 1 |  | 40,000 | INC? |  |
| **142** | Mute Swan - *Cygnus olor* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | Black Sea |  | 1 |  | 49,000-72,000 | STA? |  |
| **143** | White Stork - *Ciconia ciconia ciconia* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 20-30 | STA | Critical |
| **144** | Red-knobbed Coot**[[14]](#footnote-14)** - *Fulica cristata* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Spain & Morocco\* | 1c |  |  | 2,500-5,000 | STA | High |
| **145** | Audouin’s Gull**[[15]](#footnote-15)** - *Larus audouinii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Mediterranean/N & W coasts of Africa\* | 1a 3a |  |  | 65,000-67,000 | STA | Moderate |
| **146** | Lesser Crested Tern - *Thalasseus bengalensis emigratus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - S Mediterranean/NW & West Africa coasts\* | 1c |  |  | 6,000-7,000 | STA | Some |
| **147** | White-eyed Gull - *Larus leucophthalmus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Red Sea & nearby coasts\* | 1a |  |  | 56,000-62,000 | STA | Some |
| **148** | Red-billed Tropicbird - *Phaethon aetherus aetherus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *-* South Atlantic\* | 1c |  |  | 3,600-3,900 | STA |  |
|  | - Persian Gulf, Gulf of Aden, Red Sea\* | 1c |  |  | 6,600 | STA |  |
| **149** | Caspian Tern - *Hydroprogne caspia* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | -Black Sea (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 3,000-8,000 | STA |  |
|  | - West Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 45,000-60,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | - Caspian (bre) | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | INC? |  |
|  | Baltic (bre) |  | 1 |  | 4,950-6,150 | INC |  |
| **150** | Red-throated Loon - *Gavia stellata* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Caspian, Black Sea & East Mediterranean (win)\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | STA |  |
|  | - North-west Europe (win) |  | 2c |  | 150,000-450,000 | STA |  |
| **151** | European Shag - *Phalacrocorax aristotelis desmarestii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - East Mediterranean (Croatia, Adriatic Sea) (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 4,815-6,045[[16]](#footnote-16) | STA |  |
| **152** | Lesser Frigatebird - *Fregata ariel* *iredalei* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W Indian Ocean | 2 |  |  | 23,700 | STA |  |
| **153** | White-tailed Tropicbird - *Phaethon lepturus lepturus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W Indian Ocean |  | 1 |  | 25,200-35,500 | STA |  |
| **154** | Pink-backed Pelican - *Pelecanus rufescens* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Tropical Africa & SW Arabia |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | STA |  |
| **155** | Brent Goose, Dark-bellied Brent Goose - *Branta bernicla bernicla* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/Western Europe\*\*\* |  | 2b |  | 211,000 | STA |  |
| **156** | Common Teal - *Anas crecca crecca* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 500,000-1,000,000 | STA |  |
| **157** | Common Snipe - *Gallinago gallinago gallinago* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Europe/South & West Europe & NW Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 7,400,000-14,500,000 | STA |  |
| **158** | Rufous-bellied Heron - *Ardeola rufiventris* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Central, Eastern & Southern Africa |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | STA/INC? |  |
| **159** | Common Scoter - *Melanitta nigra* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W Siberia & N Europe/W Europe & NW Africa |  | 2a |  | 687,000-815,000 | STA/INC? |  |
| **160** | Goosander - *Mergus merganser merganser* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-east Europe/Black Sea | 2 |  |  | 22,000-29,000 | INC/STA |  |
|  | - Western Siberia/Caspian | 2 |  |  | 20,000 | INC |  |
| **161** | African Sacred Ibis - *Threskiornis aethiopicus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Iraq & Iran\* | 1c |  |  | 200 | INC? | Critical |
| **162** | Crab-plover - *Dromas ardeola* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-west Indian Ocean, Red Sea & Gulf |  | 1 |  | 52,200-69,500 | INC? | Some |
| **163** | Pygmy Cormorant - *Microcarbo pygmaeus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 70,000-115,000 | INC? | Some |
|  | - Black Sea & Mediterranean[[17]](#footnote-17) |  | 1 |  | 83,000-106,000 | INC | Some |
| **164** | Egyptian Goose - *Alopochen aegyptiaca* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 5,000-10,000 | INC? |  |
| **165** | Kittlitz's Plover - *Charadrius pecuarius* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 20,000-50,000 | INC? |  |
| **166** | Yellow-billed Egret - *Ardea brachyrhyncha* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | INC? |  |
| **167** | Northern Shoveler - *Spatula clypeata* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - North-west & Central Europe (win) |  | 1 |  | 60,000-70,000 | INC? |  |
| **168** | Sooty Gull - *Larus hemprichii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Red Sea, Gulf, Arabia & Eastern Africa |  | 1 |  | 88,000-95,000 | INC? |  |
| **169** | Tundra Swan, Bewick’s Swan - *Cygnus columbianus bewickii* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Northern Siberia/Caspian\* | 1c |  |  | 1,000-8,400 | INC | High |
| **170** | Grey Plover - *Pluvialis squatarola squatarola* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - C & E Siberia/SW Asia, Eastern & Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 90,000 | INC | Some |
| **171** | Mediterranean Gull - *Larus melanocephalus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - W Europe, Mediterranean & NW Africa |  | 2a |  | 220,000-260,000 | INC | Some |
| **172** | Red-tailed Tropicbird - *Phaethon rubricauda rubricauda* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | *-* Indian Ocean |  | 1 |  | 28,500-29,200 | INC |  |
| **173** | Spur-winged Lapwing - *Vanellus spinosus* |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
|  | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (bre) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | INC |  |

**Annex IV. Prioritization of populations for conservation and management guidance**

*(Applied to all populations listed on Columns A and Column B)*

**First priority:** **Globally threatened and near-threatened species (all prioritised for action-planning during the triennium 2019-2021)**

| **No.** | **Populations** | **A** | **Red list** | **Pop size** | **Pop trend** | **Climate change** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ***Calidris tenuirostris* (Great Knot)** |  | EN |  |  |  |
| 1 | - Eastern Siberia/SW Asia & W Southern Asia | 1a 1b 1c |  | 1,500-2,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ***Marmaronetta angustirostris* (Marbled Teal)[[18]](#footnote-18)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **2** | - East Mediterranean | 1a 1b 1c |  | 20-100 | DEC | High |
|  | ***Phalacrocorax nigrogularis* (Socotra Cormorant)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **3** | - Arabian Coast | 1b |  | 270,000 | DEC | Moderate |
|  | ***Aythya ferina* (Common Pochard)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **4** | - North-east Europe/North-west Europe | 1b |  | 200,000 | DEC |  |
|  | ***Aythya ferina* (Common Pochard)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **5** | - Central & NE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean | 1b |  | 570,000-630,000 | DEC |  |
|  | ***Rissa tridactyla* (Black-Legged Kittiwake)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **6** | Arctic from NE Canada to Novaya Zemlya/N Atlantic | 1b |  | 6,400,000-7,600,000 | DEC |  |
|  | ***Marmaronetta angustirostris* (Marbled Teal)[[19]](#footnote-19)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **7** | - West Mediterranean/West Medit. & West Africa | 1a 1b 1c |  | 6,000-7,500 | DEC? | High |
|  | ***Balearica pavonina pavonina* (Black Crowned-crane, West African Crowned-crane)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **8** | - West Africa (Senegal to Chad) | 1b 1c |  | 5,000-15,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | ***Podiceps auritus auritus* (Horned Grebe)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **9** | - North-east Europe (small-billed) | 1b 2 |  | 15,000-23,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | ***Aythya ferina* (Common Pochard)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **10** | - Western Siberia/South-west Asia | 1b |  | 460,000-500,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | ***Fratercula arctica* (Atlantic Puffin)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **11** | - Faeroes, S Norway & Sweden, Britain, Ireland, NW France | 1b |  | 3,500,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | ***Fratercula arctica* (Atlantic Puffin)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **12** | - Hudson Bay & Maine E to S Greenland, Iceland, Bear Is, Norway to S Novaya Zemlya | 1b |  | 12,000,000-15,000,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | ***Podiceps auritus auritus* (Horned Grebe)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **13** | - North-west Europe (large-billed) | 1b 1c |  | 4,600-5,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | ***Glareola ocularis* (Madagascar Pratincole)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **14** | - Madagascar/East Africa | 1b 1c |  | 5,000-10,000 | UNK | High |
