Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018

Through Resolution 7.1, the 7th Session of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP7) to AEWA adopted, amongst other things, the format for national reports on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2018-2020 as presented in document AEWA/MOP 7.17.

Document AEWA/MOP 7.17 envisages a module on the status of native and non-native waterbird species, but it was agreed that this module will be developed by the Technical Committee and approved by the Standing Committee in early 2019. The format for reporting on Article 12 of the European Union’s Birds Directive (EU BD) for the period 2013-2018 was agreed as the basis for this module, while focusing only on some fields of the EU reporting template, notably those in Annex B, chapters 1-5.

The alignment of the AEWA population status reporting module with the EU BD Article 12 template for 2013-2018 will, on the one hand, allow reporting of all necessary information by the AEWA Contracting Parties needed for the assessment of the status of AEWA populations, and, on the other hand, will require the EU members states that are Contracting Parties to AEWA to report only once their national data for the native species listed in Annex 2 of AEWA, providing that access to the EU BD Article 12 national reports will be granted to the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat. If any EU Member State with overseas territories within the AEWA area has not reported on the AEWA-listed species in those territories, data should be submitted through the AEWA reporting process.

Unlike the EU BD Article 12 template, the AEWA population status reporting module should request similar type of information for non-native waterbird species as for native species. The EU members states will therefore, like all other AEWA Contracting Parties, need to fill out the AEWA population status reporting module with respect to the status of the non-native waterbird species occurring in their territories, including overseas territories within the AEWA area.

In order to be able to use the national data reported by the AEWA Contracting Parties for the 8th edition of the AEWA Conservation Status Report, this reporting module has been set up separately in the CMS Family Online Reporting System and the deadline for submission of the national population status reports has been set by MOP7 at 30 June 2020.
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Name of reporting Contracting Party
>>> Belarus

Date of entry into force of AEWA in the Contracting Party
>>> 01.01.2016
2. INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION

Please indicate the Designated National Respondent (DNR) and the other contributors to the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018.

Name and title of the DNR
››› PhD. Lubov Vergeichyk

Affiliation (institution, department, organisation)
››› The State Scientific and Production Amalgamation "Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus for Biological Resources", National Academy of Sciences of Belarus

Mailing address - Street and number
››› Orlovskaya 4-16

Postal code
››› 220068

City
››› Minsk

Country
››› Belarus

Telephone
››› +421907248128

E-mail
››› lyuba.vergeichik@gmail.com

Other contributors to this report

Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this report

››› PhD. Kozulin A., Dr. Prof. Nikiforov M., PhD. Samusenko I., PhD. Karlionova N., PhD. Dmitrenok M., Pavluschtik T., Tarantovich M., Natykanets V., Ostrovsky O., Bogdanovich I., Pakul P., Luchik E., Chernomorets A., Pyshko A., Grechanik L.
The State Scientific and Production Amalgamation "Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus for Biological Resources", National Academy of Sciences of Belarus
3. AEWA-LISTED (NATIVE) WATERBIRD SPECIES

Please report on each species in the drop-down menu. This list contains all AEWA waterbird species that occur in your country. Should you identify any omissions, please contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat.

Belarus
Mute Swan / Cygnus olor

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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<td>Maximum</td>
<td>1100</td>
</tr>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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</table>

Type of estimate
☐ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☐ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the
Minimum 750
Maximum 900

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> n/a

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Minimum</th>
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<td>750</td>
<td>900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>500</td>
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<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>2050</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», Minsk, v-communicate@yandex.ru. – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>1860</td>
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</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

3. SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», Minsk, v-communicate@yandex.ru. – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>-15</td>
<td>15</td>
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</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
indicate them as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2001-2019

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and
indicate them as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
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</table>

Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> 1. SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», Minsk, v-communicate@yandex.ru. – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2019

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Regular, with the transition to annual, winter registrations of the mute swan in the country began in the 1970s with a constant increase in numbers until 1991 (up to 1860 individuals); in subsequent years, the number in wintering ranged from 524-962 individuals

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
Whooper Swan / Cygnus cygnus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 170 |
| Maximum | 250 |

Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Minimum | 0
--- | ---
Maximum | 0
Best single value | 0

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› Breeding of the species has been registered for the first time in 2002.

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

››› 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum | 10
--- | ---
Maximum | 100
---|---
Best single value | 

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», Minsk, v-communicate@yandex.ru. – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
<td>0-3</td>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change
In the 1980s only single birds were registered on wintering in Belarus. In the 1990s the species begins to occur on wintering every year. After 2010, small flocks began to register more often in winter, and on December 31, 2015, about 100 individuals were recorded in the Grodno district.

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

2003-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available,
ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Best single value**

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

Until 1997 the species in Belarus was rare occasional visitor during migration period. First breeding was registered in 2002. As of 2018 the species is registered on breeding throughout the whole territory of Belarus and its breeding population amounts 170-250 pairs.

