



## **Report on the status of waterbird populations in the AEWA area for the period 2013-2018**

Through Resolution 7.1, the 7th Session of the Meeting of the Parties (MOP7) to AEWA adopted, amongst other things, the format for national reports on the implementation of AEWA for the period 2018-2020 as presented in document AEWA/MOP 7.17.

Document AEWA/MOP 7.17 envisages a module on the status of native and non-native waterbird species, but it was agreed that this module will be developed by the Technical Committee and approved by the Standing Committee in early 2019. The format for reporting on Article 12 of the European Union's Birds Directive (EU BD) for the period 2013-2018 was agreed as the basis for this module, while focusing only on some fields of the EU reporting template, notably those in Annex B, chapters 1-5.

The alignment of the AEWA population status reporting module with the EU BD Article 12 template for 2013-2018 will, on the one hand, allow reporting of all necessary information by the AEWA Contracting Parties needed for the assessment of the status of AEWA populations, and, on the other hand, will require the EU members states that are Contracting Parties to AEWA to report only once their national data for the native species listed in Annex 2 of AEWA, providing that access to the EU BD Article 12 national reports will be granted to the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat. If any EU Member State with overseas territories within the AEWA area has not reported on the AEWA-listed species in those territories, data should be submitted through the AEWA reporting process.

Unlike the EU BD Article 12 template, the AEWA population status reporting module should request similar type of information for non-native waterbird species as for native species. The EU members states will therefore, like all other AEWA Contracting Parties, need to fill out the AEWA population status reporting module with respect to the status of the non-native waterbird species occurring in their territories, including overseas territories within the AEWA area.

In order to be able to use the national data reported by the AEWA Contracting Parties for the 8th edition of the AEWA Conservation Status Report, this reporting module has been set up separately in the CMS Family Online Reporting System and the deadline for submission of the national population status reports has been set by MOP7 at 30 June 2020.

# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

## **Name of reporting Contracting Party**

>>> REPUBLIC OF UGANDA

## **Date of entry into force of AEWA in the Contracting Party**

>>> 01/12/2000

## 2. INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION

Please indicate the Designated National Respondent (DNR) and the other contributors to the Report on the population size and trend of AEWA-listed (native) and non-native waterbird species in the Agreement area for the period 2013-2018.

Name and title of the DNR

>>> Akankwasah Barirega, PhD, Ag. Commissioner Wildlife Conservation

Affiliation (institution, department, organisation)

>>> Ministry of Tourism Wildlife and Antiquities, Department of Wildlife Conservation

Mailing address - Street and number

>>> Plot 6, Nakasero Road, Rwenzori Towers, 2nd Floor

P.O Box

>>> 4241 Kampala

Postal code

>>> 256

City

>>> Kampala

Country

>>> Uganda

Telephone

>>> +256 200 780 423

Fax

>>> 0

E-mail

>>> akankwasah@gmail.com

Website

>>> www.tourisim.go.ug

### Other contributors to this report

Please list the names and affiliations (institution, organisation) of the other contributors to this report

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>>> Micheal Mugabe, Ministry of Tourism Wildlife and Antiquities

Leone Candia, Ministry of Tourism, Wildlife and Antiquities

Achilles Byaruhanga, Nature Uganda

### 3. AEWA-LISTED (NATIVE) WATERBIRD SPECIES

Please report on each species in the drop-down menu. This list contains all AEWA waterbird species that occur in your country. Should you identify any omissions, please contact the UNEP/AEWA Secretariat.