|  | ***Balearica pavonina ceciliae* (Black Crowned-crane, Sudan Crowned-crane)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **15** | - Eastern Africa (Sudan to Uganda) | 1b 3c |  | 28,000-55,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | ***Podiceps auritus auritus* (Horned Grebe)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **16** | - Caspian & South Asia (win) | 1b 1c |  | 1-10,000 | UNK |  |
|  | ***Fratercula arctica* (Atlantic Puffin)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **17** | - NE Canada, N Greenland, to Jan Mayen, Svalbard, N Novaya Zemlya | 1b |  | 35,000 | UNK |  |
|  | ***Bugeranus carunculatus* (Wattled Crane)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **18** | - Central & Southern Africa | 1b 1c |  | 9,000 | STA? | Some |
|  | ***Polysticta stelleri* (Steller’s Eider)[[20]](#footnote-20)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **19** | - Western Siberia/North-east Europe | 1a 1b |  | 27,000 | STA | Some |
|  | ***Phalacrocorax nigrogularis* (Socotra Cormorant)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **20** | - Gulf of Aden, Socotra, Arabian Sea | 1b |  | 60,000-63,000 | STA/INC | Moderate |
|  | ***Marmaronetta angustirostris* (Marbled Teal)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **21** | - South-west Asia | 1a 1b 3c |  | 46,000-50,000 | INC? | Some |
|  | ***Anthropoides paradiseus* (Blue Crane)** |  | VU |  |  |  |
| **22** | - Extreme Southern Africa | 1b |  | 25,000-30,000 | INC | Moderate |
|  | ***Larus armenicus* (Armenian Gull)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **23** | - Armenia, Eastern Turkey & NW Iran | 3a 3c |  | 59,000-85,000 | DEC | Moderate |
|  | ***Calidris ferruginea* (Curlew Sandpiper)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **24** | - Western Siberia/West Africa | 4 |  | 350,000-450,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | ***Alca torda* *islandica* (Razorbill)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **25** | - Iceland, Faeroes, Britain, Ireland, Helgoland, NW France | 4 |  | 1,380,000 | DEC |  |
|  | ***Vanellus vanellus* (Northern Lapwing)[[21]](#footnote-21)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **26** | - Europe, W Asia/Europe, N Africa & SW Asia | 4 |  | 5,500,000-9,500,000 | DEC |  |
|  | ***Charadrius pallidus pallidus* (Chestnut-banded Plover)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **27** | - Southern Africa | 2 |  | 11,000-16,000 | DEC? | Moderate |
|  | ***Calidris ferruginea* (Curlew Sandpiper)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **28** | - Central Siberia/SW Asia, E & S Africa | 4 |  | 400,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | ***Somateria mollissima borealis* (Common Eider)[[22]](#footnote-22)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **29** | - Svalbard & Franz Joseph (bre) | 4 |  | 60,000-82,500 | DEC? |  |
|  | ***Limosa lapponica taymyrensis* (Bar-tailed Godwit)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **30** | - Western Siberia/West & South-west Africa | 4 |  | 500,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | ***Calidris canutus canutus* (Red Knot)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **31** | - Northern Siberia/West & Southern Africa | 4 |  | 250,000 | DEC/STA | Some |
|  | ***Rynchops flavirostris* (African Skimmer)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **32** | - Coastal West Africa & Central Africa | 1c |  | 7,000-13,000 | UNK |  |
| **33** | - Eastern & Southern Africa | 1c |  | 8,000-12,000 | UNK |  |
|  | ***Haematopus ostralegus ostralegus* (Eurasian Oystercatcher)[[23]](#footnote-23)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **34** | - Europe/South & West Europe & NW Africa | 4 |  | 850,000-950,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | ***Calidris canutus islandica* (Red Knot)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **35** | - NE Canada & Greenland/Western Europe | 4 |  | 500,000-565,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
|  | ***Haematopus ostralegus longipes* (Eurasian Oystercatcher)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **36** | - SE Eur & W Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa | 4 |  | 27,000-50,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | ***Somateria mollissima mollissima* (Common Eider)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **37** | - Baltic, Denmark & Netherlands | 4 |  | 930,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | ***Gavia adamsii* (Yellow-billed Loon)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **38** | - Northern Europe (win) | 1c |  | 1-8,000 | STA? | High |
|  | ***Somateria mollissima mollissima* (Common Eider)[[24]](#footnote-24)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **39** | - Norway & Russia | 4 |  | 510,000-525,000 | STA/INC |  |
|  | ***Charadrius pallidus venustus* (Chestnut-banded Plover)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **40** | - Eastern Africa | 1c |  | 6,500 | INC? | Critical |
|  | ***Limosa lapponica taymyrensis* (Bar-tailed Godwit)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **41** | - Central Siberia/South & SW Asia & Eastern Africa | 4 |  | 100,000-150,000 | INC? |  |
|  | ***Alca torda* *torda* (Razorbill)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **42** | - E North America, Greenland, E to Baltic & White Seas | 4 |  | 187,000-207,000 | INC? |  |
|  | ***Limosa lapponica lapponica* (Bar-tailed Godwit)** |  | NT |  |  |  |
| **43** | - Northern Europe/Western Europe | 4 |  | 150,000 | INC |  |

**Second priority: Populations listed on Columns A and B with a declining trend** *(Populations which have also been considered in the prioritisation excercises for action-planning during the triennium 2019-2021 are marked with one asterisk, populations prioritised for management-planning with a recovery objective with two asterisks and populations prioritised for management-planning to reduce damages with three asterisks.)*

| **No.** | **Populations** | **A** | **B** | **Red list** | **Pop size** | **Pop trend** | **Climate change** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | *Grus grus archibaldi* (Common Crane) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 44 | - Turkey & Georgia (bre) \* | 1c |  |  | 100-130 | DEC | Critical |
|  | *Anas capensis* (Cape Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 45 | - Lake Chad basin\* | 1c |  |  | 1-500 | DEC | Critical |
|  | *Botaurus stellaris capensis* (Eurasian Bittern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 46 | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 500-2,000 | DEC | High |
|  | *Calidris alpina schinzii* (Dunlin)**[[25]](#footnote-25)** |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 47 | - Baltic/SW Europe & NW Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,400-1,800 | DEC | High |
|  | *Sterna dougallii gracilis* (Roseate Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 48 | - North Arabian Sea (Oman)\* | 1c |  |  | 120-150 | DEC | Some |
|  | *Calidris maritima* (Purple Sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 49 | - NE Canada & N Greenland (breeding) | 2 |  |  | 11,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | *Larus genei* (Slender-billed Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 50 | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (breeding) |  | 2a (2c) |  | 130,000- 200,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | *Calidris minuta* (Little Stint) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 51 | - N Europe/S Europe, North & West Africa |  | (2c) |  | 300,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | *Netta rufina* (Red-crested Pochard) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 52 | - Western & Central Asia/South-west Asia\*\* |  | 2c |  | 250,000-400,000 | DEC | Some |
|  | *Thalassornis leuconotus leuconotus* (White-backed Duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 53 | - West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1-500 | DEC |  |
|  | *Thalassornis leuconotus leuconotus* (White-backed Duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 54 | - Eastern & Southern Africa\* | 2\* |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons* (Little Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 55 | - West Mediterranean/ W Africa (bre) | 3b 3c |  |  | 21,000-28,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Cepphus grylle islandicus* (Black Guillemot) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 56 | - Iceland | 3c |  |  | 21,300-40,500 | DEC |  |