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☑ Yes
Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
- [☑] Short-term trend
- [☑] Long-term trend

Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

- [☑] 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

- [☑] Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- [☑] Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

1. SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», Minsk, v-communicate@yandex.ru. – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

- [☑] 1980-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

- [☑] Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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<th>Minimum</th>
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<td></td>
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**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- [☑] Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
1. SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», Minsk, v-communicate@yandex.ru. – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

In 1980ies only single birds were registered on wintering in Belarus (0-3 birds). In the 1990s the species begins to occur on wintering every year. After 2010, small flocks began to register more often in winter, and on December 31, 2015, about 100 individuals were recorded in the Grodno district.

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Greylag Goose / Anser anser

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of birds in Belarus” /scientific supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2010-2016

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> A.V.Kozulin, N.V.Karlionova, personal comments

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The number estimate is given for the spring migration period.

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 0 |
| Maximum | 6 |
| Best single value | |

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> Before 2000 - less than 10 registrations on wintering, after 2000 - more than 10 registrations on wintering. Usually single birds are observed during wintering, rarely in pairs or small flocks of up to 18 individuals.
Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Bean Goose / Anser fabalis

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?  
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available  
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period  
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2010-2016

Passage numbers  
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate  
☑ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

Method used for passage numbers estimate  
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information  
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]  
>>> A.V.Kozulin, N.V. Karlionova, personal comments

Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available  
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available  
>>> The number estimate is given for spring migration period

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available  
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers  
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available  
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period  
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers  
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper
confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

››› 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

---

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

- Until 2000, a rare wintering species in Belarus (less than 5 registrations), then there is an increase in the frequency of registrations in 2000-2018 (at least 7 reliable); as a rule, single birds are recorded, rarely in pairs and small flocks.

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
- ☑️ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

- Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

- Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- ☑️ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
- ☑️ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
- ☑️ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
- ☑️ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
- ☑️ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
- ☑️ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
- >>> 1980-2019

**Long-term trend direction**
- ☑️ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and
Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
››› Until 2000, a rare wintering species in Belarus (less than 5 registrations), then there is an increase in the frequency of registrations in 2000-2018 (at least 7 reliable); as a rule, single birds are recorded, rarely in pairs and small flocks.

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Greater White-fronted Goose / Anser albifrons

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
››› 2010-2016

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> A.V.Kozulin, N.V.Karlonova, personal comments

Previous passage numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> The number estimate is given for spring migration period.

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATEFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Until 2000, there were less than 10 winter registrations. Then there is an increase in the frequency of registrations (at least 10 reliable) in 2000-2019; as a rule, single birds are recorded, rarely in pairs.

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Yes
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Lesser White-fronted Goose / Anser erythropus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Long-tailed Duck / Clangula hyemalis

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean
Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
3. SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> On the territory of Belarus, single individuals periodically occur in winter.

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Common Eider / Somateria mollissima

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

››› 1990-1997

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› Rare wintering species: 1 male in February 1983 and 1 male was observed in period from 07.12.1996 till 25.05.1997. Less than ten registrations after 2000.
Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Velvet Scoter / Melanitta fusca

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes
Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Common Goldeneye / Bucephala clangula

Population Size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs
Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of
Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>
**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

1. Kozulin A.V., personal comments. kozulinav@yandex.ru

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

- 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<th>Best single value</th>
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</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
No-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Smew / Mergellus albellus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available
Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Best single value**

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**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?

☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant

☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
☐ Long-term trend

Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☐ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
Goosander / Mergus merganser

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
☑ 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers
[(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 70 |
| Maximum | 1800 |
| Best single value | |

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 20 |
| Maximum | 783 |
| Best single value | |

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).
Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

A rare and irregularly wintering species until the 1980s, then there is an increase in numbers and already in the late 1990s its number in the winter was estimated to 800 individuals. By 2000, permanent relatively abundant wintering had formed in several places. After 2000, the number fluctuates without apparent growth.

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
☑ 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>n/a</td>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes
Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2001-2019

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2019

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
A rare and irregularly wintering species until the 1980s, then there is an increase in numbers and already in the late 1990s its number in wintering was estimated to 800 individuals. By 2000, permanent relatively massive wintering had formed on the river Neman near the city of Grodno (50-800 individuals) and on the lake Lukomlskoye - up to 159 individuals in the 2012/13 season. After 2000, the number fluctuates without obvious growth, the largest and most stable wintering ground is on Lake Lukomlsky (263 individuals in 2009), permanent wintering grounds (with interannual fluctuations in numbers) formed in the Minsk, Brest and Grodno districts.

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Red-breasted Merganser / Mergus serrator

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

The only stable isolated nesting population of this species is in the territory of the Naroch system of lakes. The population is decreasing and constitutes 4-9 pairs.