#### Uganda

#### White-faced Whistling-duck / *Dendrocygna viduata*

##### Population Size

##### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

##### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

##### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

##### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	606
Maximum	1842
Best single value	

##### Type of estimate

☒ Multi-year mean

##### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> State of Birds in Uganda

##### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	54
Maximum	721
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2008-2019

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	470
Maximum	1842
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2019

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	54
Maximum	1842
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Fulvous Whistling-duck / *Dendrocygna bicolor*

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	48
Maximum	781
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4

Maximum	2296
Best single value	

### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12**



**years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2008-2019

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	24
Maximum	2242
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2019

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	2296
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## White-backed Duck / *Thalassornis leuconotus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	16
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	31

Best single value	
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**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	16
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	31
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### Maccoa Duck / *Oxyura maccoa*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## **Passage and staging numbers**

### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### **Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

#### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

### **Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Egyptian Goose / *Alopochen aegyptiaca***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	631
Maximum	1514
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Multi-year mean**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate****Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available,

ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	317
Maximum	1745
Best single value	

#### **Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

#### **Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### **Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	174
Maximum	1868
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Spur-winged Goose / *Plectropterus gambensis*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	45
Maximum	157
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate



**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	17
Maximum	360
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2008-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	45
Maximum	225
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

#### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	17
Maximum	360
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

#### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **African Comb Duck / Sarkidiornis melanotos**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	79
Maximum	188
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	22
Maximum	482
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend  
☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

- ☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	16
Maximum	239
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

- ☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	16
Maximum	482
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **African Pygmy-goose / Nettapus auritus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	36
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	112
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2008-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	36
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	112
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No



## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Southern Pochard / *Netta erythrophthalma*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	10
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2008-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	10
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Common Pochard / *Aythya ferina*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper

confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	13
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

#### Population trend

##### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2008-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

## Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	13
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Tufted Duck / *Aythya fuligula*

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Garganey / *Spatula querquedula*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	83
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]



Minimum	0
Maximum	2612
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2008-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1244
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2612
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Hottentot Teal / *Spatula hottentota*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	54
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	82
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	67
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	82
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ No

### Breeding range size and trend

### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ Yes

### Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?

☒ No

## Northern Shoveler / *Spatula clypeata*

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-20112

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0

Maximum	1
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

## Long-term trend direction

☒ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

## Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Red-billed Teal / *Anas erythrorhyncha*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers



**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	15
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	7
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

--	--

Minimum	0
Maximum	15
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	15
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### Northern Pintail / *Anas acuta*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ Yes

**Passage numbers trend estimate is available for:**

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0

Maximum	0
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### Common Teal / *Anas crecca*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]

where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Great Crested Grebe / Podiceps cristatus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available



### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Greater Flamingo / *Phoenicopterus roseus***

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	278
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	278
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### Lesser Flamingo / *Phoeniconaias minor*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ The species does not breed in the country

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1563
Maximum	17665
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2
Maximum	76899
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to genuine change☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to genuine change**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2
Maximum	17665
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2
Maximum	76899
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### Buff-spotted Flufftail / *Sarothrura elegans*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Streaky-breasted Flufftail / *Sarothrura boehmi***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## African Rail / *Rallus caerulescens*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012



**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**African Crake / *Crex egregia***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	7
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	8
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Short-term and/or long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Breeding numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	7
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term breeding numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either

interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	8
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term breeding numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Black Crake / Zapornia flavirostra**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	152
Maximum	495
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	13
Maximum	460
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	154
Maximum	495
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	13
Maximum	495
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Baillon's Crake / *Zapornia pusilla*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**



[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Striped Crake / *Amaurornis marginalis***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Unknown

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl count

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Allen's Gallinule / *Porphyrio alleni*****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	34
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	13
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate****Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	34
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate****Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	34
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ Yes**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**☒ No**Lesser Moorhen / *Gallinula angulata*****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	11
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	40
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018



**Short-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	11
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	40
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No**Red-knobbed Coot / Fulica cristata****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	99
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	289
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

## **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### **Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	289
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	289
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### Grey Crowned-crane / *Balearica regulorum*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	181
Maximum	487
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	487
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	38
Maximum	487
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	487
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Marabou / *Leptoptilos crumeniferus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	33
Maximum	103
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	23
Maximum	453
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers



**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	27
Maximum	199
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	23
Maximum	453
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend****Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**☒ Yes**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**☒ No**Yellow-billed Stork / Mycteria ibis****Population Size****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	102
Maximum	241
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	16
Maximum	353
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to genuine change**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to genuine change**Additional information (optional)****Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	102
Maximum	241
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either

interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	16
Maximum	366
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

##### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ Yes

##### Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?