|  | *Gelochelidon nilotica nilotica* (Common Gull-billed Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 57 | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean/Eastern Africa | 3c |  |  | 26,000-37,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Anthropoides virgo* (Demoiselle Crane) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 58 | - Kalmykia/North-east Africa\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 28,500-39,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Ardea purpurea purpurea* (Purple Heron) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 59 | - West Europe & West Mediterranean/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 32,000-38,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Branta bernicla hrota* (Brent Goose, Pale-bellied Brent Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 60 | - Canada & Greenland/Ireland | 3a |  |  | 36,500 | DEC |  |
|  | *Ardeola ralloides ralloides* (Squacco Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 61 | - C & E Europe, Black Sea & E Mediterranean (bre) | 3c |  |  | 29,000-52,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Cepphus grylle* *grylle* (Black Guillemot) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 62 | - Baltic Sea | 3c |  |  | 46,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax* (Black-crowned Night-heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 63 | - W Europe, NW Africa (bre) | 3c |  |  | 46,000-51,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Catharacta skua* (Great Skua) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 64 | - N Europe/N Atlantic |  | 1 |  | 50,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Larus fuscus fuscus* (Lesser Black-backed Gull, Baltic Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 65 | - NE Europe/Black Sea, SW Asia & Eastern Africa | 3c |  |  | 53,000-81,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Larus dominicanus vetula* (Kelp Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 66 | - Coastal Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 70,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Tringa totanus totanus* (Common Redshank) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 67 | - Britain & Ireland/Britain, Ireland, France | 3c |  |  | 76,500 | DEC |  |
|  | *Anser anser anser* (Greylag Goose, Western Greylag Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 68 | - Iceland/UK & Ireland\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 93,750 | DEC |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons* (Little Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 69 | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean (bre) | 3b 3c |  |  | 80,000-117,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Hydrocoloeus minutus* (Little Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 70 | - Central & E Europe/SW Europe & W Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 71,000-136,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Pelecanus onocrotalus* (Great White Pelican) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 71 | - Eastern Africa |  | 2c |  | 140,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Pluvialis apricaria apricaria* (Eurasian Golden Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 72 | - Britain, Ireland, Denmark, Germany & Baltic (bre)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 140,000-210,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Mareca penelope* (Eurasian Wigeon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 73 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 180,000-200,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Aythya marila marila* (Greater Scaup) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 74 | - Northern Europe/Western Europe\*\* |  | 2c |  | 150,000-275,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Larus argentatus argenteus* (European Herring Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 75 | - Iceland & Western Europe |  | 2c |  | 710,000-790,000 | DEC |  |
| 76 | - North & North-west Europe |  | 2c |  | 1,300,000-1,600,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Uria lomvia* *lomvia* (Thick-billed Murre) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 77 | - E North America, Greenland, E to Severnaya Zemlya\*\* |  | 2c |  | 7,300,000-8,000,000 | DEC |  |
|  | *Ciconia nigra* (Black Stork) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 78 | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,560-4,050 | DEC? | High |
|  | *Glareola pratincola pratincola* (Collared Pratincole) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 79 | - Black Sea & E Mediterranean/Eastern Sahel zone | 2 |  |  | 18,000-32,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Larus hartlaubii* (Hartlaub's Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 80 | - Coastal South-west Africa |  | 1 |  | 25,000-35,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Tadorna tadorna* (Common Shelduck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 81 | - Western Asia/Caspian & Middle East | 3c |  |  | 30,000-50,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Arenaria interpres interpres* (Ruddy Turnstone) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 82 | - Northern Europe/West Africa | 3c |  |  | 48,000-111,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Eudromias morinellus* (Eurasian Dotterel) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 83 | - Europe/North-west Africa | 3c |  |  | 38,000-145,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Arenaria interpres interpres* (Ruddy Turnstone) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 84 | - West & Central Siberia/SW Asia, E & S Africa |  | (2c) |  | 100,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Ciconia abdimii* (Abdim's Stork) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 85 | - Sub-Saharan Africa & SW Arabia |  | (2c) |  | 300,000-600,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Vanellus coronatus coronatus* (Crowned Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 86 | - Eastern & Southern Africa |  | (2c) |  | 400,000-900,000 | DEC? | Some |
|  | *Mergus serrator* (Red-breasted Merganser) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 87 | - Western Siberia/South-west & Central Asia\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Gavia immer* (Common Loon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 88 | - Europe (win)\* | 1c |  |  | 5,100-6,300 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Mergellus albellus* (Smew) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 89 | - North-east Europe/Black Sea & East Mediterranean | 2 |  |  | 20,000-30,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Mergus serrator* (Red-breasted Merganser) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 90 | - North-east Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean | 3c |  |  | 22,000-31,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Podiceps nigricollis nigricollis* (Black-necked Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 91 | - Western Asia/South-west & South Asia | 3c |  |  | 20,000-35,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Podiceps cristatus cristatus* (Great Crested Grebe, Eurasian Crested Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 92 | - Caspian & South-west Asia (win) | 3c |  |  | 30,000-35,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Netta erythrophthalma brunnea* (Southern Pochard) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 93 | - Southern & Eastern Africa | 3c |  |  | 30,000-70,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Burhinus senegalensis* (Senegal Thick-knee) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 94 | - North-east & Eastern Africa | (3c) |  |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Ardea cinerea cinerea* (Grey Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 95 | - West & South-west Asia (bre) |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Hydrocoloeus minutus* (Little Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 96 | - W Asia/E Mediterranean, Black Sea & Caspian | (3c) |  |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Vanellus senegallus lateralis* (Wattled Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 97 | - Eastern & South-east Africa | (3c) |  |  | 25,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Charadrius alexandrinus alexandrinus* (Kentish Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 98 | - West Europe & West Mediterranean/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 56,000-72,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Ardea purpurea purpurea* (Purple Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 99 | - East Europe, Black Sea & Meditereean/Sub-Saharan Africa |  | 2c |  | 61,000-99,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Ardea purpurea purpurea* (Purple Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 