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Long-term trend

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

-1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

1. Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of birds in Belarus” /scientific supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors
Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

The only stable isolated nesting population of this species is in the territory of the Naroch system of lakes. The population is decreasing and constitutes 4-9 pairs.

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Shelduck / Tadorna tadorna

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

☑ 2013-2018

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Population unit
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate? ☑ No

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Very rare irregularly breeding species.

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country? ☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate

☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1999
**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Pochard / Aythya ferina

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

☑ 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
### Minimum
- Minimum: 1
- Maximum: 111
- Best single value

#### Type of estimate
- ☑ Multi-year mean

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
- ☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period
- [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
  >>> 1990-1999

#### Numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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#### Type of estimate
- ☑ Multi-year mean

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

#### Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

#### Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
- ☑ No

#### Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
The species is considered to be reliable regularly wintering on the territory of Belarus since the 1990s. The maximum number of species in winter was recorded in 2000 - 169 individuals. After 2000, the number of species in wintering ranged from 1 to 111 individuals, but from 2011 to 2019 it did not exceed 18 individuals.

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that] >>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>-20</td>
<td>-50</td>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that] >>> 1980-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Minimum: -66.6  
Maximum: -68.75  
Best single value:  

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

In the 1980-1990s the species' population size in Belarus was 6000-8000 pairs. Subsequently, the number gradually decreased and in 2003-2008 amounted to 3000-4000 pairs, and by 2015 it decreased to 2200-3500 pairs. Thus, the number of the species in Belarus over the past 20 years has decreased by more than 2 times and continues to decline in almost all reservoirs of the country where the species is monitored. The main reasons for the population decline in Europe and Belarus are the degradation of ecosystems of water bodies, accompanied by a decrease in the bird's food supply, and spring hunting during the migration period.

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season? ☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available? ☑ No

Ferruginous Duck / Aythya nyroca

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the}
data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> There are only single birds registered on wintering in Belarus.

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or
long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either
interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available,
ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and
indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,
etc.]
>>> Report on the Scientific Research “Dynamics and Forecast Assessment of Changes in the Status of
Populations of Basic Resource and Bioncotically Most Significant Bird Species in Belarus” /scientific
supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors N.V.Karlionova, et al./ The State
Scientific and Production Amalgamation "Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to
determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration
census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans
and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Tufted Duck / Aythya fuligula

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
››› 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
››› 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the...]

Page 68 of 330
Minimum: 4000
Maximum: 6000

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> In the 1990s, it became a regularly wintering species, the number could reach 250 individuals. In the current period, it continues to remain a regularly wintering species with a large interannual range of
fluctuations in numbers; the number of wintering individuals in some years may exceed 750.

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> Kozulin A.V., personal comments, kozuliav@yandex.ru

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | |
|---------| |
| Maximum | |
| Best single value | 25 |

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Greater Scaup / Aythya marila

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements.

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).
Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

Annual wintering since 2013, usually single birds, but there could be flocks up to 5 birds.

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Garganey / Spatula querquedula

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate? ☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country? ☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

1990-2018

Long-term trend direction

☐ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☐ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?

☐ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☐ No
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Northern Shoveler / Spatula clypeata

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The number for 1990-1997 was underestimated.

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available
Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Uncertain

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> The abundance of the species on breeding in Belarus was probably underestimated in 1990-1997 and, most likely, has increased until 2003-2005; however, then the number growth gradually stopped. In recent decades it fluctuate around average lower rates.

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Gadwall / Mareca strepera

Population Size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers (Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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<td>Maximum</td>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers (Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

n/a

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V.
Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> n/a

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<tr>
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</table>

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this...
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Eurasian Wigeon / Mareca penelope

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

☑ 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

- 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
Rare, irregularly breeding species

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

Latest passage numbers estimate

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
☑ 2002-2018

Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous passage numbers estimate
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
☐ The number of recorded birds in different years ranges from several thousand to almost twenty thousand for the entire period of migration, however, in the spring of 2014 there was a sharp increase in the number of migrating birds. The total number of migrating birds in the spring of 2014 was more than 365,000.

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

»» 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

»» SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

»» 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> There were only 2 winter registrations of the species until 1990. Since 1991 - irregularly wintering species. In the last years it is common on wintering, but usually only in small numbers - 1-2 birds.

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Mallard / Anas platyrhynchos**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
**Sources of information**  
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The number for 1990-1997 was underestimated.

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V.

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> n/a

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

1. Kozulin A.V, kozulina@yandex.ru, personal comments

---

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

n/a

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

2001-2019

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

- 1990-2019

Long-term trend direction

☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

- 2. SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

☑ n/a

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?

☑ No

Northern Pintail / Anas acuta

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 70 |
| Maximum | 130 |
| Best single value | n/a |

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 70 |
| Maximum | 150 |
| Best single value | n/a |

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997
**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?

☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› n/a

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:

☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☑ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Maximum | n/a
---|---
Best single value | n/a

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The population is fluctuating between years. There is a tendency to declining because of overgrowth of floodplain meadows with shrubs.

