Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018

Through Resolution 7.1, the 7th Session of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP7) to AEWA adopted, amongst other things, the format for national reports on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2018-2020 as presented in document AEWA/MOP 7.17.

Document AEWA/MOP 7.17 envisages a module on the status of native and non-native waterbird species, but it was agreed that this module will be developed by the Technical Committee and approved by the Standing Committee in early 2019. The format for reporting on Article 12 of the European Union’s Birds Directive (EU BD) for the period 2013-2018 was agreed as the basis for this module, while focusing only on some fields of the EU reporting template, notably those in Annex B, chapters 1-5.

The alignment of the AEWA population status reporting module with the EU BD Article 12 template for 2013-2018 will, on the one hand, allow reporting of all necessary information by the AEWA Contracting Parties needed for the assessment of the status of AEWA populations, and, on the other hand, will require the EU member states that are Contracting Parties to AEWA to report only once their national data for the native species listed in Annex 2 of AEWA, providing that access to the EU BD Article 12 national reports will be granted to the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat. If any EU Member State with overseas territories within the AEWA area has not reported on the AEWA-listed species in those territories, data should be submitted through the AEWA reporting process.

Unlike the EU BD Article 12 template, the AEWA population status reporting module should request similar type of information for non-native waterbird species as for native species. The EU member states will therefore, like all other AEWA Contracting Parties, need to fill out the AEWA population status reporting module with respect to the status of the non-native waterbird species occurring in their territories, including overseas territories within the AEWA area.

In order to be able to use the national data reported by the AEWA Contracting Parties for the 8th edition of the AEWA Conservation Status Report, this reporting module has been set up separately in the CMS Family Online Reporting System and the deadline for submission of the national population status reports has been set by MOP7 at 30 June 2020.
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Name of reporting Contracting Party
>>> Bailiwick of Jersey (Crown dependency of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)

Date of entry into force of AEWA in the Contracting Party
>>> 01/11/1999
2. INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION

Please indicate the Designated National Respondent (DNR) and the other contributors to the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018.

Name and title of the DNR
››› Danny Heptinstall

Affiliation (institution, department, organisation)
››› Joint Nature Conservation Committee

Mailing address - Street and number
››› JNCC, Monkstone House, City Road

Postal code
››› PE1 1JY

City
››› Peterborough

Country
››› United Kingdom

Telephone
››› +44 (0) 1733 866949

E-mail
››› Danny.Heptinstall@jncc.gov.uk

Website
››› https://jncc.gov.uk/

Other contributors to this report
Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this report
››› Lindsey Napton (Government of Jersey)
Johanna Hawker (JNCC)
3. AEWA-LISTED (NATIVE) WATERBIRD SPECIES

Please report on each species in the drop-down menu. This list contains all AEWA waterbird species that occur in your country. Should you identify any omissions, please contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat.

United Kingdom
Brent Goose / Branta bernicla

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Previous passage numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 2018

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
Minimum | 1685
---|---
Maximum | 1685

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Best estimate

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**
- ☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
- >>> Societe Jersiaise

**Changes in the passage numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest passage numbers estimate?
- ☑ No

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
- ☑ Staging numbers estimate is available [Staging numbers refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Latest staging numbers estimate**

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
- >>> 2019

**Staging numbers**
[Individuals. Raw numbers i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum | 1000
---|---
Maximum | 2000

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Best estimate

**Method used for staging numbers estimate**
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Previous staging numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of staging numbers is available
- ☑ No previous staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
- ☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>1680</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Minimum

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Common Scoter / Melanitta nigra

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>350</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available
Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Red-breasted Merganser / Mergus serrator

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>70</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No
Common Shelduck / Tadorna tadorna

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**

☑ Minimum

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**

☑ Insufficient or no data available

**Previous passage numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available

☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**

☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:

☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Pochard / Aythya ferina

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Tufted Duck / Aythya fuligula**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> HG Young pers. Comm.
Previous breeding numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Northern Shoveler / Spatula clypeata

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☐ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Eurasian Wigeon / Mareca penelope

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Mallard / Anas platyrhynchos

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available
Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> HG Young pers. Comm.

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Teal / Anas crecca

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☐ No

Little Grebe / Tachybaptus ruficollis

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Best single value** 1

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ 95% confidence interval

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
- Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
- ☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
- ☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
- ☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
- ☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
- ☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
- ☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
- ☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
- ☑ Yes
Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available? ☐ No

Great Crested Grebe / Podiceps cristatus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country? ☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>25</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☐ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☐ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

**Horned Grebe / Podiceps auritus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate
Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Black-necked Grebe / Podiceps nigricollis

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas...
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes
Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Western Water Rail / Rallus aquaticus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> HG Young pers. Comm.

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Best single value**

---

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

- Societe Jersey Bird Report

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

---

**Breeding numbers**

☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

---

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

---

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

---

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes
Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☒ No

Common Moorhen / Gallinula chloropus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☒ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☒ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☒ Best estimate

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> HG Young pers. Comm.

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☒ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☒ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Coot / Fulica atra

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
☑ 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>250</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
☑ HG Young pers. Comm.