100 | - Tropical Africa | (3c) |  |  | 75,000-100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Tringa ochropus (*Green Sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 101 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia, NE & Eastern Africa |  | (2c) |  | 100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Charadrius tricollaris* (African Three-banded Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 102 | - Southern & Eastern Africa |  | 1 |  | 70,000-130,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Phoenicopterus roseus* (Greater Flamingo) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 103 | - Eastern Africa | 3a 3c |  |  | 80,000-120,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Aythya marila marila* (Greater Scaup) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 104 | - Western Siberia/Black Sea & Caspian\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 100,000-200,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Phoenicopterus roseus* (Greater Flamingo) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 105 | - South-west & South Asia |  | 2a |  | 240,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Dendrocygna bicolor* (Fulvous Whistling-duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 106 | - Eastern & Southern Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 150,000-350,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Aythya fuligula* (Tufted Duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 107 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 300,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Anas acuta* (Northern Pintail) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 108 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & Eastern Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 200,000-400,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Gavia arctica arctica* (Arctic Loon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 109 | - Northern Europe & Western Siberia/Europe |  | 2c |  | 266,000-473,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Chlidonias niger niger* (Black Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 110 | - Europe & Western Asia/Atlantic coast of Africa |  | 2c |  | 280,000-580,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Mareca penelope* (Eurasian Wigeon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 111 | - W Siberia & NE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean\*\* |  | 2c |  | 390,000-490,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Porphyrio alleni* (Allen’s Gallinule) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 112 | - Sub-Saharan Africa\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 25,000-1,000,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Tringa totanus totanus* (Common Redshank) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 113 | - Central & East Europe (breeding)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 364,000-663,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Bubulcus ibis ibis* (Cattle Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 114 | - Southern Africa |  | 2c |  | 100,000-1,000,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Mareca penelope* (Eurasian Wigeon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 115 | - Western Siberia & NE Europe/NW Europe\*\* |  | 2c |  | 1,300,000-1,500,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Phalaropus fulicarius* (Red Phalarope) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 116 | - Canada & Greenland/Atlantic coast of Africa |  | 2c |  | 1,140,000-2,100,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Calidris pugnax* (Ruff) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 117 | - Northern Europe & Western Siberia/West Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 1,000,000-5,000,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Uria aalge aalge* (Common Murre) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 118 | - E North America, Greenland, Iceland, Faeroes, Scotland, S Norway, Baltic\*\* |  | 2c |  | 6,000,000-8,155,000 | DEC? |  |
|  | *Charadrius alexandrinus alexandrinus* (Kentish Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 119 | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean/Eastern Sahel | 3c |  |  | 45,000-66,000 | DEC/STA? |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis schistacea* (Western Reef-egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 120 | - North-east Africa & Red Sea | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* (Black-winged Stilt) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 121 | - Central Europe & E Mediterranean/N-Central Africa |  | 1 |  | 26,000-52,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | *Charadrius hiaticula hiaticula* (Common Ringed Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 122 | - Northern Europe/Europe & North Africa |  | 1 |  | 47,000-62,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | *Actitis hypoleucos* (Common Sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 123 | - West & Central Europe/West Africa |  | 2c |  | 1,000,000-1,600,000 | DEC/STA |  |
|  | *Sterna dougallii dougallii* (Roseate Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 124 | - Southern Africa & Madagascar\* | 1c |  |  | 250-800 | FLU | Some |
|  | *Nettapus auritus* (African Pygmy-goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 125 | - West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 2,500-10,000 | FLU |  |
|  | *Spatula hottentota* (Hottentot Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 126 | - Lake Chad Basin\* | 1c |  |  | 100-1,000 | UNK | High |
|  | *Sterna vittata tristanensis* (Antarctic Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 127 | - Tristan da Cunha & Gough/South Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 2,400-4,500 | UNK | Moderate |
|  | *Sarothrura boehmi* (Streaky-breasted Flufftail) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 128 | - Central Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | UNK | Moderate |
|  | *Sterna vittata vittata* (Antarctic Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 129 | - P. Edward, Marion, Crozet & Kerguelen/South Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 6,700-8,000 | UNK | Moderate |
|  | *Vanellus superciliosus* (Brown-chested Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 130 | - West & Central Africa\* | (1c) |  |  | 1-25,000 | UNK | Moderate |
|  | *Zapornia pusilla intermedia* (Baillon’s Crake) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 131 | - Europe (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 500-1,700 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Charadrius leschenaultii columbinus* (Greater Sandplover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 132 | - Turkey & SW Asia/E. Mediterranean & Red Sea\* | 1c |  |  | 3,000-5,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Sterna dougallii gracilis* (Roseate Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 133 | - Seychelles & Mascarenes\* | 1c |  |  | 5,000-6,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Vanellus coronatus coronatus* (Crowned Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 134 | - Central Africa\* | (1c) |  |  | 1-25,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Charadrius marginatus mechowi* (White-fronted Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 135 | *-* Inland East & Central Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Charadrius marginatus hesperius* (White-fronted Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 136 | - West Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Amaurornis marginalis* (Striped Crake) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 137 | - Sub-Saharan Africa | (2) |  |  | 1-25,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Sterna dougallii dougallii* (Roseate Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 138 | - East Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-20,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Glareola cinerea* (Grey Pratincole) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 139 | - SE West Africa & Central Africa | (2) |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Eudromias morinellus* (Eurasian Dotterel) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 140 | - Asia/Middle East |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Vanellus leucurus* (White-tailed Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 141 | - C & SW Asia/NE Africa, SW & S Asia |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Pluvialis fulva* (Pacific Golden Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 142 | - North-central Siberia/South & SW Asia, NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 50,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Glareola pratincola pratincola* (Collared Pratincole) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 143 | - SW Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 66,000-100,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Calidris falcinellus falcinellus* (Broad-billed Sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 144 | - Northern Europe/SW Asia & Africa |  | 2c |  | 89,000-132,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Zapornia parva* (Little Crake) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 145 | - Western Eurasia/Africa |  | 2c |  | 225,000-310,000 | UNK | Some |