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Common Teal / Anas crecca**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> n/a

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
››› 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
››› 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean
Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> n/a

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2008-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

n/a

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Little Grebe / Tachybaptus ruficollis

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**

☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**

☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> n/a

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements.

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
- ☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
- ▶️ 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 10 |
| Maximum | 50 |
| Best single value | n/a |

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
- ▶️ **SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).**

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
- ☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
- ▶️ 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 50 |
| Maximum | 200 |
| Best single value | n/a |

**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
- ☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
- ▶️ **SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).**
Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› n/a

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> n/a

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**
Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Long-term trend

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2019

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Since the 1980s, permanent wintering grounds have appeared, on which the number of birds is gradually increasing. In the 1990s the number of wintering birds in Belarus was much higher and was estimated at 100-200 individuals. At present (2001-2019), the abundance of the species during wintering has greatly decreased; single individuals or small groups up to 5 individuals are usually registered.

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Red-necked Grebe / Podiceps grisegena**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> n/a

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

3. Kozulin A. SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», personal comments, kozulibav@yandex.ru

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☑ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> n/a
Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Great Crested Grebe / Podiceps cristatus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean
Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> n/a

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> n/a

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

n/a

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Horned Grebe / Podiceps auritus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
⇒ 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
2. Report on the Scientific Research “Dynamics and Forecast Assessment of Changes in the Status of
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
››› 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
››› irregular breeding

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1999

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,
Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

The only wintering registration is a single bird in 2016.

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Black-necked Grebe / Podiceps nigricollis
Population Size
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean
Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> n/a

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources» – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

››› 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources» – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› single birds were registered on wintering in 1994, and 1 bird in 2014.

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend
Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

2. Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of birds in Belarus” /scientific supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors N.V.Karlionova, et al./ The State Scientific and Production Amalgamation "Scientific and Practical Center of the
Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available.

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Western Water Rail / Rallus aquaticus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
### Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

### Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


### Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

### Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


### Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☐ Short-term trend
☐ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☐ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☐ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes
**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☑ No

**Corncrake / Crex crex**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

⇒⇒ 2016-2018

**Population unit**

☑ Calling males

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

⇒⇒ 1990-1997

**Population unit**

☑ Calling males

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value.}
In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
- ☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?**
- ☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
- ☑ Due to genuine change
- ☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
- ☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
- ☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
- ☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
- ☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
- ☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
- ☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
- ☑ Short-term trend
- ☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<th>Minimum</th>
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**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


3. Report on the Scientific Research “Dynamics and Forecast Assessment of Changes in the Status of...
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Spotted Crake / Porzana porzana

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing
Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Little Crake / Zapornia parva

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**

☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**

☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> 1. Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of
Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<th>Minimum</th>
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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Baillon's Crake / Zapornia pusilla

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

▶››› Breeding is under question. Rare vagrant.

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Common Moorhen / Gallinula chloropus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Best single value**

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

››› 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend
Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

2. Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of birds in Belarus” /scientific supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors N.V.Karlionova, et al./ The State Scientific and Production Amalgamation "Scientific and Practical Center of the
Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Coot / Fulica atra

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
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**Type of estimate**  
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**  
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**  
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available  
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**  
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**  
☑ Pairs

**Numbers**  
[(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**  
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**  
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**  
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?  
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change  
[More than one option from the list below is possible]  
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]  
>>> 2001-2019

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostroovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]  
>>> 1990-1999

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?

☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**

[More than one option from the list below is possible]

☑ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> A significant interannual fluctuations in number of the species during wintering in Belarus is determined by the presence, especially at the beginning of wintering, of ice-free areas in water bodies and the availability of food, which in turn is determined by the climatic conditions of a particular season.

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:

☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period**

[2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☑ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude**

[Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☐ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☐ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☐ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☐ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☐ Yes

*Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available*
Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:
☐ Short-term trend
☐ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>> 2001-2019

**Short-term trend direction**
☐ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<th>Best single value</th>
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**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**
☐ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>> 1990-2019

**Long-term trend direction**
☐ Fluctuating
Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> A significant interannual fluctuations in number of the species during wintering in Belarus is determined by the presence, especially at the beginning of wintering, of ice-free areas in water bodies and the availability of food, which in turn is determined by the climatic conditions of a particular season.

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Crane / Grus grus

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

**Latest passage numbers estimate**

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Passage numbers**
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean (of aggregated totals of daily counts per season)

**Method used for passage numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Kozulin Alexander, kozulinav@yandex.ru

**Previous passage numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The number estimate is given for autumn migration.