☒ No

#### African Openbill / *Anastomus lamelligerus*

#### Population Size

##### Breeding numbers

##### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

##### Passage and staging numbers

##### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

##### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

##### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

##### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

##### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	680
Maximum	2425

Best single value	
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#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	250
Maximum	2329
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Additional information (optional)

**Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	680
Maximum	2425
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	509
Maximum	2425
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Black Stork / Ciconia nigra

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Population trend

### Breeding numbers



**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Abdim's Stork / Ciconia abdimii**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	160
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	216
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Population trend

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether:

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	217
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	250
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

### African Woollyneck / *Ciconia microscelis*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	25
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to genuine change**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to genuine change**Additional information (optional)****Please provide any additional or complementary information to the data provided above in this section, if available**

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	25
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either

interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	25
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Breeding range size and trend**

##### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

##### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### **White Stork / Ciconia ciconia**

##### **Population Size**

##### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

##### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

##### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

##### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

##### **Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	77
Best single value	

##### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	38
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]



[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	77
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	77

Best single value	
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### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

#### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

### African Spoonbill / Platalea alba

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	56
Maximum	283
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	169
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	40
Maximum	283
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	283
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **African Sacred Ibis / Threskiornis aethiopicus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	430
Maximum	1399
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Minimum	43
Maximum	835
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	155
Maximum	1399
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	43
Maximum	1399
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Glossy Ibis / *Plegadis falcinellus*

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	24
Maximum	2047
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	8
Maximum	724
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate



**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either

interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	19
Maximum	2047
Best single value	

#### **Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### **Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	8
Maximum	724
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

#### **Eurasian Bittern / *Botaurus stellaris***

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Common Little Bittern / *Ixobrychus minutus***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	34
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

### Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	34
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2108

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	34
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Dwarf Bittern / Ixobrychus sturmii**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0

Maximum	18
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	10
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca.**

## 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?

☒ No

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	18
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018



## Long-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	18
Best single value	

## Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Black-crowned Night-heron / *Nycticorax nycticorax*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	10
Maximum	93
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	76
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration]

census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	93
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

--	--

Minimum	0
Maximum	93
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### Squacco Heron / *Ardeola ralloides*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	323
Maximum	782
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	126
Maximum	900
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	251
Maximum	782
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	126
Maximum	900
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Madagascar Pond-heron / *Ardeola idea***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	13
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, Waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**



☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	13
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Rufous-bellied Heron / *Ardeola rufiventris*****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	9
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	100
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	9
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	100
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Cattle Egret / Bubulcus ibis

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	586
Maximum	1883
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Minimum	80
Maximum	6184
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	586
Maximum	6184
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	80
Maximum	6184
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Grey Heron / *Ardea cinerea*

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	117
Maximum	314
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	81
Maximum	568
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate



**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either

interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	117
Maximum	317
Best single value	

#### **Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### **Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	81
Maximum	568
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### **Black-headed Heron / *Ardea melanocephala***

##### **Population Size**

##### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

##### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	180
Maximum	528
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	77
Maximum	354
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	77
Maximum	528

Best single value	
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### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	77
Maximum	528
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### Purple Heron / *Ardea purpurea*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	109
Maximum	178
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	312
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to genuine change**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	73
Maximum	187
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	312
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Great White Egret / *Ardea alba*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]



Minimum	84
Maximum	934
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	20
Maximum	501
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

## Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	59
Maximum	934
Best single value	

## Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

## Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	20
Maximum	934
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Yellow-billed Egret / Ardea brachyrhyncha**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	198
Maximum	1902
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	15
Maximum	1637
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	34
Maximum	1902
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	15
Maximum	1902
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Black Heron / Egretta ardesiaca**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend
- ☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

- ☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	100
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

- ☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	100
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

- ☒ No

## Little Egret / Egretta garzetta

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	422
Maximum	2410
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	124
Maximum	10348
Best single value	



**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	422
Maximum	10348
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2018

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No**Shoebill / Balaeniceps rex****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	14
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	37
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