|  | *Numenius phaeopus alboaxillaris* (Whimbrel) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 146 | - N of Caspian/Eastern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1-100 | UNK |  |
|  | *Gavia arctica arctica* (Arctic Loon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 147 | - Central Siberia/Caspian\* | 1c |  |  | 100-1,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Podiceps cristatus infuscatus* (Great Crested Grebe, African Crested Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 148 | - Eastern Africa (Ethiopia to N Zambia) \* | 1c |  |  | 500-1,500 | UNK |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons guineae* (Little Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 149 | - West Africa (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 2,000-3,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Pluvianus aegyptius* (Egyptian Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 150 | - Lower Congo Basin\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Pluvianus aegyptius* (Egyptian Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 151 | - Eastern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,000-15,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida delalandii* (Whiskered Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 152 | - Eastern Africa (Kenya & Tanzania) | 2 |  |  | 10,000-15,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Vanellus lugubris* (Senegal Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 153 | - Southern West Africa | 2 |  |  | 5,000-20,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Podiceps grisegena grisegena* (Red-necked Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 154 | - Caspian (win) | 2 |  |  | 15,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Fregata minor* *aldabrensis* (Great Frigatebird) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 155 | *-* W Indian Ocean | 2 |  |  | 16,700 | UNK |  |
|  | *Thalasseus bergii velox* (Greater Crested Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 156 | - Red Sea & North-east Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-20,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons* (Little Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 157 | - Caspian (bre) | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Gelochelidon nilotica nilotica* (Common Gull-billed Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 158 | - West & Central Asia/South-west Asia | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ardea purpurea purpurea* (Purple Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 159 | * - [SW Asia](http://wpe.wetlands.org/view/1665) | (2) |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Anas erythrorhyncha* (Red-billed Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 160 | - Madagascar | 2 |  |  | 15,000-25,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Bucephala clangula clangula* (Common Goldeneye) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 161 | - Western Siberia/Caspian |  | 1 |  | 27,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Mergellus albellus* (Smew) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 162 | - Western Siberia/South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 30,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Sarkidiornis melanotos* (African Comb Duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 163 | - West Africa | 3c |  |  | 20,000-40,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Charadrius forbesi* (Forbes's Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 164 | - Western & Central Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-50,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Dendrocygna bicolor* (Fulvous Whistling-duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 165 | - West Africa (Senegal to Chad) |  | 1 |  | 20,000-50,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Vanellus lugubris* (Senegal Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 166 | - Central & Eastern Africa |  | 1 |  | 20,000-50,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Vanellus albiceps* (White-headed Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 167 | - West & Central Africa |  | (1) |  | 30,000-70,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Cepphus grylle faeroeensis* (Black Guillemot) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 168 | - Faeroes |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Bubulcus ibis ibis* (Cattle Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 169 | - East Mediterranean & South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 10,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Sula dactylatra melanops* (Masked Booby) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 170 | - WIndian Ocean | 3c |  |  | 49,700-53,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Spatula hottentota* (Hottentot Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 171 | - Southern Africa (north to S Zambia) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Plegadis falcinellus* (Glossy Ibis) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 172 | - South-west Asia/Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Botaurus stellaris stellaris* (Eurasian Bittern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 173 | - South-west Asia (win) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus minutus minutus* (Common Little Bittern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 174 | - West & South-west Asia/Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus minutus payesii* (Common Little Bittern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 175 | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus sturmii* (Dwarf Bittern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 176 | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax* (Black-crowned Night-heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 177 | - Western Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Ardeola ralloides ralloides* (Squacco Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 178 | - West & South-west Asia/Sub-Saharan Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Egretta ardesiaca* (Black Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 179 | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida hybrida* (Whiskered Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 180 | - Caspian (bre) |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Tringa stagnatilis* (Marsh Sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 181 | - Eastern Europe/West & Central Africa |  | (1) |  | 36,000-91,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Vanellus senegallus senegallus* (Wattled Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 182 | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 50,000-100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Larus ichthyaetus* (Pallas's Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 183 | - Black Sea & Caspian/South-west Asia | 3a |  |  | 100,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Onychoprion fuscatus nubilosa* (Sooty Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 184 | - Red Sea, Gulf of Aden, E to Pacific |  | 2a |  | 18,200,000 | UNK |  |
|  | *Pluvialis apricaria altifrons* (Eurasian Golden Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 185 | - Northern Siberia/Caspian & Asia Minor |  | (1) |  | *No estimate* | UNK |  |
|  | *Tringa erythropus* (Spotted Redshank) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 186 | - N Europe/Southern Europe, North & West Africa | 3c |  |  | 61,500-162,000 | STA/DEC |  |
|  | *Anthropoides virgo* (Demoiselle Crane) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 187 | - Black Sea (Ukraine)/North-east Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 600-700 | STA/DEC? | Critical |
|  | *Larus genei* (Slender-billed Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 188 | - West Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 24,000-30,000 | STA/DEC? | Some |
|  | *Charadrius asiaticus* (Caspian Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 189 | - SE Europe & West Asia/E & Central Southern Africa | 3c |  |  | 40,000-55,000 | STA/DEC? | Some |