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend
### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
- ☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
- ☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
- ☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


2. Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of birds in Belarus” /scientific supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors N.V. Karlionova, et al./ The State Scientific and Production Amalgamation "Scientific and Practical Center of the
Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Arctic Loon / Gavia arctica

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

- 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers**
[(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Additional information (optional)**
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The estimate 1990-1997 was underestimated - comment from I. Samusenko isamusenko@gmail.com

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>
Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Unknown

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
   >>> 1. I. Samusenko, personal comments

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
   >>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
   >>> 1. I. Samusenko, personal comments, isamusenko@gmail.com

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Black Stork / Ciconia nigra**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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Minimum | 950
---|---
Maximum | 1300

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018
Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
››› 1. I.Samusenko, personal comment, isamusenko@gmail.com

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans]
and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**White Stork / Ciconia ciconia**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Report on the Scientific Research “Dynamics and Forecast Assessment of Changes in the Status of Populations of Basic Resource and Biocenotically Most Significant Bird Species in Belarus” /scientific
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑️ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑️ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑️ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑️ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑️ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑️ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑️ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The estimate for 1990-1997 is underestimated, was based only on questionnaire data.

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑️ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑️ Passage numbers estimate is available [Passage numbers are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]
### Latest passage numbers estimate

#### Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

#### Passage numbers
[Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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#### Type of estimate
☑ Minimum

#### Method used for passage numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

#### Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> PhD. I.Samusenko, Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources»

### Previous passage numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No previous passage numbers estimate is available

### Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> The estimate is given for autumn migration period, including local birds.

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<table>
<thead>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

1. PhD. I.Samusenko, Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources", personal comments, isamusenki@gmail.com

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Eurasian Bittern / Botaurus stellaris

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Calling males

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>-----------------------------</td>
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</tr>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Calling males

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data
Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
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</thead>
</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes
Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Little Bittern / Ixobrychus minutus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Calling males

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value.}
In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Unknown

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

3. Report on the Scientific Research “Dynamics and Forecast Assessment of Changes in the Status of...
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Black-crowned Night-heron / Nycticorax nycticorax

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
››› 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Maximum</td>
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Best single value

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1999-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> In the 1990s, the species was a very rare irregularly nesting species with an estimated population of 0-5 pairs. The first colonial settlement of 27 pairs was registered in 1999.

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Grey Heron / Ardea cinerea**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs
**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› The number from 1990-1997 is underestimated. - personal comment from I. Samusenko, isamusenko@gmail.com

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

|          |  
|----------|----------|
| Minimum  | n/a      |
| Maximum  | n/a      |
| Best single value | n/a |

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> 1. PhD. I. Samusenko, Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources", personal comments, isamusenki@gmail.com

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

|          |  
|----------|----------|
| Minimum  | n/a      |
| Maximum  | n/a      |
| Best single value | n/a |

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> PhD. I. Samusenko, Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources", personal comments, isamusenki@gmail.com

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Purple Heron / Ardea purpurea

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

**Great White Egret / Ardea alba**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>> 1994-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
First colony was discovered in Belarus in 1994, with following rapid number increase (year 2000 - 200-300 pairs, 2011 - 1000-2000 pairs, 2018 - 5000-10000 pairs).

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Great Cormorant / Phalacrocorax carbo

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available
Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Birds of Belarus at the Turn of the 21st Century / M.E.Nikoforov, A.V.Kozulin, V.V.Grichik, A.K.Tishechkin. -
Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», - Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available
Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-2000

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich / Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2005-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
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<td>Best single value</td>
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</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1997-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Eurasian Oystercatcher / Haematopus ostralegus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑️ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑️ Short-term trend
☑️ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑️ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value: 30

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑️ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑️ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available,
ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Black-winged Stilt / Himantopus himantopus**

**Population Size**
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> rare, occasionally breeding species. Its registrations in Belarus are explained by temporary fluctuations in the northern border of the species range.

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 20 |
Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Grey Plover / Pluvialis squatarola

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Eurasian Golden Plover / Pluvialis apricaria

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**

[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**

☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?

☑ Yes
Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2006-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
2. Report on the Scientific Research “Modern Diversity, Patterns of the Territorial Structure and Number of birds in Belarus” /scientific supervisor M.E. Nikiforov, executive officer I.E. Samusenko; executors

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☑ No
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Common Ringed Plover / Charadrius hiaticula**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
››› The dynamics of the species' number in Belarus is characterized by a rather rapid increase until the beginning of the 2000s, and a significant (almost two-fold) decrease in numbers in the last 10 years.

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 2005-2018

Short-term trend direction

☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction

☑ Uncertain

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> Estimation of the long-term trend is difficult due to multidirectional trends in numbers at different time intervals. The dynamics of the species' number in Belarus is characterized by a rather rapid increase until the beginning of the 2000s, and a significant (almost two-fold) decrease in numbers in the last 10 years.

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Little Ringed Plover / Charadrius dubius

Population Size
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
Population unit
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?  ☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?  ☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,
Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction** ☑ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☑ No
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available? ☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season? ☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available? ☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season? ☐ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available? ☐ No

Northern Lapwing / Vanellus vanellus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☐ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☐ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☐ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☐ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☐ No

Whimbrel / Numenius phaeopus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☐ Pairs
**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☐ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☐ Short-term trend
☐ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☐ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☐ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Unknown

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Minimum</th>
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</thead>
</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Insufficient or no data available

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]
where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Eurasian Curlew / Numenius arquata**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
☑ 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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<td>750</td>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs
**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› The number for 1990-1997 was underestimated.