- ☒ Due to genuine change
- ☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

- ☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

- ☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

- ☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

- ☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend
- ☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

- ☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	14
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	37
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Pink-backed Pelican / *Pelecanus rufescens*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	89
Maximum	443
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	76
Maximum	607
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	76
Maximum	443
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	76
Maximum	607
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### Great White Pelican / *Pelecanus onocrotalus*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	210
Best single value	



**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	994
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; Natureuganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to genuine change☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to genuine change**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	210
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	994
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### Great Cormorant / *Phalacrocorax carbo*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	2052
Maximum	5168
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	301
Maximum	4848
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	801
Maximum	5168
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	301
Maximum	5168
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Natureuganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Senegal Thick-knee / *Burhinus senegalensis*****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	17
Maximum	28
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	24
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Natureuganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	28
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	28
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database



## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Egyptian Plover / *Pluvianus aegyptius***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Pied Avocet / Recurvirostra avosetta**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	28
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper

confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	201
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend
- ☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
 >>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

- ☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	138
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]  
 >>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	201
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

- ☒ No

### Black-winged Stilt / Himantopus himantopus

#### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	623
Maximum	1828
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	260
Maximum	7095
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	623
Maximum	3174
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> Natureuganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	260
Maximum	7095
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Grey Plover / Pluvialis squatarola**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

#### **Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

#### **Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Common Ringed Plover / Charadrius hiaticula**

#### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

#### **Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

##### **Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]



**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	83
Maximum	1547
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	669
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

- ☒ Due to genuine change
- ☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

- ☒ Due to genuine change

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

- ☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

- ☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

- ☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

- ☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ No

## **Little Ringed Plover / Charadrius dubius**

### **Population Size**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

- ☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

- ☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

- ☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

- ☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	347
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	321
Maximum	0
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and

indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	347
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	347
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Kittlitz's Plover / Charadrius pecuarius**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	50
Maximum	522
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	61
Maximum	966
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

- ☒ Due to genuine change
- ☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

- ☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

- ☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

- ☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

- ☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend
- ☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

- ☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	50
Maximum	613
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	50
Maximum	966
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## African Three-banded Plover / *Charadrius tricollaris*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018



**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	15
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	438
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	50
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	479
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Forbes's Plover / Charadrius forbesi**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**White-fronted Plover / Charadrius marginatus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	16
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	5
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0

Maximum	16
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### Caspian Plover / *Charadrius asiaticus*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2067
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	172
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

## Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]



**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2067
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2067
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

#### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

#### Senegal Lapwing / *Vanellus lugubris*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	126
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	48
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	126
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	126
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Crowned Lapwing / *Vanellus coronatus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	6
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	72
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	72
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	72
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Wattled Lapwing / *Vanellus senegallus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	20
Maximum	142
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 2012-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	195



Best single value	
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**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change**Population trend****Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	19
Maximum	195
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	195
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Brown-chested Lapwing / *Vanellus superciliosus***

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	9
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## **Population trend**

### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## **Whimbrel / Numenius phaeopus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**☒ No passage numbers estimate is available**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**☒ No staging numbers estimate is available**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	
Maximum	
Best single value	

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ No previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**☒ Yes**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ No

## **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Eurasian Curlew / Numenius arquata**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	3
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ Yes

**Passage numbers trend estimate is available for:**

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Unknown

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	0
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term passage numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	3
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?

☒ No

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ No

## Breeding range size and trend



**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Black-tailed Godwit / *Limosa limosa***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	16
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2864
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

#### **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	269
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2864
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Ruddy Turnstone / *Arenaria interpres*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Ruff / *Calidris pugnax*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	167
Maximum	557
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	25
Maximum	2822
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]



**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	167
Maximum	557
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	25
Maximum	2822
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

## Curlew Sandpiper / *Calidris ferruginea*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	130
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	855
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4
Maximum	195
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	885
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Temminck's Stint / *Calidris temminckii*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper

confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	70
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend
- ☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

- ☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	70
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

- ☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	70
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

- ☒ No

## Sanderling / Calidris alba

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	5
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]



Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ No

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	5
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	5
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Little Stint / *Calidris minuta*

### Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	24
Maximum	645
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	73
Maximum	3311
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

## Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	24
Maximum	1082
Best single value	

### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

## Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	24
Maximum	3311
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Great Snipe / Gallinago media

### Population Size

## Breeding numbers

### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

## Passage and staging numbers

### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

## Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

## Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

### Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0

Maximum	6
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend
- ☒ Long-term trend

### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

- ☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	6
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]  
>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

- ☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	6
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ No

### Common Snipe / Gallinago gallinago



## Population Size

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	27
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

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Minimum	0
Maximum	688
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

- ☒ Short-term trend  
☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

- ☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	1
Maximum	45
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

- ☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	688
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

- ☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

- ☒ No

## **Jack Snipe / *Lymnocryptes minimus***

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ No non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### **Population trend**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ No

### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## **Terek Sandpiper / Xenus cinereus**

### **Population Size**

#### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	163
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum)

and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	2
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

#### **Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

#### **Population trend**

##### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

##### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

##### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	163
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	163
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

## Common Sandpiper / *Actitis hypoleucos*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	217
Maximum	1096
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012



**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	36
Maximum	566
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Stable

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	180
Maximum	1096
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	6
Maximum	1096
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Green Sandpiper / Tringa ochropus

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	8
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	108
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]

where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	108
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Uncertain

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	108
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## Spotted Redshank / *Tringa erythropus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

#### Latest passage numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Latest staging numbers estimate

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	5
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	192
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	130
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0



Maximum	192
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

#### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

### Common Greenshank / *Tringa nebularia*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

#### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	26
Maximum	205
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	13
Maximum	171
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	26
Maximum	205
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

--	--

Minimum	13
Maximum	205
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

#### Common Redshank / *Tringa totanus*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	3
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Uncertain

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	3
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Wood Sandpiper / Tringa glareola****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	143
Maximum	2396
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	147
Maximum	1411
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**



☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	143
Maximum	2396
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	143
Maximum	2396
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Marsh Sandpiper / Tringa stagnatilis****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	52
Maximum	145
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	9
Maximum	1619
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	52
Maximum	1619
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	9
Maximum	1619
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Black-winged Pratincole / Glareola nordmanni****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	8
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	26
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	8
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	26
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Rock Pratincole / Glareola nuchalis****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	12
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]



>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	133
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas]

where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	77
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	133
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

## African Skimmer / *Rynchops flavirostris*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	308
Maximum	1355
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1491
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?

☒ Yes

#### Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

#### Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

#### Short-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	308
Maximum	1355
Best single value	

#### Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

#### Long-term trend direction

☒ Stable

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1491
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**Black-headed Gull / Larus ridibundus****Population Size****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	8926
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	100666
Best single value	

### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**☒ No**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**☒ No**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**☒ Yes**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**☒ Yes**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend☒ Long-term trend**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	1000666
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**☒ Fluctuating

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0



Maximum	1000666
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

#### Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?

☒ No

### Grey-headed Gull / *Larus cirrocephalus*

### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

#### Does the species migrate through the country?

☒ Yes

#### Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

#### Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

#### Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

#### Year or period [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3997
Maximum	95176
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details,

etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	100
Maximum	195233
Best single value	

## Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

## Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

## Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

## Population trend

### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3997
Maximum	159341
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

--	--

Minimum	100
Maximum	195233
Best single value	

#### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

#### Lesser Black-backed Gull / *Larus fuscus*

#### Population Size

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

#### Non-breeding/wintering numbers

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	26
Maximum	708
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	7
Maximum	1370
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend****Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	26
Maximum	1370
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available,

ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	7
Maximum	1370
Best single value	

#### **Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### **Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

#### **Common Gull-billed Tern / Gelochelidon nilotica**

##### **Population Size**

##### **Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

##### **Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

##### **Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

#### **Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	203
Maximum	9850
Best single value	

#### **Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	91
Maximum	14170
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**

☒ Best estimate

**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates**

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

**Population trend**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration



census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	642
Maximum	9850
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	91
Maximum	1417
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Caspian Tern / Hydroprogne caspia**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	9
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	4
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to genuine change☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	9
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	9
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ No