|  | *Anas capensis* (Cape Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 190 | - Eastern Africa (Rift Valley) \* | 1c |  |  | 5,750-7,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | *Mergus serrator* (Red-breasted Merganser) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 191 | - North-west & Central Europe (win) | 3c |  |  | 70,000-105,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | *Fulica atra atra* (Common Coot) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 192 | - North-west Europe (win)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 1,200,000-2,000,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | *Larus ridibundus* (Black-headed Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 193 | - W Europe/W Europe, W Mediterranean, West Africa |  | 2c |  | 2,750,000-3,550,000 | STA/DEC? |  |
|  | *Thalasseus bergii thalassinus* (Greater Crested Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 194 | - Eastern Africa & Seychelles\* | 1c |  |  | 1,300-1,700 | STA/FLU | Some |
|  | *Glareola pratincola pratincola* (Collared Pratincole) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 195 | - Western Europe & NW Africa/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 28,000-39,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
|  | *Tadorna cana* (South African Shelduck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 196 | - Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 50,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
|  | *Thalasseus sandvicensis sandvicensis* (Sandwich Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 197 | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (bre) |  | 2a |  | 62,000-221,000 | STA/FLU | Some |
|  | *Cygnus Cygnus* (Whooper Swan) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 198 | - West & Central Siberia/Caspian |  | 2 |  | 20,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Recurvirostra avosetta* (Pied Avocet) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 199 | - Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-25,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | - Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 20,000-50,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| 200 | - South-east Europe, Black Sea & Turkey (bre) |  | 1 |  | 34,000-44,000 | STA/FLU |  |
| 201 | *Larus cirrocephalus poiocephalus* (Grey-headed Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 202 | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-30,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Gelochelidon nilotica nilotica* (Common Gull-billed Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 203 | - Western Europe/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 37,000-63,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Tringa erythropus* (Spotted Redshank) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 204 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia, NE & Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Tadorna ferruginea* (Ruddy Shelduck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 205 | - Western Asia & Caspian/Iran & Iraq | 3c |  |  | 50,000-70,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Ardea alba alba* (Great White Egret, Western Great Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 206 | - Western Asia/South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Egretta garzetta garzetta (*Little Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 207 | - Western Asia/SW Asia, NE & Eastern Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Spatula hottentota* (Hottentot Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 208 | - Eastern Africa (south to N Zambia) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Anas acuta* (Northern Pintail)[[26]](#footnote-26) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 209 | - North-west Europe |  | 1 |  | 65,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Phoenicopterus roseus* (Greater Flamingo) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 210 | - West Africa | 3a |  |  | 45,000-95,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* (Black-winged Stilt) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 211 | - W, C & SW Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 43,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Plectropterus gambensis gambensis* (Spur-winged Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 212 | - West Africa |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Tringa stagnatilis* (Marsh sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 213 | - Western Asia/SW Asia, Eastern & Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Mareca strepera strepera* (Gadwall) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 214 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 90,000-130,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Charadrius alexandrinus alexandrinus* (Kentish Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 215 | - SW & Central Asia/SW Asia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 100,000-150,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Sarkidiornis melanotos* (African Comb Duck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 216 | - Southern & Eastern Africa\*\* |  | (2c) |  | 50,000-250,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Tringa totanus totanus* (Common Redshank) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 217 | - Northern Europe (breeding)\*\* |  | 2c |  | 140,000-220,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Thalasseus maximus albidorsalis* (Royal Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 218 | - West Africa (bre) |  | 2a |  | 255,000-315,000 | STA/FLU |  |
|  | *Vanellus melanopterus minor* (Black-winged Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 219 | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 2,000-10,000 | STA? | High |
|  | *Vanellus coronatus coronatus* (Crowned Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 220 | - South-west Africa |  | (1) |  | 30,000-50,000 | STA? | Some |
|  | *Onychoprion anaethetus* *melanopterus* (Bridled Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 221 | *-* W Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,500 | STA? |  |
|  | *Sternula saundersi* (Saunders’s Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 222 | - W South Asia, Red Sea, Gulf & Eastern Africa | 2 |  |  | 12,000-12,100 | STA? |  |
|  | *Phalacrocorax carbo lucidus* (Great Cormorant, White-breasted Cormorant) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 223 | - Coastal Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis schistacea* (Western Reef-egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 224 | - South-west Asia & South Asia | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis dimorpha* (Western Reef-egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 225 | - Coastal Eastern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-20,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Mergellus albellus* (Smew) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 226 | - North-west & Central Europe (win) |  | 1 |  | 24,000-38,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Charadrius leschenaultii leschenaultii* (Greater Sandplover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 227 | - Central Asia/Eastern & Southern Africa |  | (1) |  | 25,000-50,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Anser anser rubrirostris* (Greylag Goose, Eastern Greylag Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 228 | - Black Sea & Turkey\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 25,000-50,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Cygnus olor* (Mute Swan) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 229 | Black Sea |  | 1 |  | 49,000-72,000 | STA? |  |
|  | *Ciconia ciconia ciconia* (White Stork) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 230 | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 20-30 | STA | Critical |
|  | *Fulica cristata* (Red-knobbed Coot)**[[27]](#footnote-27)** |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 231 | - Spain & Morocco\* | 1c |  |  | 2,500-5,000 | STA | High |
|  | *Larus audouinii* (Audouin’s Gull)**[[28]](#footnote-28)** |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 232 | - Mediterranean/N & W coasts of Africa\* | 1a 3a |  |  | 65,000-67,000 | STA | Moderate |
|  | *Thalasseus bengalensis emigratus* (Lesser Crested Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 233 | - S Mediterranean/NW & West Africa coasts\* | 1c |  |  | 6,000-7,000 | STA | Some |
|  | *Larus leucophthalmus* (White-eyed Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 234 | - Red Sea & nearby coasts\* | 1a |  |  | 56,000-62,000 | STA | Some |
|  | *Tadorna tadorna* (Common Shelduck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 235 | - North-west Europe |  | 2a |  | 250,000 | STA | Some |
|  | *Phaethon aetherus aetherus* (Red-billed Tropicbird) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 236 | *-* South Atlantic\* | 1c |  |  | 3,600-3,900 | STA |  |