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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<td>Best value</td>
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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> PhD. Kozulin A.V. SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources", personal comments, kozulinav@yandex.ru

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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<td>Best value</td>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Black-tailed Godwit / Limosa limosa

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 5000 |
Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change
Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

The number for 1990-1997 was underestimated.

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | -20 |
| Maximum | -40 |
| Best single value | n/a |

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Additional information (optional)
Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> As the number for the previous period was underestimated, the observed population decline is as minimum -16.6%

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Ruff / Calidris pugnax

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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<th>Best single value</th>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Broad-billed Sandpiper / Calidris falcinellus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Curlew Sandpiper / Calidris ferruginea

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Temminck's Stint / Calidris temminckii

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Sanderling / Calidris alba

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑️ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑️ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑️ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑️ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑️ No

Dunlin / Calidris alpina

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑️ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2013-2018

Population unit
☑️ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value.
In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Numbers**
[(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
Due to genuine change

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

Breeding was not registered in Belarus in 2013-2018

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes
Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Little Stint / Calidris minuta

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Eurasian Woodcock / Scolopax rusticola

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Best single value**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Fluctuating
Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Great Snipe / Gallinago media**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
››› 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Lekking males

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 2000-2001

Population unit
☑ Lekking males

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> http://redbook.minpriroda.gov.by/animalsinfo.html?id=57

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available
>>> Previous number is underestimated.

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?  
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available  
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available  
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers  
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available  
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:  
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available  
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:  
☑ Short-term trend  
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period  
[2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction  
☑ Decreasing

Short-term trend magnitude  
[Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate  
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information  
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes
Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Snipe / Gallinago gallinago

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable
Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Jack Snipe / Lymnocryptes minimus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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**Type of estimate**
Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period  [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2004-2006

Numbers  [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information  [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
>>> http://redbook.minpriroda.gov.by/animalsinfo.html?id=56

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available? ☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available? ☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season? ☐ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available? ☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season? ☐ No

Red-necked Phalarope / Phalaropus lobatus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country? ☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Terek Sandpiper / Xenus cinereus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Maximum</td>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** ((Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.)

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<td>Best single value</td>
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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☐ Short-term trend
☐ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☐ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☐ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> 1. Kozulin A. SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources", personal comments, kozulina@yandex.ru

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☐ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☐ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Sandpiper / Actitis hypoleucos

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

☑ 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
Minimum: 18000
Maximum: 23000

**Best single value**

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** ([Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change**
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**
Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<th>Best single value</th>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Green Sandpiper / Tringa ochropus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Minimum 10000
Maximum 15000
Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

Long-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
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</thead>
</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Spotted Redshank / Tringa erythropus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]
Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑️ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑️ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑️ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑️ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑️ No

Common Greenshank / Tringa nebularia

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑️ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑️ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 300 |

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
- Yes
- No

Common Redshank / *Tringa totanus*

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
- Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

- 2016-2018

**Population unit**
- Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded]. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

<p>| | |</p>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>40000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
- Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
- Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
- Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

- 1990-1997

**Population unit**
- Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Multi-year mean</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method used for breeding numbers estimate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources of information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changes in the breeding numbers estimates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please clarify the nature of change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[More than one option from the list below is possible]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Due to genuine change</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate which reason for change is predominant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ Due to genuine change</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Passage and staging numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the species migrate through the country?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ No passage numbers estimate is available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ No staging numbers estimate is available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-breeding/wintering numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population trend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breeding numbers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate whether:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Short-term trend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Long-term trend</td>
</tr>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]</td>
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<tr>
<td>&gt;&gt;&gt; 2007-2018</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Short-term trend direction</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑ Decreasing</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<thead>
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<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
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</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Decreasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | | |</p>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available
Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes.

Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration.

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Wood Sandpiper / Tringa glareola**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
››› 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

| Minimum | 10000 |
| Maximum | 15000 |

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<td>Best single value</td>
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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements.

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑️ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑️ Short-term trend
☑️ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑️ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑️ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑️ Stable

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Marsh Sandpiper / Tringa stagnatilis

Population Size

Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☐ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☐ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☐ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☐ Short-term trend
☐ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☐ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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</table>

Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Little Gull / Hydrocoloeus minutus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☐ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☐ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☐ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☐ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☐ No

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☐ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☐ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☐ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☐ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☐ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca.
1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☐ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☐ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☐ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☐ No

**Black-headed Gull / Larus ridibundus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available
Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Minimum</th>
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Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Mediterranean Gull / Larus melanocephalus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available
**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>> 2016-2018

**Population unit**

☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**

☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Type of estimate**

☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**

☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Birds of Belarus at the Turn of the 21st Century / M.E.Nikoforov, A.V.Kozulin, V.V.Grichik, A.K.Tishechkin. -
Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

››› 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction

☑ Increasing

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?