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration]
census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Red-throated Loon / Gavia stellata**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
☑ 2019

**Passage numbers**
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>284</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Minimum
Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous passage numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Arctic Loon / Gavia arctica
Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
□ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
□ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
□ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
□ No

Common Loon / Gavia immer

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best
single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>269</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Minimum

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous passage numbers estimate**

☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Insufficient or no data available

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Grey Heron / Ardea cinerea

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)
and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
- ☑ Insufficient or no data available

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
- ☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
- ☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- ☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
- ☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
- ☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
- ☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
- ☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
- ☑ No

**Little Egret / Egretta garzetta**
Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 15 |
| Maximum | 20 |
| Best single value | 17 |

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 100 |
| Maximum | 150 |
Best single value

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
- ☑ Insufficient or no data available

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
- ☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether:
- ☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- ☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
- ☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
- ☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
- ☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
- ☑ No

**Northern Gannet / Morus bassanus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
- ☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>5000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☐ No

Great Cormorant / Phalacrocorax carbo

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Pairs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☐ Best estimate

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☐ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> HG Young pers. Comm.

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?  ☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available  
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**

☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> HGYoung pers. Comm.

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available  
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:  
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**  
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Eurasian Oystercatcher / Haematopus ostralegus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> HG Young pers. Comm.

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>2000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>2100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>2012</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Grey Plover / Pluvialis squatarola

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 300 |
| Maximum | 400 |
| Best single value | 381 |

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Eurasian Golden Plover / Pluvialis apricaria

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted]
Latest passage numbers estimate

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

**Passage numbers**
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>25</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?  ☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?  ☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?  ☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?  ☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?  ☑ No

Common Ringed Plover / Charadrius hiaticula

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?  ☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>60</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate  ☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate  ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Northern Lapwing / Vanellus vanellus
Population Size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
☑ 2019
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate
Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Whimbrel / Numenius phaeopus
Population Size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country
Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Passage numbers**
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Minimum

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous passage numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**
[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

**Eurasian Curlew / Numenius arquata**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>361</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**

☑ Minimum

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:

☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☑ No

**Bar-tailed Godwit / Limosa lapponica**

**Population Size**
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

Ruddy Turnstone / Arenaria interpres

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

- 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Minimum
Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Ruff / Calidris pugnax

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country
Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to
determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration
census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans
and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Sanderling / Calidris alba
Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑️ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑️ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑️ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑️ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>300</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>376</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑️ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑️ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. ...
**1980** trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

**Dunlin / Calidris alpina**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>1100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>1066</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Minimum

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
- January count - Societe Jersiaise

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
- ☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
- ☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- ☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
- ☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
- ☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
- ☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
- ☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
- ☑ No

**Purple Sandpiper / Calidris maritima**

**Population Size**

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑️ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑️ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Best single value

Type of estimate
☑️ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑️ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**  
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**  
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**  
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**  
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**  
☑ No

**Eurasian Woodcock / Scolopax rusticola**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available  
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**  
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**  
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available  
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**  
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**  
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]  
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

---

Page 65 of 99
Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Common Snipe / Gallinago gallinago

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
### Jack Snipe / Lymnocryptes minimus

#### Population Size

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☑️ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☑️ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☑️ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☑️ No

---

- **Minimum:** 200
- **Maximum:** 300
- **Best single value:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of estimate</th>
<th>☑️ Best estimate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate</strong></td>
<td>☑️ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Sources of information** | Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc. ]
|                          | Societe Jersiaise Bird Report |
| **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate** | ☑️ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available |
| **Population trend**      |                  |
| **Breeding numbers**      |                  |
| ☑️ The species does not breed in the country |
| **Passage and staging numbers** |                  |
| Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available |
| [Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes] |
| [Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration] |
| **Does the species migrate through the country?** | ☑️ No |
The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Common Sandpiper / Actitis hypoleucos

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous passage numbers estimate

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Green Sandpiper / Tringa ochropus

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country? ☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Passage numbers**

[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**

☑ Minimum

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous passage numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available**

☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration]
census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
- No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
- No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
- Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
- No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
- No

**Common Greenshank / Tringa nebularia**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
- The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
- Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
- 2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Common Redshank / Tringa totanus

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> January count - Societe Jersiaise

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Little Gull / Hydrocoloeus minutus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Black-legged Kittiwake / Rissa tridactyla

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>336</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for passage numbers estimate

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous passage numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Black-headed Gull / Larus ridibundus
Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration]
census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☐ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☐ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

**Mediterranean Gull / Larus melanocephalus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

**Passage numbers**
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>500</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [UK Jersey]
Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous passage numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Mew Gull / Larus canus
Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>20</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Lesser Black-backed Gull / Larus fuscus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2015

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

European Herring Gull / Larus argentatus
Population Size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available
Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2015

Population unit

☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>910</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate

☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?

☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Great Black-backed Gull / Larus marinus

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2015

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

**Little Tern / Sternula albifrons**
Common Tern / Sterna hirundo

Population Size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Latest breeding numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs
**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ 95% confidence interval

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Sandwich Tern / Thalasseus sandvicensis

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available
Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 1500 |
| Maximum | 2000 |
| Best single value | |

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 20 |
| Maximum | 30 |
| Best single value | |
**Type of estimate**
☑ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ No

**Atlantic Puffin / Fratercula arctica**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available
Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2019

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ 95% confidence interval

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☐ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Razorbill / Alca torda

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☐ 95% confidence interval

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☐ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ No previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Insufficient or no data available

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Murre / Uria aalge

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available
[Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous passage numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 20 |
| Maximum | 30 |
| Best single value | 28 |

Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Societe Jersiaise Bird Report

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breding/wintering numbers

Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements.

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☐ No
5. CONFIRMATION

Confirmation of information verification and approval for submission.

*Please confirm:
In addition a scanned copy of an official letter from the relevant state institution, approving the report for submission, can be attached.
☑ I declare that the information provided in the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018 has been verified and the report has been approved for submission by the appropriate state institution in the country.

*Date of submission
>>> 20/07/2020