|  | *Hydroprogne caspia* (Caspian Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 237 | -Black Sea (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 3,000-8,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Gavia stellata* (Red-throated Loon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 238 | - Caspian, Black Sea & East Mediterranean (win)\* | 1c |  |  | 1-10,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Phalacrocorax aristotelis desmarestii* (European Shag) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 239 | - East Mediterranean (Croatia, Adriatic Sea) (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 4,815-6,045[[29]](#footnote-29) | STA |  |
|  | *Phaethon aetherus indicus* (Red-billed Tropicbird) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 240 | - Persian Gulf, Gulf of Aden, Red Sea\* | 1c |  |  | 6,600 | STA |  |
|  | *Branta bernicla hrota* (Brent Goose, Pale-bellied Brent Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 241 | - Svalbard/Denmark & UK | 2 |  |  | 10,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Onychoprion anaethetus* *antarcticus* (Bridled Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 242 | - W Indian Ocean | 2 |  |  | 19,300 | STA |  |
|  | *Sternula albifrons albifrons* (Little Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 243 | - Europe north of Mediterranean (bre) | 2 |  |  | 19,000-25,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Ixobrychus minutus minutus* (Common Little Bittern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 244 | - W Europe, NW Africa/Subsaharan Africa | 2 |  |  | 19,000-25,500 | STA |  |
|  | *Fregata ariel* *iredalei* (Lesser Frigatebird) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 245 | - W Indian Ocean | 2 |  |  | 23,700 | STA |  |
|  | *Phaethon lepturus lepturus* (White-tailed Tropicbird) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 246 | - W Indian Ocean |  | 1 |  | 25,200-35,500 | STA |  |
|  | *Plegadis falcinellus* (Glossy Ibis) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 247 | - Sub-Saharan Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 40,000-75,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Podiceps grisegena grisegena* (Red-necked Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 248 | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (win) |  | 1 |  | 46,000-88,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Egretta garzetta garzetta (*Little Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 249 | - Central & E Europe, Black Sea, E Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 60,000-89,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Pelecanus rufescens* (Pink-backed Pelican) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 250 | - Tropical Africa & SW Arabia |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Branta bernicla bernicla* (Brent Goose, Dark-bellied Brent Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 251 | - Western Siberia/Western Europe\*\*\* |  | 2b |  | 211,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Gavia stellata* (Red-throated Loon) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 252 | - North-west Europe (win) |  | 2c |  | 150,000-450,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Anas crecca crecca* (Common Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 253 | - Western Siberia/SW Asia & NE Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 500,000-1,000,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Gallinago gallinago gallinago* (Common Snipe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 254 | - Europe/South & West Europe & NW Africa\*\* |  | 2c |  | 7,400,000-14,500,000 | STA |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida delalandii* (Whiskered Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 255 | - Southern Africa (Malawi & Zambia to South Africa) \* | 1c |  |  | 5,000-15,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Recurvirostra avosetta* (Pied Avocet) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 256 | - West & South-west Asia/Eastern Africa | 2 |  |  | 12,000-25,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Egretta gularis gularis* (Western Reef-egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 257 | - West Africa | 2 |  |  | 10,000-50,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Hydroprogne caspia* (Caspian Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 258 | - West Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 45,000-60,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Ardeola rufiventris* (Rufous-bellied Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 259 | - Central, Eastern & Southern Africa |  | (1) |  | 10,000-100,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Ardea alba alba* (Great White Egret, Western Great Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 260 | - W, C & SE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 61,000-99,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Melanitta nigra* (Common Scoter) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 261 | - W Siberia & N Europe/W Europe & NW Africa |  | 2a |  | 687,000-815,000 | STA/INC? |  |
|  | *Mergus merganser merganser* (Goosander) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 262 | - North-east Europe/Black Sea | 2 |  |  | 22,000-29,000 | INC/STA |  |
|  | *Pelecanus onocrotalus* (Great White Pelican) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 263 | - West Africa |  | 1 |  | 60,000 | INC/STA |  |
|  | *Threskiornis aethiopicus* (African Sacred Ibis) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 264 | - Iraq & Iran\* | 1c |  |  | 200 | INC? | Critical |
|  | *Dromas ardeola* (Crab-plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 265 | - North-west Indian Ocean, Red Sea & Gulf |  | 1 |  | 52,200-69,500 | INC? | Some |
|  | *Netta rufina* (Red-crested Pochard) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 266 | - Black Sea & East Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | INC? | Some |
|  | *Microcarbo pygmaeus* (Pygmy Cormorant) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 267 | - South-west Asia |  | 1 |  | 70,000-115,000 | INC? | Some |
|  | *Alopochen aegyptiaca* (Egyptian Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 268 | - West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 5,000-10,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Tadorna ferruginea* (Ruddy Shelduck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 269 | - North-west Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 10,000 | INC? |  |
|  | Cygnus cygnus (Whooper Swan) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 270 | - N Europe & W Siberia/Black Sea & E Mediterranean |  | 2 |  | 14,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Hydroprogne caspia* (Caspian Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 271 | - Caspian (bre) | 2 |  |  | 10,000-25,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Thalasseus bergii bergii* (Greater Crested Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 272 | - Southern Africa (Angola – Mozambique) | 2 |  |  | 15,000-25,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* (Black-winged Stilt) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 273 | - Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-30,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Charadrius leschenaultii scythicus* (Greater Sandplover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 274 | - Caspian & SW Asia/Arabia & NE Africa |  | (1) |  | 35,000-50,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Charadrius pecuarius* (Kittlitz's Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 275 | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 20,000-50,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Pluvianus aegyptius* (Egyptian Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 276 | - West Africa |  | (1) |  | 20,000-50,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Bucephala clangula clangula* (Common Goldeneye) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 277 | - Western Siberia & North-east Europe/Black Sea |  | 1 |  | 15,000-60,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Phalacrocorax carbo lucidus* (Great Cormorant, White-breasted Cormorant) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 278 | - Coastal West Africa |  | 1 |  | 40,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Anas capensis* (Cape Teal) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 279 | - Southern Africa (N to Angola & Zambia) |  | 1 |  | 20,000-75,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Ardea brachyrhyncha* (Yellow-billed Egret) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 280 | - Sub-Saharan Africa |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Spatula clypeata* (Northern Shoveler) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 281 | - North-west & Central Europe (win) |  | 1 |  | 60,000-70,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Plegadis falcinellus* (Glossy Ibis) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 282 | - Black Sea & Mediterranean/West Africa |  | 1 |  | 73,000-88,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Larus hemprichii* (Sooty Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 283 | - Red Sea, Gulf, Arabia & Eastern Africa |  | 1 |  | 88,000-95,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Recurvirostra avosetta* (Pied Avocet) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 284 | - Western Europe & North-west Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 89,000-99,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Phoenicopterus roseus* (Greater Flamingo) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 285 | - Southern Africa (to Madagascar) |  | 2a |  | 100,000-160,000 | INC? |  |