☑ Yes
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Mew Gull / Larus canus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
››› 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Population trend
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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<table>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018

Long-term trend direction
☑ Fluctuating

Long-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
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<td>Best single value</td>
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Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

There is population increase due to formation of synantropic populations in the last decade.

Passage and staging numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ Yes

Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Lesser Black-backed Gull / Larus fuscus

Population Size
Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
››› 2012-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Increasing

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]
Minimum 400
Maximum 700
Best single value

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

[1990-2018]

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Additional information (optional)**

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

[First breeding was registered in 2012. The population grows due to formation of synantropic populations.]

**Passage and staging numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**European Herring Gull / Larus argentatus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

**Latest breeding numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

››› 2016-2018

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Best single value**

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
☑ 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
››› 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
››› 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either
interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

> population growth is due to formation of synanthropic populations

**Passage and staging numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**
Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

**Yellow-legged Gull / Larus michahellis**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

**Little Tern / Sternula albifrons**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☑ Stable

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]
Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

- 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☑ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Caspian Tern / Hydroprogne caspia

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not breed in the country

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ No

Whiskered Tern / Chlidonias hybridus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change
[More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change
☑ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or
**long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
☑ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country? ☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available? ☐ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available? ☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season? ☐ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season? ☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available? ☐ No

White-winged Tern / Chlidonias leucopterus

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

☑ 2016-2018

Population unit

☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the...
data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>30000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Previous breeding numbers estimate**

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

**Year or period**
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1990-1997

**Population unit**
☑ Pairs

**Numbers** [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>30000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**

[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes
Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☒ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☒ Short-term trend
☒ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 2007-2018

Short-term trend direction
☒ Fluctuating

Short-term trend magnitude [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
☒ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

Trend period [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]
>>> 1990-2018
**Long-term trend direction**
☑ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**
☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
☑ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**
☑ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**
☑ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**
No

Black Tern / Chlidonias niger

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>22000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>22000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Type of estimate**
- ☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for breeding numbers estimate**
- ☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information**
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Changes in the breeding numbers estimates**

Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
- ☑ No

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> the population number for 1990-1997 is underestimated.

**Passage and staging numbers**

Does the species migrate through the country?
- ☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
- ☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
- ☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
- ☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
- ☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
- ☑ Short-term trend
- ☑ Long-term trend

**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**
- ☑ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☑ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
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</thead>
</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☑ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Kozulin A., SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources", personal comments, kozulinav@yandex.ru

**Passage and staging numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☑ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**
Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No

Common Tern / Sterna hirundo

Population Size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Breeding numbers estimate is available

Latest breeding numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2016-2018

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>40000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Best single value

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


Previous breeding numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ Previous breeding numbers estimate is available
Year or period
[Year or period when numbers were previously determined]
>>> 1990-1997

Population unit
☑ Pairs

Numbers [(Raw, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
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<td>Maximum</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best single value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Multi-year mean

Method used for breeding numbers estimate
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Sources of information
[Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Changes in the breeding numbers estimates
Has there been a change between the previous and the latest breeding numbers estimate?
☑ No

Passage and staging numbers
Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available
☑ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available
☑ No staging numbers estimate is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/winter season

Population trend
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether:
☑ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available
Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:
☑ Short-term trend
☑ Long-term trend

Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate
**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**  
☑ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**  
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]


**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 1990-2018

**Long-term trend direction**  
☑ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Best single value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**  
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Passage and staging numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

Does the species migrate through the country?
☑ Yes

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?
☑ No

Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?
☑ No

Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?
☑ Yes

Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?
☑ No
4. NON-NATIVE WATERBIRD SPECIES

Please select from the drop-down list below only the non-native species that occur in your country. This list contains the non-native waterbird species that have been identified to occur in the Agreement area. Should any additional species occur in your country, please contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat. Please note that some species are listed under AEWA and are native in some parts of the Agreement area, but are non-native in others.

Mute Swan / Cygnus olor

Confirmation of species occurrence
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Brent Goose / Branta bernicla

Confirmation of species occurrence
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed and does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]
>>> 2001-2019

Numbers [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>0-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of estimate
☑ Best estimate

Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
☑ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

Sources of information [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate
Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

››› 1990-2000

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Best single value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of estimate**
☑ Multi-year mean

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**
☑ Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

››› SPECIES COMPOSITION, NUMBER AND STATUS OF WATERFOWL SPECIES WINTERING IN BELARUS / V.V. Natykanets, O.A. Ostrovsky, I.A. Bogdanovich /
Laboratory of ornithology, SSPA «Scientific and Practical Center of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus on Bioresources», – Minsk, 2019 (in prep.).