**Whiskered Tern / Chlidonias hybridus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013-2018

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	195
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate****Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

&gt;&gt;&gt; 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	620
Best single value	

**Type of estimate**☒ Best estimate**Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

&gt;&gt;&gt; NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates****Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**☒ Yes**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]☒ Due to genuine change☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data**Population trend****Breeding numbers****Please indicate whether:**☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available**Passage and staging numbers****Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to

determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	3
Maximum	620
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

**Long-term trend direction**

☒ Increasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	0
Maximum	620
Best single value	

**Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Breeding range size and trend**

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

**White-winged Tern / Chlidonias leucopterus**

**Population Size**

**Breeding numbers**

**Please indicate whether estimate of the breeding numbers is available**

☒ No breeding numbers estimate is available

**Passage and staging numbers**

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of passage numbers is available**

☒ No passage numbers estimate is available

**Please indicate whether estimate of staging numbers is available**

☒ No staging numbers estimate is available

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate**

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were last determined]

>>> 2013

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4232



Maximum	77473
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

**Please indicate whether a previous estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers is available**

☒ Previous non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate is available

**Year or period** [Year or period when numbers were previously determined]

>>> 1991-2012

**Numbers** [Individuals. Raw numbers, i.e. not rounded). Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	158
Maximum	242103
Best single value	

#### Type of estimate

☒ Best estimate

#### Method used for non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

#### Changes in the non-breeding/wintering numbers estimates

**Has there been a change between the previous and the latest non-breeding/wintering numbers estimate?**

☒ Yes

**Please clarify the nature of change** [More than one option from the list below is possible]

☒ Due to genuine change

☒ Due to improved knowledge/more accurate data

**Please indicate which reason for change is predominant**

☒ Due to genuine change

#### Population trend

#### Breeding numbers

**Please indicate whether:**

☒ Neither short-term nor long-term breeding numbers trend estimate is available

#### Passage and staging numbers

**Please indicate whether estimate of the short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend of passage and/or staging numbers is available**

[Passage numbers trends are expected to be reported for a small number of species where it is feasible to determine the numbers of individuals passing through the country by applying targeted migration census in areas of relatively narrow migration corridors. This would include species such as storks, pelicans and cranes]

[Staging numbers trends refer to the number of individuals that stopover in the country during migration]

**Does the species migrate through the country?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of passage numbers available?**

☒ No

**Is short-term or long-term trend estimate of staging numbers available?**

☒ No

**Non-breeding/wintering numbers**

[Non-breeding/wintering distribution is the terminal destination of migration as opposed to other areas where birds pass through or stop-over at during non-breeding season movements]

**Does the species occur in the country during the non-breeding/wintering season?**

☒ Yes

**Is short-term and/or long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate available?**

☒ Yes

**Please indicate whether estimate of the non-breeding/wintering numbers short-term (last 12 years) and/or long-term (since ca. 1980) trend is available**

Non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate is available for:

☒ Short-term trend

☒ Long-term trend

**Short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [2007-2018 (12-year rolling time window) or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 2007-2018

**Short-term trend direction**

☒ Decreasing

**Short-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	4232
Maximum	77473
Best single value	

**Method used for short-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

**Long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate**

**Trend period** [since ca. 1980 or a period as close as possible to that]

>>> 1991-2018

### Long-term trend direction

☒ Decreasing

**Long-term trend magnitude** [Percentage change over the period indicated above. Provide either interval (minimum - maximum) and/or best single value. In cases when only best single value is available, ideally provide lower and upper confidence limits in the data fields for minimum and maximum and indicate them as such.]

Minimum	158
Maximum	242103
Best single value	

### Method used for long-term non-breeding/wintering numbers trend estimate

☒ Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

**Sources of information** [Provide bibliographic references, link to Internet sites, expert contact details, etc.]

>>> NatureUganda, waterfowl database

### Breeding range size and trend

**Does the species occur in the country during the breeding season?**

☒ Yes

**Is range size and/or short-term and/or long-term range trend estimate available?**

☒ No