|  | *Ciconia nigra* (Black Stork) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 286 | - South-west Europe/West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 3,590-3,830 | INC | High |
|  | *Cygnus columbianus bewickii* (Tundra Swan, Bewick's Swan) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 287 | - Northern Siberia/Caspian\* | 1c |  |  | 1,000-8,400 | INC | High |
|  | *Sterna dougallii dougallii* (Roseate Tern)**[[30]](#footnote-30)** |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 288 | - Europe (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 6,800-8,650 | INC | Some |
|  | *Netta rufina* (Red-crested Pochard) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 289 | - South-west & Central Europe/West Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 50,000-60,000 | INC | Some |
|  | *Calidris maritima* (Purple Sandpiper) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 290 | - N Europe & W Siberia (breeding) |  | 1 |  | 50,000-100,000 | INC | Some |
|  | *Pluvialis squatarola squatarola* (Grey Plover) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 291 | - C & E Siberia/SW Asia, Eastern & Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 90,000 | INC | Some |
|  | *Microcarbo pygmaeus* (Pygmy Cormorant)[[31]](#footnote-31) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 292 | - Black Sea & Mediterranean |  | 1 |  | 83,000-106,000 | INC | Some |
|  | *Larus melanocephalus* (Mediterranean Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 293 | - W Europe, Mediterranean & NW Africa |  | 2a |  | 220,000-260,000 | INC | Some |
|  | *Larus dominicanus vetula* (Kelp Gull) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 294 | - Coastal West Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 60-150 | INC |  |
|  | *Podiceps cristatus infuscatus* (Great Crested Grebe, African Crested Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 295 | - Southern Africa\* | 1c |  |  | 1,500-5,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Hydroprogne caspia* (Caspian Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 296 | Baltic (bre) |  | 1 |  | 4,950-6,150 | INC |  |
|  | *Botaurus stellaris stellaris* (Eurasian Bittern)**[[32]](#footnote-32)** |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 297 | - W Europe, NW Africa (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 7,150-9,100 | INC |  |
|  | *Ardeola ralloides ralloides* (Squacco Heron) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 298 | - SW Europe, NW Africa (bre)\* | 1c |  |  | 9,000-11,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Mergus merganser merganser* (Goosander) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 299 | - Western Siberia/Caspian | 2 |  |  | 20,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Podiceps nigricollis gurneyi* (Black-necked Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 300 | - Southern Africa | 2 |  |  | 15,000-30,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Pelecanus onocrotalus* (Great White Pelican) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 301 | - Southern Africa |  | 1 |  | 21,000-24,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Calidris alpina schinzii* (Dunlin) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 302 | - Britain & Ireland/SW Europe & NW Africa |  | 1 |  | 26,300-32,300 | INC |  |
|  | *Phaethon rubricauda rubricauda (*Red-tailed Tropicbird) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 303 | *-* Indian Ocean |  | 1 |  | 28,500-29,200 | INC |  |
|  | *Chlidonias hybrida hybrida* (Whiskered Tern) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 304 | - Western Europe & North-west Africa (bre) |  | 1 |  | 31,000-35,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Cygnus cygnus* (Whooper Swan) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 305 | - Iceland/UK & Ireland\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 34,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Pelecanus onocrotalus* (Great White Pelican) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 306 | - Europe & Western Asia (bre)\* | 1a |  |  | 37,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Podiceps grisegena grisegena* (Red-necked Grebe) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 307 | - North-west Europe (win) |  | 1 |  | 37,000-55,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Tadorna ferruginea* (Ruddy Shelduck) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 308 | - East Mediterranean & Black Sea/North-east Africa |  | 1 |  | 40,000-62,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Vanellus spinosus* (Spur-winged Lapwing) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 309 | - Black Sea & Mediterranean (bre) |  | 1 |  | 25,000-100,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Plectropterus gambensis niger* (Spur-winged Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 310 | - Southern Africa |  | (1) |  | 50,000-100,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Anser anser anser* (Greylag Goose, Western Greylag Goose) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 311 | - Central Europe/North Africa\*\*\* |  | 1 |  | 59,000-100,000 | INC |  |
|  | *Phoenicopterus roseus* (Greater Flamingo) |  |  | LC |  |  |  |
| 312 | - West Mediterranean |  | 2a |  | 135,000-165,000 | INC |  |
| 313 | - East Mediterranean |  | 2a |  | 158,000 | INC |  |

1. <http://datazone.birdlife.org/species/search> [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Will be subject to standardised design by the AEWA Secretariat [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. IUCN (Red List) Threats Classification Scheme [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. <http://datazone.birdlife.org/species/factsheet/whooper-swan-cygnus-cygnus/text> [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. <http://datazone.birdlife.org/species/factsheet/white-backed-duck-thalassornis-leuconotus/text> [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. Bern, CMS and EU Species Action Plan 1996; EU Species Action Plan 2008. [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. EU Species Action Plan 2001; CAFF Circumpolar Eider Conservation Strategy and Action Plan 1997. [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. Included in an EU multi-species action plan for grassland-breeding waders. [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. CAFF Circumpolar Eider Conservation Strategy and Action Plan 1997. [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
10. Included in an EU multi-species action plan for grassland-breeding waders. [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
11. EU Species Action Plan 2001. [↑](#footnote-ref-11)
12. Included in an EU multi-species action plan for grassland-breeding waders. [↑](#footnote-ref-12)
13. EU Species Action Plan 1999. [↑](#footnote-ref-13)
14. EU Species Action Plan 1999. [↑](#footnote-ref-14)
15. Bern, CMS and EU Species Action Plan 1996; Barcelona Convention Action Plan for Annex-II-listed bird species 2003. [↑](#footnote-ref-15)
16. Population listed at MOP7. BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities. [↑](#footnote-ref-16)
17. EU Action Plan adopted in 1996. [↑](#footnote-ref-17)
18. Bern, CMS and EU Species Action Plan 1996; EU Species Action Plan 2008. [↑](#footnote-ref-18)
19. Bern, CMS and EU Species Action Plan 1996; EU Species Action Plan 2008. [↑](#footnote-ref-19)
20. EU Species Action Plan 2001; CAFF Circumpolar Eider Conservation Strategy and Action Plan 1997. [↑](#footnote-ref-20)
21. Included in an EU multi-species action plan for grassland-breeding waders. [↑](#footnote-ref-21)
22. CAFF Circumpolar Eider Conservation Strategy and Action Plan 1997. [↑](#footnote-ref-22)
23. Included in an EU multi-species action plan for grassland-breeding waders. [↑](#footnote-ref-23)
24. CAFF Circumpolar Eider Conservation Strategy and Action Plan 1997. [↑](#footnote-ref-24)
25. Included in an EU multi-species action plan for grassland-breeding waders. [↑](#footnote-ref-25)
26. EU Management Plan from 2007. [↑](#footnote-ref-26)
27. EU Species Action Plan 1999. [↑](#footnote-ref-27)
28. Bern, CMS and EU Species Action Plan 1996; Barcelona Convention Action Plan for Annex-II-listed bird species 2003. [↑](#footnote-ref-28)
29. Population listed at MOP7. BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities. [↑](#footnote-ref-29)
30. EU Species Action Plan 1999. [↑](#footnote-ref-30)
31. EU Action Plan adopted in 1996. [↑](#footnote-ref-31)
32. EU Species Action Plan 2001. [↑](#footnote-ref-32)