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**
☑ Yes

Please clarify the nature of change [More than one option from the list below is possible]
☑ Due to genuine change

Please indicate which reason for change is predominant
☑ Due to genuine change

**Additional information (optional)**

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

››› 1 wintering registration in 2004

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

**Range size and trend**
Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering range

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Single area

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Barnacle Goose / Branta leucopsis

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed and does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Additional information (optional)

Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available

>>> the species migrates through the country

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors

>>> 2

Period [Period (years) of the records above]

>>> 2018

Additional information (optional)

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
On migration and wintering. 1 winter registration of 2 birds in 2018

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Range size and trend

Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering range

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Single area

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Red-breasted Goose / Branta ruficollis

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed and does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas]
where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

**Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season**

**Both options can be selected**
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

**Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors**
>>> 1

**Last year of record** [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2009

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

**Range size and trend**

**Breeding range**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Non-breeding/wintering range**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

**Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)**

**Please select one of the options below**
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

**Trend of the range of occasional records**
Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

**National legal and Red List status**

**National Legal Status**

**Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?**
☑ No

**Canada Goose / Branta canadensis**

**Confirmation of species occurrence**
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

**Population size**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed and does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not breed and does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season**

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely escapes from collections

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 7

**Period** [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 1983-1988

**Last year of record** [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2011

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

**Range size and trend**

**Breeding range**

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

**Non-breeding/wintering range**
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season
Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

Trend of the range of occasional records
Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Bar-headed Goose / Anser indicus

Confirmation of species occurrence
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely escapes from collections

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 2014

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2014

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range size and trend
Breeding range
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Range of occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)
Please select one of the options below
☑ Single area

Trend of the range of occasional records
Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering range
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]
Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

National legal and Red List status
National Legal Status
Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Ruddy Shelduck / Tadorna ferruginea
Confirmation of species occurrence
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size
Breeding numbers
Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)
Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely escapes from collections

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 5

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2019

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]
Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season
Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely escapes from collections

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors

Period [Period (years) of the records above]

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Range size and trend

Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Range of occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering range

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)
Trend of the range of occasional records
Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

National legal and Red List status
National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Mandarin Duck / Aix galericulata

Confirmation of species occurrence
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely escapes from collections

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 2

Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 1986-2019

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2019

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely escapes from collections

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 2

Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 2014-2015

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2015
Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Range size and trend

Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Range of occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering range

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Single area

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Red-crested Pochard / Netta rufina

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country
Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 2

Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 1986-2019

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 1991

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 2

Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 1997-2020

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2020

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

**Range size and trend**

**Breeding range**

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

**Range of occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)**

**Please select one of the options below**
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

**Trend of the range of occasional records**

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

**Non-breeding/wintering range**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

**Please indicate whether:**
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

**Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)**

**Please select one of the options below**
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

**Trend of the range of occasional records**

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

**National legal and Red List status**

**National Legal Status**

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

**Cattle Egret / Bubulcus ibis**

**Confirmation of species occurrence**

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

**Population size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

**Occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)**

**Both options can be selected**
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

**Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors**

>>> 1

**Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors**

>>> 1
Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 1979

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 1979

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range size and trend

Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Range of occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☐ Single area

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☐ No

Non-breeding/wintering range
[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☐ No

Dalmatian Pelican / Pelecanus crispus

Confirmation of species occurrence
Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country
Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑️ The species does not breed and does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑️ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season

Both options can be selected
☑️ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors

››› 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors

››› 1

Period [Period (years) of the records above]

››› 2016

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]

››› 2016

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑️ No

Range size and trend

Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species does not occur in the country during the breeding season

Non-breeding/wintering range

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑️ The species is recorded only occasionally during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range of occasional records during non-breeding/wintering season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑️ Single area
Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No

Great White Pelican / Pelecanus onocrotalus

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

Population size

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Both options can be selected
☑ Occasionally recorded, most likely natural vagrants

Minimum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 1

Maximum recorded number of occasional visitors
>>> 3

Period [Period (years) of the records above]
>>> 1982

Last year of record [Year when the species was last recorded in the country]
>>> 2014

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Population trend

Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Is an estimate of trends of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

Range size and trend

Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018 [Contracting Party: Belarus]
Breeding range

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species is recorded only occasionally during the breeding season, but does not breed

Range of occasional records during breeding season (non-breeders)

Please select one of the options below
☑ Localised (less than 10 sites)

Trend of the range of occasional records

Is the trend of the range of occasional records available?
☑ No

Non-breeding/wintering range

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution in the case of non-native waterbird species is defined as any areas where the species occurs outside of the breeding season]

Please indicate whether:
☑ The species does not occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season

National legal and Red List status

National Legal Status

Does the species have any national protection or other legal status?
☑ No
5. CONFIRMATION

Confirmation of information verification and approval for submission.

*Please confirm:
In addition a scanned copy of an official letter from the relevant state institution, approving the report for submission, can be attached.
☑ I declare that the information provided in the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018 has been verified and the report has been approved for submission by the appropriate state institution in the country.

*Date of submission
>>> 30.06.2020